Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries
Report and consolidated financial statements
31 December 2023



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and have also audited the separate financial statements of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited for the same period.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2023, their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

I have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, my audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to my assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of my audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for my audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements as a whole.

Key audit matter and how audit procedures respond are described below.

Recognition of revenue from sales under bill and hold arrangements

During the year 2023, the Company recognised revenue from sales under bill and hold arrangements of Baht 581 million. The Company entered into sales contracts or trading agreements with certain customers whereby the counterparties agree in advance that the delivery of goods is to be made on their requests. As a result, revenue from sale of goods is a significant account which directly affects the Group's operating results.

I assessed and tested the Company's internal controls with respect to the sale transactions under bill and hold arrangements by making enquiry of responsible executives, understanding of the controls and selecting representative samples to test the operation of the designed controls. I also read the sales contracts, enquired of the Company's management to understand the specific sales conditions and examined supporting documents. In addition, I observed the Company's physical count of such inventories and directly sent confirmation requests to customers for the outstanding balances of sales under bill and hold arrangements, which covered the sales amounts, quantities of inventories and conditions of sales.



Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in annual report of the Group, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report of the Group is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report of the Group, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance for correction of the misstatement.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

I am responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report.

Kyuw Luilline

Krongkaew Limkittikul

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 5874

EY Office Limited

Bangkok: 22 February 2024

Statement of financial position

As at 31 December 2023

(Unit: Baht)

	•	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financi	al statements
	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		491,887,109	959,641,903	244,991,493	589,142,289
Trade and other receivables	7	2,027,873,892	1,358,470,235	1,415,347,885	600,376,182
Inventories	8	1,849,451,462	1,967,950,618	1,102,326,991	1,291,289,635
Other current financial assets	9	7,943,360	1,145,222	10,459,754	1,356,254
Other current assets		81,533,520	116,647,315	20,505,514	73,877,865
Total current assets		4,458,689,343	4,403,855,293	2,793,631,637	2,556,042,225
Non-current assets					
Other non-current financial assets	9	186,557,586	147,031,040	90,670,500	53,363,250
Long-term loan to subsidiary	6	-	-	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	10	-	-	1,148,637,588	1,128,637,588
Investments in associates	11	15,351,868	9,305,457	-	-
Investment properties	12	17,560,515	17,944,101	11,022,059	11,022,059
Property, plant and equipment	13	1,213,958,737	1,270,365,540	970,429,614	1,039,120,832
Deferred tax assets	21	153,307,634	199,358,412	136,719,028	182,418,728
Other non-current assets		56,603,482	24,956,423	40,058,766	3,057,386
Total non-current assets		1,643,339,822	1,668,960,973	2,397,537,555	2,417,619,843
Total assets	:	6,102,029,165	6,072,816,266	5,191,169,192	4,973,662,068

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2023

(Unit: Baht)

		Consolidated finar	ncial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	Note	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	2022
Liabilities and shareholders' equity					
Current liabilities					
Trust receipts	14	1,151,234,491	1,133,838,265	891,586,781	755,771,594
Trade and other payables	15	476,866,465	390,922,706	294,077,285	147,063,167
Current portion of long-term loan					
from financial institution	17	309,488,400	-	309,488,400	-
Income tax payable		1,035,293	4,678,630	-	-
Provision for losses on onerous contracts	16	67,365,585	-	67,365,585	-
Other current liabilities		34,779,853	25,231,268	24,003,577	22,519,585
Total current liabilities		2,040,770,087	1,554,670,869	1,586,521,628	925,354,346
Non-current liabilities					
Long-term loan from financial institution					
- net of current portion	17	-	312,601,500	-	312,601,500
Provision for long-term employee benefits	18	238,707,795	305,614,870	187,541,361	256,134,517
Other non-current liabilities		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	200,000	200,000
Total non-current liabilities	•	238,707,795	618,216,370	187,741,361	568,936,017
Total liabilities		2,279,477,882	2,172,887,239	1,774,262,989	1,494,290,363

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2023

(Unit: Baht)

		Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financial statements		
	Note	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
Shareholders' equity						
Share capital						
Registered						
397,906,284 ordinary shares of Baht 5 each	=	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	
Issued and fully paid-up						
397,906,284 ordinary shares of Baht 5 each		1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	
Share premium		1,105,933,696	1,105,933,696	1,105,933,696	1,105,933,696	
Capital surplus from changes in						
shareholding percentage in a subsidiary		13,145,139	13,145,139	-	-	
Non-controlling interests of subsidiary acquired b	у					
the Company at price lower than book value		9,006,084	9,006,084	-	-	
Retained earnings						
Appropriated - statutory reserve	19	198,953,142	198,953,142	198,953,142	198,953,142	
Unappropriated		470,967,867	576,422,444	67,951,545	160,262,847	
Other components of shareholders' equity	-	33,871,054	4,675,908	54,536,400	24,690,600	
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		3,821,408,402	3,897,667,833	3,416,906,203	3,479,371,705	
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	-	1,142,881	2,261,194	<u> </u>		
Total shareholders' equity	-	3,822,551,283	3,899,929,027	3,416,906,203	3,479,371,705	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	=	6,102,029,165	6,072,816,266	5,191,169,192	4,973,662,068	

Directors

Income statement

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Unit: Baht)

	<u>-</u>	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	Note	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Revenues					
Sales		5,790,252,040	5,998,637,226	3,040,901,340	2,450,554,848
Other income					
Gain on exchange		19,186,419	-	4,104,293	-
Management fee income		-	-	4,326,351	3,768,383
Dividend income	9, 10	3,375,000	7,775,746	23,340,982	33,323,973
Others	=	4,839,704	24,415,521	15,279,968	9,400,104
Total revenues	=	5,817,653,163	6,030,828,493	3,087,952,934	2,497,047,308
Expenses	г	1	1	10	
Cost of sales		5,921,525,721	5,864,907,843	3,265,307,529	2,491,620,673
Reveral of allowance for diminution in value of inventory		(339,676,563)	(51,586,514)	(327,761,291)	(58,563,726)
Total cost of sales		5,581,849,158	5,813,321,329	2,937,546,238	2,433,056,947
Selling and distribution expenses		63,599,838	71,533,420	41,134,391	44,858,190
Administrative expenses		165,144,885	182,530,120	117,842,546	108,206,453
Loss on onerous contracts (reversal)	16	67,365,585	(93,545,101)	67,365,585	(93,545,101)
Reversal of allowance for loss on impairment of					
investment in a subsidiary	10	-		(20,000,000)	
Total expenses	_	5,877,959,466	5,973,839,768	3,143,888,760	2,492,576,489
Operating profit (loss)		(60,306,303)	56,988,725	(55,935,826)	4,470,819
Share of profit from investment in associate	11	6,046,411	2,628,451	-	-
Finance income		3,024,564	1,749,660	1,548,013	916,618
Finance cost	_	(56,667,877)	(29,627,758)	(44,811,771)	(20,451,808)
Profit (loss) before income tax		(107,903,205)	31,739,078	(99,199,584)	(15,064,371)
Income tax	21	(30,721,969)	(4,873,667)	(25,233,896)	9,126,057
Profit (loss) for the year	=	(138,625,174)	26,865,411	(124,433,480)	(5,938,314)
Profit (loss) attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		(137,521,745)	24,449,522	(124,433,480)	(5,938,314)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	-	(1,103,429)	2,415,889		
	=	(138,625,174)	26,865,411		
Earnings per share	22				
Basic earnings (loss) per share					
Profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company	=	(0.35)	0.06	(0.31)	(0.01)

Statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Unit: Baht)

	_	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
1	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
Profit (loss) for the year	_	(138,625,174)	26,865,411	(124,433,480)	(5,938,314)	
Other comprehensive income:						
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified						
to profit or loss in subsequent periods:						
Exchange differences on translation of						
financial statements in foreign currency	_	(40,974)	(126,581)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified						
to profit or loss in subsequent periods		(40,974)	(126,581)	-	-	
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified						
to profit or loss in subsequent periods:						
Actuarial gain	18	64,953,009	21,293,242	65,021,771	22,716,242	
Gain (loss) on investments in equity designated at fair value						
through other comprehensive income		36,526,546	(45,061,130)	37,307,250	(43,742,250)	
Less: Income tax effect	21	(20,295,911)	4,753,578	(20,465,804)	4,205,202	
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified						
to profit or loss in subsequent periods - net of income tax	_	81,183,644	(19,014,310)	81,863,217	(16,820,806)	
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	81,142,670	(19,140,891)	81,863,217	(16,820,806)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	=	(57,482,504)	7,724,520	(42,570,263)	(22,759,120)	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:						
Equity holders of the Company		(56,364,191)	5,354,610	(42,570,263)	(22,759,120)	
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	_	(1,118,313)	2,369,910	<u> </u>		
	_	(57,482,504)	7,724,520	(42,570,263)	(22,759,120)	

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of changes in shareholders' equity For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Unit: Baht)

						Consoli	dated financial statements					
				Eg	uity attributable to ow	ners of the Company						
				Non-controlling				Other components of equity				
				interests of			Other comp	rehensive income				
			Capital surplus	subsidiary acquired			Exchange differences on	Gains (loss) on investments		Total equity	Equity attributable	
	Issued and		from changes in	by the Company			translation of	in equity designated	Total	attributable to	to non-controlling	Total
	fully paid-up		shareholding percentage	at price lower	Retained	earnings	financial statements in	at fair value through	other component	owners of	interests of	shareholders'
	share capital	Share premium	in a subsidiary	than book value	Appropriated	Unappropriated	foreign currency	other comprehensive income	of equity	the Company	the subsidiaries	equity
Balance as at 1 January 2022	1,989,531,420	1,105,933,696	13,145,139	9,006,084	198,953,142	574,726,412	(6,252,323)	47,057,737	40,805,414	3,932,101,307	(108,716)	3,931,992,591
Profit for the year	-		-	-	-	24,449,522	-		-	24,449,522	2,415,889	26,865,411
Other comprehensive income for the year						17,034,594	(80,602)	(36,048,904)	(36,129,506)	(19,094,912)	(45,979)	(19,140,891)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	41,484,116	(80,602)	(36,048,904)	(36,129,506)	5,354,610	2,369,910	7,724,520
Dividend paid (Note 25)				_		(39,788,084)				(39,788,084)		(39,788,084)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	1,989,531,420	1,105,933,696	13,145,139	9,006,084	198,953,142	576,422,444	(6,332,925)	11,008,833	4,675,908	3,897,667,833	2,261,194	3,899,929,027
Balance as at 1 January 2023	1,989,531,420	1,105,933,696	13,145,139	9,006,084	198,953,142	576,422,444	(6,332,925)	11,008,833	4,675,908	3,897,667,833	2,261,194	3,899,929,027
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(137,521,745)			-	(137,521,745)	(1,103,429)	(138,625,174)
Other comprehensive income for the year			<u>.</u>	-		51,962,407	(26,090)	29,221,236	29,195,146	81,157,553	(14,884)	81,142,669
Total comprehensive income for the year			•	-	-	(85,559,338)	(26,090)	29,221,236	29,195,146	(56,364,192)	(1,118,313)	(57,482,505)
Dividend paid (Note 25)			-	-	_	(19,895,239)	•			(19,895,239)	_	(19,895,239)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	1,989,531,420	1,105,933,696	13,145,139	9,006,084	198,953,142	470,967,867	(6,359,015)	40,230,069	33,871,054	3,821,408,402	1,142,881	3,822,551,283

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Unit: Baht)

	Separate financial statements							
					Other components of equity			
					Other comprehensive income			
					Gains (loss) on investments			
					in equity designated			
	fully paid-up		Retained	earnings	at fair value through			
	share capital	Share premium	Appropriated	Unappropriated	other comprehensive income	Total		
Balance as at 1 January 2022	1,989,531,420	1,105,933,696	198,953,142	187,816,251	59,684,400	3,541,918,909		
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(5,938,314)	-	(5,938,314)		
Other comprehensive income for the year			<u>-</u>	18,172,994	(34,993,800)	(16,820,806)		
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	12,234,680	(34,993,800)	(22,759,120)		
Dividend paid (Note 25)			<u>-</u>	(39,788,084)	<u> </u>	(39,788,084)		
Balance as at 31 December 2022	1,989,531,420	1,105,933,696	198,953,142	160,262,847	24,690,600	3,479,371,705		
						-		
Balance as at 1 January 2023	1,989,531,420	1,105,933,696	198,953,142	160,262,847	24,690,600	3,479,371,705		
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(124,433,480)	-	(124,433,480)		
Other comprehensive income for the year			-	52,017,417	29,845,800	81,863,217		
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(72,416,063)	29,845,800	(42,570,263)		
Dividend paid (Note 25)			<u>-</u>	(19,895,239)	<u> </u>	(19,895,239)		
Balance as at 31 December 2023	1,989,531,420	1,105,933,696	198,953,142	67,951,545	54,536,400	3,416,906,203		

Cash flow statement

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Unit: Baht)

Consolitation Consoli				(Unit: Baht)		
Profit (loss) before tax		Consolidated finan	Consolidated financial statements		I statements	
Profit (loss) before tax		<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) before tax to net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities: Depreciation and amorifisation 112,174,060 107,995,036 80,168,036 76,241,195 Allowance for expected credit loss (reversal) 9,983,047 (6,639,228) 10,749,683 468,972 (72,419,419) (72,4	Cash flows from operating activities					
Depreciation and amortisation 112,174,060 107,995,036 80,188,036 76,241,195 Allowance for expected cridit loss (reversal) 9,983,047 (6,839,228) 10,749,683 468,972 Writen-off bad debt 5,549,067 5,549,067 6,5549,0	Profit (loss) before tax	(107,903,205)	31,739,078	(99,199,584)	(15,064,371)	
Depreciation and amortisation	Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) before tax to					
Minwance for expected credit loss (reversal) 9,983,047 (6,639,228) 10,749,683 468,972	net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities:					
Writen-off bad debt - 5,549,067 - - Reversal of allowance for diminution in value of inventory (339,676,583) (51,586,514) (327,761,291) (58,663,726) Loss from stock destruction 6,468,954 - - - Loss on onerous contracts (reversal) 67,365,585 (93,545,101) 67,365,585 (93,545,101) Reversal of allowance for loss on impairment of investment in a subsidiary - (20,000,000) - Gain on sales of investment properties - (9,443,828) - - (Gain) loss on sales of property, plant and equipment 1,285,418 (1,176,838) 33,672 410,431 Share of profit from investment in associate (6,046,411) (2,628,451) - - Provision for long-term employee benefits 21,926,876 22,618,177 18,302,518 17,756,598 Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange (5,746,213) (1,147,472) (3,042,437) 15,575,157 Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,149,600) (1,548,013) 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activ	Depreciation and amortisation	112,174,060	107,995,036	80,168,036	76,241,195	
Reversal of allowance for diminution in value of inventory (339,676,563) (51,586,514) (327,761,291) (68,663,726) Loss from stock destruction 6,468,954 - - - - Loss on onerous contracts (reversal) 67,365,585 (33,545,101) 67,365,585 (93,545,101) Reversal of allowance for loss on impairment of investment in a subsidiary - - - (20,000,000) - Gain on sales of investment properties - (9,443,828) 33,672 410,431 Share of profit from investment in associate (6,046,411) (2,628,451) - - Provision for long-term employee benefits 21,926,876 22,618,177 18,302,518 17,756,598 Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange (6,746,213) 11,347,239 (3,402,437) 15,575,157 Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,145,222) (9,103,500) (1,356,254) Dividend income (3,302,4564) (1,174,9600) (1,548,013) 33,323,973 Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555	Allowance for expected credit loss (reversal)	9,983,047	(6,639,228)	10,749,683	468,972	
Loss from stock destruction 6,468,954 0.00	Writen-off bad debt	-	5,549,067	-	-	
Coss on onerous contracts (reversal) 67,365,585 (93,545,101) 67,365,585 (93,545,101) Reversal of allowance for loss on impairment of investment in a subsidiary	Reversal of allowance for diminution in value of inventory	(339,676,563)	(51,586,514)	(327,761,291)	(58,563,726)	
Reversal of allowance for loss on impairment of investment in a subsidiary - - (20,000,000) - Gain on sales of investment properties (9,443,828) - - (Gain) loss on sales of property, plant and equipment 1,285,418 (1,176,838) 33,672 410,431 Share of profit from investment in associate (6,046,411) (2,628,451) - - Provision for long-term employee benefits 21,926,876 22,618,177 18,302,518 17,756,598 Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange (5,746,213) 14,347,239 (3,402,437) 15,576,157 Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,145,222) (9,103,500) (1,356,254) Dividend income (3,375,000) (7,775,746) (23,340,982) (33,323,973) Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease (881,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,45	Loss from stock destruction	6,468,954	-	-	-	
Gain on sales of investment properties - (9,443,828) - - Gain on sales of investment properties - (9,443,828) - - (Gain) loss on sales of property, plant and equipment 1,285,418 (1,176,838) 33,672 410,431 Share of profit from investment in associate (6,046,411) (26,28,451) - - Provision for long-term employee benefits 21,926,876 22,618,177 18,302,518 17,756,598 Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange (5,746,213) 14,347,239 (3,402,437) 15,575,157 Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,145,222) (9,103,500) (1,356,254) Dividend income (3,024,564) (1,749,660) 23,340,982) (33,323,973) Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease) 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) <td>Loss on onerous contracts (reversal)</td> <td>67,365,585</td> <td>(93,545,101)</td> <td>67,365,585</td> <td>(93,545,101)</td>	Loss on onerous contracts (reversal)	67,365,585	(93,545,101)	67,365,585	(93,545,101)	
Gain on sales of investment properties - (9,443,828) - - (Gain) loss on sales of property, plant and equipment 1,285,418 (1,176,838) 33,672 410,431 Share of profit from investment in associate (6,046,411) (2,628,451) - - Provision for long-term employee benefits 21,926,876 22,618,177 18,302,518 17,756,598 Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange (5,746,213) 14,347,239 (3,402,437) 15,575,157 Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,145,222) (9,103,500) (1,356,254) Dividend income (3,375,000) (7,775,746) (23,340,982) (33,323,973) Finance cost 55,144,671 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease 17rade and other receivables (881,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (11,053,513) 51	Reversal of allowance for loss on impairment of					
(Gain) loss on sales of property, plant and equipment 1,285,418 (1,176,838) 33,672 410,431 Share of profit from investment in associate (6,046,411) (2,628,451) - - Provision for long-term employee benefits 21,926,876 22,618,177 18,302,518 17,756,598 Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange (5,746,213) 14,347,239 (3,402,437) 15,575,157 Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,145,222) (9,103,500) (1,356,254) Dividend income (3,375,000) (7,775,746) (23,340,982) (33,323,973) Finance income (3,024,564) (1,749,660) (1,548,013) (916,618) Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135 Operating assets (increase) decrease 1 13,755,993 (3,688,190) 26,886,124 (1,101,191) Other current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549)	investment in a subsidiary	-	-	(20,000,000)	-	
Share of profit from investment in associate (6,046,411) (2,628,451) - - Provision for long-term employee benefits 21,926,876 22,618,177 18,302,518 17,756,598 Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange (5,746,213) 14,347,239 (3,402,437) 15,575,157 Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,145,222) (9,103,500) (1,356,254) Dividend income (3,375,000) (7,775,746) (23,340,982) (3,323,973) Finance income (3,024,564) (1,749,660) (1,548,013) (916,618) Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets (1,38,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 <	Gain on sales of investment properties	-	(9,443,828)	-	-	
Provision for long-term employee benefits 21,926,876 22,618,177 18,302,518 17,756,598 Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange (5,746,213) 14,347,239 (3,402,437) 15,575,157 Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,145,222) (9,103,500) (1,356,254) Dividend income (3,375,000) (7,775,746) (23,340,982) (33,23,973) Finance income (3,024,564) (1,749,660) (1,548,013) (916,618) Finance cost 55,144,671 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease (198,21,583) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other current liabilities increase (decrease) 17,204,497,786 3,989,425 (2,546,543) <td< td=""><td>(Gain) loss on sales of property, plant and equipment</td><td>1,285,418</td><td>(1,176,838)</td><td>33,672</td><td>410,431</td></td<>	(Gain) loss on sales of property, plant and equipment	1,285,418	(1,176,838)	33,672	410,431	
Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange (5,746,213) 14,347,239 (3,402,437) 15,575,157 Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,145,222) (9,103,500) (1,356,254) Dividend income (3,375,000) (7,775,746) (23,340,982) (33,323,973) Finance income (3,024,564) (1,749,660) (1,548,013) (916,618) Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543)	Share of profit from investment in associate	(6,046,411)	(2,628,451)	-	-	
Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments (6,798,138) (1,145,222) (9,103,500) (1,366,254) Dividend income (3,375,000) (7,775,746) (23,340,982) (33,23,973) Finance income (3,024,564) (1,749,660) (1,548,013) (916,618) Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other non-current assets increase (decrease) 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543)	Provision for long-term employee benefits	21,926,876	22,618,177	18,302,518	17,756,598	
Dividend income (3,375,000) (7,775,746) (23,340,982) (33,323,973) Finance income (3,024,564) (1,749,660) (1,548,013) (916,618) Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease 17ade and other receivables (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities 2,205,515 (20,497,786) 3,948,31,040) 168,484,059	Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange	(5,746,213)	14,347,239	(3,402,437)	15,575,157	
Finance income (3,024,564) (1,749,660) (1,548,013) (916,618) Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease Trade and other receivables (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other non-current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) Trade and other payables 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities 2 - - - (300,000) Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (319,174,397) 343,257,452<	Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments	(6,798,138)	(1,145,222)	(9,103,500)	(1,356,254)	
Finance cost 55,144,571 27,469,763 43,913,366 19,486,555 Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease Trade and other receivables (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other non-current assets (decrease) (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities - - - (300,000) Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,	Dividend income	(3,375,000)	(7,775,746)	(23,340,982)	(33,323,973)	
Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease Trade and other receivables (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other non-current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities - - - (300,000) Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43	Finance income	(3,024,564)	(1,749,660)	(1,548,013)	(916,618)	
operating assets and liabilities (198,221,583) 34,027,772 (263,822,947) (72,831,135) Operating assets (increase) decrease (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other non-current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) 17ade and other payables 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994)	Finance cost	55,144,571	27,469,763	43,913,366	19,486,555	
Operating assets (increase) decrease Trade and other receivables (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other non-current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in					
Trade and other receivables (681,350,606) 339,337,343 (825,720,391) 299,450,253 Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other non-current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities - - - (300,000) Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	operating assets and liabilities	(198,221,583)	34,027,772	(263,822,947)	(72,831,135)	
Inventories 451,706,764 (14,053,513) 516,723,935 (20,129,766) Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other non-current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities - - - (300,000) Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Operating assets (increase) decrease					
Other current assets 13,755,993 (6,868,190) 26,868,124 (1,120,119) Other non-current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) Trade and other payables 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities - - - (300,000) Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Trade and other receivables	(681,350,606)	339,337,343	(825,720,391)	299,450,253	
Other non-current assets (1,038,910) 3,931,158 (50,549) 5,454,304 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities - - - (300,000) Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Inventories	451,706,764	(14,053,513)	516,723,935	(20,129,766)	
Operating liabilities increase (decrease) Trade and other payables 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities - - - (300,000) Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Other current assets	13,755,993	(6,868,190)	26,868,124	(1,120,119)	
Trade and other payables 83,764,430 7,380,668 147,181,363 (39,492,935) Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities - - - (300,000) Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Other non-current assets	(1,038,910)	3,931,158	(50,549)	5,454,304	
Other current liabilities 12,209,515 (20,497,786) 3,989,425 (2,546,543) Other non-current liabilities - - - (300,000) Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Operating liabilities increase (decrease)					
Other non-current liabilities - - - - (300,000) Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Trade and other payables	83,764,430	7,380,668	147,181,363	(39,492,935)	
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (319,174,397) 343,257,452 (394,831,040) 168,484,059 Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Other current liabilities	12,209,515	(20,497,786)	3,989,425	(2,546,543)	
Cash paid for long-term employee benefits (23,880,943) (22,448,179) (21,873,903) (19,139,188) Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Other non-current liabilities	_	_	-	(300,000)	
Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	(319,174,397)	343,257,452	(394,831,040)	168,484,059	
Cash paid for interest expenses (54,402,004) (27,612,587) (43,714,529) (19,403,994) Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)	Cash paid for long-term employee benefits	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		
Cash paid for corporate income tax (17,027,690) (35,370,605) (9,703,978) (12,182,131)		·	,	,	,	
		, ,	,	,	,	
	·	(414,485,034)				

Cash flow statement (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Unit: Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	<u>2023</u>	2022	2023	<u>2022</u>
Cash flows from investing activities				
Decrease in current financial assets	-	8,241,304	-	6,894,858
(Increase) decrease in other non-current financial assets	(3,000,000)	10,700,000	-	-
Dividend received from investment in subsidiary	-	-	19,965,982	29,948,973
Dividend received from investment in related parties	3,375,000	7,775,746	3,375,000	3,375,000
Acquisition of investment properties	-	(387,379)	-	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(50,764,147)	(60,799,082)	(10,840,533)	(65,479,202)
Proceeds from sales of investment properties	-	10,500,000	-	-
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	1,962,006	3,535,045	476,809	636,514
Advance payment for purchase of machine and equipment	(3,689,231)	(6,359,694)	(1,889,393)	(610,929)
Interest received	2,962,442	1,719,184	1,547,019	899,066
Net cash flows (used in) investing activities	(49,153,930)	(25,074,876)	12,634,884	(24,335,720)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Increase in long-term loan from financial institution	-	297,450,000	-	297,450,000
Increase (decrease) in trust receipts	17,396,226	(514,996,668)	135,815,187	(385,410,200)
Dividend paid	(22,400,672)	(52,022,636)	(22,400,672)	(52,022,636)
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities	(5,004,446)	(269,569,304)	113,414,515	(139,982,836)
Translation adjustments	481,871	824,851	-	-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(468,161,539)	(35,993,248)	(344,074,051)	(46,559,810)
Unrealised gain (loss) on exchange for cash and cash equivalents	406,745	(233,122)	(76,745)	(178,080)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	959,641,903	995,868,273	589,142,289	635,880,179
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	491,887,109	959,641,903	244,991,493	589,142,289
	-	-	-	-
Supplemental cash flow information :-				
Non-cash transaction				
Transfer advance payments to fixed assets	6,359,694	1,060,519	610,929	859,519

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Notes to consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

1. General information

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited ("the Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The ultimate parent company is Pacific Electric Wire and Cable Co., Ltd., which is incorporated in Taiwan. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacture and distribution of electric wire and cables and telephone cables. The registered office of the Company is at 589/71 Central City Tower, 12A Floor, Debaratana Road, North Bangna, Bangna, Bangkok.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards enunciated under the Accounting Professions Act B.E. 2547 and their presentation has been made in compliance with the stipulations of the Notification of the Department of Business Development, issued under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited ("the Company") and the following subsidiary companies ("the subsidiaries") (collectively as "the Group"):

		Country of	Percen	tage of
Company's name	Nature of business	incorporation	shareh	nolding
			<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
			Percent	Percent
CTW-Beta Co., Ltd.	Investment and holding company	Thailand	100	100
Siam Fiber Optics Co., Ltd.	Manufacturer and distributor of fiber optic cables	Thailand	100	100
Siam Pacific Electric Wire and Cable Co., Ltd.	Manufacturer and distributor of wire and cable products, and enameled and	Thailand	100	100
	non-enameled wires			

		Country of	Percen	tage of	
Company's name	Nature of business	incorporation	shareholding		
			<u>2023</u>	2022	
			Percent	Percent	
Double D Cable Co., Ltd.	Manufacturer and distributor	Thailand	100	100	
	of cables and provider of				
	fabrication service				
Shanghai Asia Pacific Electric	Distributor of enameled	China	64	64	
Co., Ltd. (Held by a subsidiary	copper wires				
54%)					

- b) The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or subsidiaries if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.
- c) Subsidiaries are fully consolidated, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- d) The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- e) The assets and liabilities in the financial statements of an overseas subsidiary company are translated to Baht using the exchange rate prevailing on the end of reporting period and revenues and expenses are translated using monthly average exchange rates.

 The resulting differences are shown under the caption of "Exchange differences on translation of financial statements in foreign currency" in the statements of changes in shareholders' equity.
- f) Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.
- g) Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position.
- 2.3 The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries and associates under the cost method.

3. New financial reporting standards

3.1 Financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised financial reporting standards which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2023. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

3.2 Financial reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2024

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2024. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The management of the Group believes that adoption of these amendments will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

4. Significant accounting policies

4.1 Revenue and expense recognition

Sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally upon delivery of the goods. Revenue is measured at the amount of the consideration received or receivable, excluding value added tax, of goods supplied after deducting returns, discounts, allowances and price promotions to customers.

Bill and hold arrangements

The Company recognises revenue from sales of goods under bill and hold arrangements when they have yet to be delivered, since delivery is delayed at the buyer's request and the buyer takes control and accepts the billing and that the usual terms of payment applied. Moreover, the inventory is on hand, clearly identified and ready for delivery to the buyer at the time the revenue is recognised and it is highly probable that delivery will be made.

Sales of goods under bill and hold arrangements are the invoiced value, excluding value added tax after deducting discounts and allowances.

Finance income

Interest income is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis. The effective interest rate is applied to the carrying amount of a financial asset net of the allowance for expected credit loss (if any).

Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive the dividends is established.

Finance cost

Interest expense from financial liabilities at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis.

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

4.3 Inventories

Finished goods and work in process are valued at the lower of average cost and net realisable value and includes all production costs and attributable factory overheads.

Raw materials and factory supplies are valued at the lower of average cost and net realisable value and are charged to production costs whenever consumed.

4.4 Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for in the separate financial statements using the cost method net of allowance for impairment loss (if any).

4.5 Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment (if any).

Depreciation of condominium and office building for rent is calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over estimated useful life of 20 years. Depreciation is included in profit or loss.

No depreciation is provided on land not being used for operation.

On disposal of investment properties, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the year when the asset is derecognised.

4.6 Property, plant and equipment/Depreciation

Land is stated at cost. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment of assets (if any).

Depreciation of plant and equipment is calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 25	years
Building improvement	5 - 20	years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20	years
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	3 - 20	years
Motor vehicles	5 - 10	years

Depreciation is included in profit or loss.

No depreciation is provided on land and assets under installation and under construction.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

4.7 Leases

The Group recognises right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases as at the date underlying assets is available for use (the commencement date of the lease), except for a lease that has a lease term less than or equal to 12 months or a lease of low-value assets, and the Group recognises as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation, any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities (if any). The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities initially recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made on or prior to the commencement date of the lease.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets is calculated by reference to their costs, on the straightline basis over the shorter of lease term or their estimated useful lives if ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the Group at the end of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets which are classified as investment properties are presented as part of investment properties in the statement of financial position.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term, discounted by the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Group's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a change in the lease.

4.8 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise individuals or enterprises that control, or are controlled by, the Group, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Group.

They also include associated companies, and individuals or enterprises which directly or indirectly own a voting interest in the Group that give them significant influence over the Group, key management personnel, directors, and officers with authority in the planning and direction of the Group's operations.

4.9 Foreign currencies

The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Baht, which is also the Company's functional currency. Items of each entity included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using the functional currency of that entity.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period.

Gains and losses on exchange are included in profit or loss.

4.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group performs impairment reviews in respect of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and investment properties whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

In the assessment of asset impairment if there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The increased carrying amount of the asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in previous years. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

4.11 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group and their employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the contributions of the Group is recognised as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans

The Group has obligations in respect of the severance payments they must make to employees upon retirement under labor law and other employee benefit plan. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

4.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

4.13 Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of corporate income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the end of each reporting period, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period.

The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences while they recognise deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be utilised.

At each reporting date, the Group reviews and reduces the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Group records deferred tax directly to shareholders' equity if the tax relates to items that are recorded directly to shareholders' equity.

4.14 Financial instruments

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is driven by the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if the financial asset is held in order to collect cash flows with the contractual terms. The cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding complied with the period specified in the contract.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets designated at FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify its equity investments which are not held for trading as equity instruments designated at FVOCI, with no subsequent recycling. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss.

Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss, except when the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, the gains are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Equity instruments designated at FVOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

These financial assets include derivatives financial instruments, security investments held for trading, equity investments which the Group has not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI and financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest.

Dividends on the equity investments are recognised as other income in profit or loss.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for derivative liabilities which disclosed in note 4.15 to the consolidated financial statements. In determining amortised cost, the Group takes into account any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and either the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or the Group has neither transferred all the risks nor rewards of the asset but has transferred control over it.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at FVTPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

The Group considers a significant increase in credit risk to have occurred when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due and considers a financial asset as credit impaired or default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to have a significant increase in credit risk and to be in default using other internal or external information, such as credit rating of issuers.

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. It is based on its historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

4.15 Derivatives

The Group has entered into forward currency contracts which is derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risks.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. The subsequent changes are recognised in profit or loss. Derivatives are carried as financial assets or financial liabilities by considering fair value of the derivative.

Derivatives are presented as non-current assets or liabilities and current assets or liabilities by considering the remaining maturity with more than or less than 12 months respectively.

4.16 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group applies a quoted market price in an active market to measure its assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measures fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categorise of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

- Level 1 Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

5. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards at times requires management to make subjective judgements and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgements and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgements and estimates are as follows:

Allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables

In determining an allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables, the management needs to make judgement and estimates based upon, among other things, past collection history, aging profile of outstanding debts and the forecast economic condition that may affect to receivable. However, historical credit loss experience and forecast economic conditions may also not be representative of whether a customer will actually default in the future.

Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments recognised in the statement of financial position that are not actively traded and for which quoted market prices are not readily available, the management exercises judgement, using a variety of valuation techniques and models. The input to these models is taken from observable markets, and includes consideration of credit risk, liquidity, correlation and longer-term volatility of financial instruments. Change in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value recognised in the statement of financial position and disclosures of fair value hierarchy.

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

The Group treats investments as impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement of the management.

Property, plant and equipment/Depreciation

In determining depreciation of plant and equipment, the management is required to make estimates of the useful lives and residual values of plant and equipment and to review estimate useful lives and residual values when there are any changes.

In addition, the management is required to review property, plant and equipment for impairment on a periodical basis to record impairment losses when it is determined that their recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgements

regarding forecast of future revenues and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

6. Related party transactions

Transactions with ultimate

Management fee expenses

financial statements)

Sales of raw materials

Purchases of Machine

Management fee income

Transactions with related companies

182

5

3

306

10

8

Fabrication cost

Insulation cost

Service income

Rental income

Electric income

Dividend income

Sales of goods

Fabrication cost

Dividend income

Purchases of raw materials

Fabrication income

Sales of goods

<u>Transactions with subsidiaries</u>
(eliminated from the consolidated

parent company

During the years, the Group had significant business transactions with related parties. Such transactions, which are summarised below, arose in the ordinary course of business and were concluded on commercial terms and bases agreed upon between the Group and those related parties.

Consolidated

financial financial statements statements Transfer Pricing Policy 2022 2022 2023 2023 5 5 3 3 Contract price 8 Cost plus margin 12 7 Cost plus margin 5 8 Cost plus margin 14 4 Cost plus margin

29

14

4

4

1

1

8

30

306

10

3

17

7

4

1

1

10

20

182

5

3

Contract price

Cost plus margin

Cost plus margin

Contract price

Contract price

Contract price

Announced rate

Contract price

Announced rate

price,

Cost

At cost

Market

margin

Separate

(Unit: Million Baht)

plus

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the balances of the accounts between the Group and those related companies were as follows:

	(Unit: Th			ousand Baht)	
	Consol	lidated	Sepa	arate	
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Trade and other receivables - related parties					
(Note 7)					
Subsidiaries	-	-	14,844	4,582	
Related companies (related as the shareholders					
of the Company or common shareholders or					
common directors)	178,874	221,704	178,874	221,704	
Total trade and other receivables - related parties	178,874	221,704	193,718	226,286	
Trade and other payables - related parties					
(Note 15)					
Ultimate parent company	1,047	1,063	598	598	
Subsidiaries	-	-	22,427	9,773	
Related companies (related as common					
shareholders or held by the Company)	25,049	26,208	436	383	
Total trade and other payables - related parties	26,096	27,271	23,461	10,754	

Long-term loan to subsidiary

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the balance of long-term loan to subsidiary and the movements were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements						
	Balance as at	Balance as at Increase Decrease		Balance as at			
	31 December	during	during	31 December			
Loans to	2022	the year	the year	2023			
CTW-Beta Company Limited							
Loan principal	540,939	-	-	540,939			
Add: Accrued interest	96,174			96,174			
Total	637,113	-	-	637,113			
Less: Allowance for expected credit							
losses	(637,113)			(637,113)			
Total							

The Company already recorded the allowance for expected credit loss in full.

Directors and management's benefits

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group had employee benefit expenses payable to their directors and management as below.

(Unit:	Thousand Bah	t)
١	O	Thousand Ban	٠,

			(0		
	Consol	lidated	Sepa	rate	
	financial s	tatements	financial statements		
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	2022	
Short-term employee benefits	74,205	80,638	51,152	54,930	
Post-employment benefits	4,653	4,192	2,463	1,599	
Total	78,858	84,830	53,615	56,529	

7. Trade and other receivables

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consol	idated	Separate			
	financial st	tatements	financial st	financial statements		
	2023	2022	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>		
<u>Trade receivables - related parties</u> (Note 6)						
Aged on the basis of due dates						
Not yet due	31,780	54,141	39,316	56,256		
Past due						
Up to 3 months	-	4,113	6,697	4,940		
6 - 12 months	-	39,383	-	39,382		
Over 12 months	159,471	125,247	159,471	125,247		
Total	191,251	222,884	205,484	225,825		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(12,377)	(1,180)	(12,377)	(1,180)		
Total trade receivables - related parties	178,874	221,704	193,107	224,645		
Trade receivables - unrelated parties						
Aged on the basis of due dates						
Not yet due	1,601,437	947,101	1,035,688	276,144		
Past due						
Up to 3 months	232,363	191,571	170,085	99,212		
3 - 6 months	12,990	37	12,990	-		
6 - 12 months	3,693	471	3,693	-		
Over 12 months	1,601	1,919	172	172		
Total	1,852,084	1,141,099	1,222,628	375,528		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(3,217)	(4,431)	(1,042)	(1,489)		
Total trade receivables - unrelated parties, net	1,848,867	1,136,668	1,221,586	374,039		
Total trade receivables - net	2,027,741	1,358,372	1,414,693	598,684		
	·	·	·			

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Conso	lidated	Sepa	rate		
	financial s	tatements	financial statements			
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	2022		
Other receivables						
Other receivables - related parties (Note 6)	-	-	611	1,641		
Other receivables - unrelated parties	133	98	44	51		
Total other receivables	133	98	655	1,692		
Trade and other receivables - net	2,027,874	1,358,470	1,415,348	600,376		

The balance of trade receivables as at 31 December 2023 included trade receivables amounting to Baht 2.8 million which have been sold at a discount to a financial institution, with recourse.

The normal credit term is 15 to 175 days.

Set out below is the movements in the allowance for expected credit losses of trade and other receivables.

	(Unit: Thousand				
	Consolidated		Separate		
_	financial st	atements	financial statements		
	<u>2023</u>	2022	2023	2022	
Beginning balance	5,611	12,250	2,669	2,200	
Allowance for expected credit losses (reversal)	9,983	(6,639)	10,750	469	
Ending balance	15,594	5,611	13,419	2,669	

8. Inventories

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements						
			Reduction of	f cost to net			
	Co	ost	realisabl	e value	Inventories - net		
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>2022</u>		2022	
Finished goods	696,148	1,021,480	(57,532)	(188,896)	638,616	832,584	
Work in process	577,828	534,856	(53,006)	(150,869)	524,822	383,987	
Raw materials and							
factory supplies	566,394	660,854	(37,156)	(141,764)	529,238	519,090	
Goods in transit	156,775	238,132		(5,842)	156,775	232,290	
Total	1,997,145	2,455,322	(147,694)	(487,371)	1,849,451	1,967,951	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Separate financial statements

	Reduction of cost to net						
	Co	ost	realisabl	e value	Inventories - net		
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2023 2022		<u>2022</u>	
Finished goods	455,117	752,058	(53,982)	(178,125)	401,135	573,933	
Work in process	517,751	494,411	(53,001)	(150,092)	464,750	344,319	
Raw materials and							
factory supplies	238,232	426,646	(19,377)	(122,025)	218,855	304,621	
Goods in transit	17,587	72,296		(3,879)	17,587	68,417	
Total	1,228,687	1,745,411	(126,360)	(454,121)	1,102,327	1,291,290	

For the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group recorded (reversed) reduction of cost to net realisable value are summarised as follows.

		t: Million Baht)			
	Consoli	idated	Separate		
	financial statements		financial st	atements	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	2022	
Recorded amount is included in cost of					
sales	110	450	107	440	
Reversed and reduced the amount					
of inventories recognised as					
cost of sales	(450)	(502)	(435)	(499)	

9. Other financial assets

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 2023 2022 2023 2022 Finance assets measured at FVTPL Derivative assets 7,943 1,145 10,460 1,356 Debt instruments at amortised cost Fixed deposit over 1 year 49,500 46,500 Financial assets measured at FVOCI Thai Metal Processing Company Limited 90,671 53,363 90,671 53,363 46,387 Crown Century Holdings Limited 47,168 194,501 148,176 101,131 54,719 Total other financial assets Current 7,943 1,145 10,460 1,356 90,671 186,558 147,031 53,363 Non-current 194,501 148,176 101,131 54,719

During the year 2023, the Company received dividend from Thai Metal Processing Company Limited amounting to Baht 3.4 million (2022: Baht 3.4 million).

During the year 2022, a subsidiary received dividend from Crown Century Holdings Limited amounting to USD 0.1 million or Baht 4.4 million.

10. Investments in subsidiaries

Details of investments in subsidiaries as presented in the separate financial statements are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Dividend received

Company's name	Paid-up capital		Co	ost	during the year	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Siam Fiber Optics Company Limited	240,000	240,000	160,500	160,500	-	-
Siam Pacific Electric Wire and Cable Company Limited	670,000	670,000	1,067,703	1,067,703	19,966	29,949
Double D Cable Company Limited	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	-	-
Shanghai Asia Pacific Electric Company Limited	10,549	10,549	41,110	41,110	-	-
	Thousand USD	Thousand USD				
CTW-Beta Company Limited	100	100	100	100		-
Total			1,289,413	1,289,413	19,966	29,949
Less: Allowance for impairment loss of investments			(140,775)	(160,775)		
Total investments in subsidiaries - net			1,148,638	1,128,638		

During the year, the Company reversed an allowance for impairment loss on the investments in subsidiary amounting to Baht 20 million in the income statement of the separate financial statements.

11. Investments in associates

11.1 Details of associates:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

			Consolidated financial statements					
		Country of	Sharel	nolding			Carrying amour	its based on
Company's name	Nature of business	incorporation	perce	ntage	Cos	t	equity m	ethod
			<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022
			(%)	(%)				
Loxpac (Thailand) Company	Providing	Thailand	25	25	379,246	379,246	105,151	105,151
Limited	telecommunication							
	service							
Loxpac Hong Kong Co., Limited	Investment and holding	Hong Kong						
	company		20	20	302	302	15,352	9,305
Total					379,548	379,548	120,503	114,456
Less: Allowance for impairment	loss of investment						(105,151)	(105,151)
Total investments in associates	- net						15,352	9,305

11.2 Share of profit/loss and dividend received

During the current year, the subsidiary has recognised its share of profit from investment in Loxpac Hong Kong Co., Limited of Baht 6.0 million (2022: Baht 2.6 million). This share of profit from investment in associate was calculated based on the financial statements prepared by the associate's management. The management of the Group believes that the financial statements would not differ significantly if they had been audited or reviewed by an auditor.

During the years 2023 and 2022, there is no dividend received from this associate.

11.3 Financial information of the associates are summarised below.

		Paid-up capital as at 31 December						Total revenues		Profit (loss)	
	Unit			Total assets as at 31 December		Total liabilities as at 31 December		for the years ended 31 December		for the years ended 31 December	
Company's name	(Million)										
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Loxpac (Thailand) Company Limited	Baht	700	700	18	43	-	-	-	0.4	(25)	(25)
Loxpac Hong Kong Co., Limited	US dollar	7	7	12	13	2	4	1.2	0.6	0.8	0.4

12. Investment properties

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

					Separate
			financial		
		Consolidated fina	ancial statements		statements
	Land - not	Condominium			Land - not
	being used	and office	Land		being used
	for operation	building for rent	leasehold right	Total	for operation
31 December 2023:					
Cost	13,845	5,074	3,111	22,030	11,022
Less Accumulated					
depreciation	-	(4,117)	(248)	(4,365)	-
Translation adjustment	-	(11)	(93)	(104)	
Net book value	13,845	946	2,770	17,561	11,022
31 December 2022:					
Cost	13,845	5,074	3,288	22,207	11,022
Less Accumulated					
depreciation	-	(3,913)	(182)	(4,095)	-
Translation adjustment	-		(168)	(168)	
Net book value	13,845	1,161	2,938	17,944	11,022

A reconciliation of the net book value of investment properties for the year is presented below.

			ousand Baht)	
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements
	2023	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Net book value at beginning of year	17,944	19,107	11,022	11,022
Acquisition of assets	-	387	-	-
Disposals - net book value	-	(1,056)	-	-
Depreciation charged for the year	(279)	(326)	-	-
Translation adjustment	(104)	(168)	<u>-</u> .	-
Net book value at end of year	17,561	17,944	11,022	11,022

The fair values of the investment properties as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are stated below.

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
_				
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Land - not being used for operation				
(Thousand Baht)	363,595	354,610	360,625	351,642
Condominium and office building for rent				
(Thousand Baht)	7,446	7,404	-	-
Land leasehold right (Thousand Renminbi)	663	626	-	-

The fair values of the above investment properties have been determined based on market price valuations performed by the qualified independent valuers.

13. Property, plant and equipment

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements						
·		Buildings and buildings	Machinery and	Furniture,	Motor	Assets under installation and under	
	Land	improvement	equipment	office equipment	vehicles	construction	Total
Cost:						·	
1 January 2022	240,121	1,311,019	2,708,122	108,397	117,657	475,953	4,961,269
Additions	-	579	4,005	2,593	7,590	47,093	61,860
Disposals	-	-	(80,054)	(9,868)	(8,504)	(170)	(98,596)
Transfers	-	185,150	290,711	5,724	-	(481,585)	-
Translation adjustment	-	(4,554)	(610)		-		(5,164)
31 December 2022	240,121	1,492,194	2,922,174	106,846	116,743	41,291	4,919,369
Additions	-	-	9,777	3,107	2,029	42,211	57,124
Disposals	-	-	(38,617)	(4,783)	(6,047)	-	(49,447)
Transfers	-	563	38,630	439	-	(39,632)	-
Translation adjustment	-	(2,552)	(342)	<u> </u>	-		(2,894)
31 December 2023	240,121	1,490,205	2,931,622	105,609	112,725	43,870	4,924,152
Accumulated depreciation:						_	
1 January 2022	-	(1,099,546)	(2,309,811)	(97,866)	(70,772)	-	(3,577,995)
Depreciation for the year	-	(27,093)	(65,623)	(3,906)	(9,468)	-	(106,090)
Depreciation on disposals	-	-	80,053	9,863	6,322	-	96,238
Translation adjustment	-	2,977	577		-		3,554
31 December 2022	-	(1,123,662)	(2,294,804)	(91,909)	(73,918)	-	(3,584,293)
Depreciation for the year	-	(27,627)	(69,533)	(4,536)	(8,588)	-	(110,284)
Depreciation on disposals	-	-	36,551	4,715	4,934	-	46,200
Translation adjustment	-	1,668	324		-		1,992
31 December 2023	-	(1,149,621)	(2,327,462)	(91,730)	(77,572)	-	(3,646,385)
Allowance for impairment loss:						_	
1 January 2022	-	(29,129)	(37,191)	-	-	-	(66,320)
Translation adjustment	-	1,577	33		-		1,610
31 December 2022	-	(27,552)	(37,158)	-	-	-	(64,710)
Translation adjustment	-	884	18	-	-	-	902
31 December 2023	-	(26,668)	(37,140)	-	-	-	(63,808)
Net book value:							
31 December 2022	240,121	340,980	590,212	14,937	42,825	41,291	1,270,366
31 December 2023	240,121	313,916	567,020	13,879	35,153	43,870	1,213,959
Depreciation for the year							
2022 (Baht 102 million included in	n manufacturin	g cost, and the ba	lance in selling	g and administrative	expenses)		106,090
2023 (Baht 106 million included in	n manufacturing	g cost, and the ba	lance in selling	g and administrative	expenses)		110,285

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements						
				Furniture,		Assets under	
		Buildings and	Machinery	fixtures and		installation	
		buildings	and	office	Motor	and under	
	Land	improvement	equipment	equipment	vehicles	construction	Total
Cost:							
1 January 2022	186,770	680,745	1,761,545	70,922	82,165	463,270	3,245,417
Additions	-	579	30,914	610	1,749	32,487	66,339
Disposals	-	-	(26,165)	(8,364)	(3,403)	-	(37,932)
Transfers	-	179,080	280,677	784		(460,541)	
31 December 2022	186,770	860,404	2,046,971	63,952	80,511	35,216	3,273,824
Additions	-	-	9,370	882	-	1,199	11,451
Disposals	-	-	(2,760)	(2,164)	(1,893)	-	(6,817)
Transfers	-	53	13,936	439		(14,428)	
31 December 2023	186,770	860,457	2,067,517	63,109	78,618	21,987	3,278,458
Accumulated depreciation:							
1 January 2022	-	(564,260)	(1,517,100)	(65,307)	(49,241)	-	(2,195,908)
Depreciation for the year	-	(20,159)	(46,782)	(2,014)	(6,725)	-	(75,680)
Depreciation on disposals	-		26,164	8,361	2,360		36,885
31 December 2022	-	(584,419)	(1,537,718)	(58,960)	(53,606)	-	(2,234,703)
Depreciation for the year	-	(21,583)	(50,419)	(1,966)	(5,664)	-	(79,632)
Depreciation on disposals	-		2,715	2,132	1,460		6,307
31 December 2023	-	(606,002)	(1,585,422)	(58,794)	(57,810)		(2,308,028)
Net book value:							
31 December 2022	186,770	275,985	509,253	4,992	26,905	35,216	1,039,121
31 December 2023	186,770	254,455	482,095	4,315	20,808	21,987	970,430
Depreciation for the year							
2022 (Baht 73 million included in	n manufacturing	g cost, and the ba	lance in selling	and administrative	e expenses)		75,680
2023 (Baht 77 million included in	n manufacturing	g cost, and the ba	lance in selling	and administrative	e expenses)		79,633

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, certain plant and equipment items had been fully depreciated but were still in use. The gross carrying amount before deducting accumulated depreciation of those assets amounted to approximately Baht 2,797 million and Baht 2,771 million, respectively (The Company only: Baht 1,946 million, 2022: Baht 1,914 million).

14. Trust receipts

The balances represent trust receipts which carry interest at the rates of 2.8 - 4.7% per annum

(2022: 1.6 - 2.2% per annum).

15. Trade and other payables

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consol	idated	Separate		
	financial statements		financial statements		
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	2023	<u>2022</u>	
Trade payables	372,599	261,857	214,306	71,187	
Trade payables - related parties (Note 6)	25,049	26,208	22,863	10,156	
Other payables	33,381	43,803	29,342	37,662	
Other payables - related parties (Note 6)	1,047	1,063	598	598	
Accrued expenses	44,790	57,992	26,968	27,460	
Total trade and other payables	476,866	390,923	294,077	147,063	

16. Provision for losses on onerous contracts

The balances represent an estimate of losses that may arise from a trade agreement under which the Company has intended to fulfill its obligations by comparing the selling price with the cost of materials based on current commodity price.

17. Long-term loan from financial institution

The balance represents a long-term loan from a financial institution which carries interest at the rate of 7.27% and falls due in February 2024. The Company is required to comply with several covenants such as to maintain debt-to-equity ratio and debt service coverage ratio at the rates prescribed in the agreement. The loan is secured by a negative pledge of the Company's assets.

18. Provision for long-term employee benefits

Provision for long-term employee benefits, which represents compensation payable to employees after they retire, is as follows:

			(Unit: Thousand Baht		
	Consoli	dated	Separate		
_	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements	
	<u>2023</u>	2022	2023	2022	
Provisions for long-term employee benefits					
at beginning of year	305,615	326,738	256,135	280,233	
Included in profit or loss:					
Current service cost	15,317	17,250	12,991	13,268	
Interest cost	6,610	5,368	5,311	4,489	
Included in other comprehensive income:					
Actuarial (gain) loss arising from					
Demographic assumptions changes	(3,119)	2,768	(7,317)	-	
Financial assumptions changes	(54,715)	(17,225)	(50,672)	(13,716)	
Experience adjustments	(7,119)	(6,836)	(7,033)	(9,000)	
Benefits paid during the year	(23,881)	(22,448)	(21,874)	(19,139)	
Provisions for long-term employee benefits					
at end of year	238,708	305,615	187,541	256,135	

The Group expects to pay Baht 37 million of long-term employee benefits during the next year (The Company only: Baht 28 million) (2022: Baht 45 million, The Company only: Baht 44 million).

As at 31 December 2023, the weighted average duration of the liabilities for long-term employee benefit was 9 - 14 years (The Company only: 14 years) (2022: 9 years, The Company only: 9 years).

Significant actuarial assumptions are summarised below:

			(Unit: percent per annu		
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
Discount rate	2.4 - 4.7	2.5 - 2.7	2.4 - 4.6	2.5	
Salary increase rate (depending on age)	3.0 - 6.0	5.0 - 6.0	3.0 - 6.0	6.0	
Turnover rate	0.0 - 20.0	0.0 - 18.0	0.0 - 8.0	0.0 - 8.0	

The result of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the present value of the long-term employee benefit obligation as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are summarised below:

(Unit: Million Baht)

As at 31 December 2023

	Consolidated fin	ancial statements	Separate financial statements			
	Increase 1%	crease 1% Decrease 1%		Decrease 1%		
Discount rate	(16)	19	(13)	15		
Salary increase rate	18	(16)	15	(13)		
	Increase 20%	Decrease 20%	Increase 20%	Decrease 20%		
Turnover rate	(4)	4	(3)	3		

(Unit: Million Baht)

As at 31 December 2022

	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate financial statements		
	Increase 1%	crease 1% Decrease 1%		Decrease 1%	
Discount rate	(24)	28	(20)	24	
Salary increase rate	27	(24)	23	(20)	

19. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside a statutory reserve at least 5 percent of its net profit after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), until the reserve reaches 10 percent of the registered capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution. At present, the statutory reserve has fully been set aside.

20. Expenses by nature

Significant expenses classified by nature are as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated		Sep	arate
_	financial	statements	financial s	statements
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Raw materials and consumables used and				
purchase of finished goods	4,972	4,928	2,519	1,769
Changes in finished goods and work in progress	282	136	274	137
Salaries and wages and other employee benefits	407	430	279	289
Packing expenses	45	107	40	100
Fabrication expenses	5	10	22	24
Electric expenses	132	149	62	73
Repair and maintenance expenses	38	51	31	40
Depreciation and amortisation	112	108	80	76

21. Income tax

Income tax for the years is made up as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial s	tatements	financial statements	
	<u>2023</u> <u>2022</u>		<u>2023</u>	2022
Current income tax:				
Current income tax charge	4,967	14,326	-	-
Deferred tax:				
Relating to origination and reversal of				
temporary differences	25,755	(9,452)	25,234	(9,126)
Income tax reported in the				
statement of income	30,722	4,874	25,234	(9,126)

The amounts of income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income for the years are as follows:

			(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)	
	Consol	lidated	Separate		
	financial s	tatements	financial st	atements	
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
Deferred tax relating to gain on					
actuarial gain	(12,991)	(4,258)	(13,004)	(4,543)	
Deferred tax relating to (gain) loss on					
investments in equity designated					
at fair value through other					
comprehensive income	(7,305)	9,012	(7,462)	8,748	
	(20,296)	4,754	(20,466)	4,205	

The reconciliation between accounting profit (loss) and income tax is shown below.

			(Unit: 1	Thousand Baht)	
	Consc	olidated	Separate		
	financial	statements	financial s	tatements	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
Accounting profit (loss) before tax	(107,903)	31,739	(99,200)	(15,064)	
Applicable tax rate	20% and 25%	20% and 25%	20%	20%	
Accounting profit (loss) before tax multiplied by					
income tax rate	(22,018)	12,208	(19,840)	(3,013)	
Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred					
tax assets	-	(6,863)	-	-	
Deferred tax assets which were not recorded					
during the year	54,525	603	52,655	-	
Effects of:					
Additional taxable income	-	-	1,052	471	
Tax-exempt income	(675)	(675)	(4,668)	(6,665)	
Non-deductible expenses	524	599	257	343	
Additional expense deductions allowed	(425)	(472)	(222)	(262)	
Others	(1,209)	(526)	(4,000)	-	
Total	(1,785)	(1,074)	(7,581)	(6,113)	
Income tax reported in the income statement	30,722	4,874	25,234	(9,126)	

The components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	St	tatements of fin	ancial position	,
-	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate
	financial sta	atements	financial statements	
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)				
Trade accounts receivable and inventories				
(differences in revenue recognition)	380	-	419	-
Building improvement (differences in				
depreciation expenses)	972	912	-	-
Allowance for expected credit losses	2,876	879	2,684	534
Provision for diminution in value of				
inventories	26,224	92,680	25,272	90,824
Allowance for loss on onerous contracts	13,473	-	13,473	-
Unrealise gain on fair value adjustments				
of financial instruments	(1,589)	(229)	(2,092)	(271)
Provision for accrued vacation leave	870	901	646	706
Provision for long-term employee benefits	47,742	61,123	37,508	51,227
Unrealise gain on exchange of financial				
assets measured at FVOCI	(10,058)	(2,752)	(13,634)	(6,173)
Unused tax loss	72,443	45,889	72,443	45,572
Others	(25)	(45)	<u>-</u>	-
Deferred tax assets - net	153,308 199		136,719	182,419

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses amounting Baht 794 million (The Company only: Baht 404 million) (2022: Baht 584 million, The Company only: Baht 161 million), on which deferred tax assets have not been recognised as the Group believes future taxable profits may not be sufficient to allow utilisation of the temporary differences and unused tax losses.

The unused tax losses amounting to Bah 853 million (The Company only: Baht 625 million) will expire by the year 2028.

22. Earnings per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing profit (loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	For the year ended 31 December				
	Consoli	dated	Separate		
	financial sta	atements	financial statements		
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	
Profit (loss) for the year (Thousand Baht)	(137,522)	24,450	(124,433)	(5,938)	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	397,906	397,906	397,906	397,906	
(Thousand shares)					
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht/share)	(0.35)	0.06	(0.31)	(0.01)	

23. Segment information

Operating segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decisions about the allocation of resources to the segment and assess its performance. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the president of the Group.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its products and have four reportable segments as follows:

- The power cable segment, which consists of aluminum conductor power cable, copper conductor power cable and high-voltage power cable
- The communication cable segment
- The enameled and non-enameled wire segment, which consists of enameled copper wire, enameled aluminum wire and non-enameled copper wire
- The fiber optic cable segment

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

The chief operating decision maker monitors the operating results of the business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and assessing performance. Segment performance is measured based on operating profit or loss and total assets and on a basis consistent with that used to measure operating profit or loss and total assets in the financial statements.

The basis of accounting for any transactions between reportable segments is consistent with that for third party transactions.

The following table presents revenue and profit or loss information regarding the operating segments of the Group for the years.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	For the year ended 31 December											
		Enameled and										
	Power	cable	Commu	nication	non-enan	neled wire	Fiber opt	tic cable				
	segm	nent ¹⁾	cable s	egment	segment 2)		segment		ont Other segments		Consolidated	
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	2023	2022	2023	<u>2022</u>
Revenue												
Sales	2,916	2,345	7	11	2,757	3,564	98	41	12	38	5,790	5,999
Segment profit	102	5	-	1	86	162	18	15	2	2	208	185
Unallocated income and expenses											(316)	(154)
Profit (loss) before income tax											(108)	31
Income tax											(31)	(5)
Profit (loss) for the year											(139)	26
Non-controlling interests of the subside	diaries										1	(2)
Profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company							(138)	24				

¹⁾ Power cable segment consists of aluminum conductor power cable, copper conductor power cable and high-voltage power cable.

²⁾ Enameled and non-enameled wire segment consists of enameled copper wire, enameled aluminum wire and non-enameled copper wire.

Geographic information

Revenue from external customers is based on locations of the customers.

(Unit: Million Baht) 2023 2022 Revenue from external customers Thailand 5,288 5,346 Vietnam 117 188 Others 385 465 Total 5,790 5,999 Non-current assets (other than financial instruments, deferred tax assets) Thailand 1,287 1,306 China 16 17 Total 1,303 1,323

Major customers

For the year 2023, the Group has revenue from two major customer amounting to Baht 976 million arising from sales by power cable segment and amounting to Baht 702 million arising from sales by enameled and non-enameled wire segment (2022: Baht 833 million derived from one major customer, arising from sales by enameled and non-enameled wire segment and Baht 718 million derived from one major customer, arising from sales by power cable segment).

24. Provident fund

The Group and their employees have jointly established a provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. The employees and the Group contribute to the fund monthly at the rate of 5 percent of basic salary. The fund of the Company, which is managed by Krungsri Asset Management Company Limited and the fund of a subsidiary, which is managed by Bualuang Asset Management Company Limited, will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. The contributions for the year 2023 amounting to approximately Baht 10 million (2022: Baht 9 million) were recognised as expenses (the Company only: Baht 7 million, 2022: Baht 7 million).

25. Dividends

			Dividend
	Approved by	Total dividends	per share
		(Thousand Baht)	(Baht)
Final dividends for 2021	Annual General Meeting of the		
	shareholders on 26 April 2022	39,788	0.10
Final dividends for 2022	Annual General Meeting of the		
	shareholders on 24 April 2023	19,895	0.05

26. Commitments and contingent liabilities

		olidated statements	Separate financial statements	
·	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Capital commitments				
- Construction of factory building (Million Baht)	1	-	-	-
- Acquisition of machinery and equipment (Million Baht)	7	2	-	-
- Acquisition of vehicle (Million Baht)	-	2	-	-
Service commitments				
Payable within 1 year				
- Million Baht	6	7	5	5
- Million Taiwan dollar	3	3	1	1
Commitments to purchase raw material (Million US dollar)	1	-	1	-
Commitments to purchase raw material as per contracts				
Reference to the market price (Metric ton)	7,900 - 9,400	10,200 - 12,400	2,500 - 3,300	3,600
Fixed price (Metric ton)	200	440	-	-
Guarantee				
Letter of guarantee for bidding (Million Baht)	123	100	123	100
Letter of guarantee for performance in accordance with the contracts (Million Baht)	420	363	420	361
Letter of guarantee for utilities usage (Million Baht)	28	22	12	6

27. Fair value hierarchy

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group had the assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value using different levels of inputs as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2023

·				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Financial assets measured at FVOCI				
Equity investments	-	137	-	137
Derivatives				
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	8	-	8
Assets for which fair value are disclosed				
Investment properties	-	374	-	374

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2022

_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Financial assets measured at FVOCI				
Equity investments	-	100	-	100
Derivatives				
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	1	-	1
Assets for which fair value are disclosed				
Investment properties	-	365	-	365

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2023

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
-	91	-	91
-	10	-	10
-	361	-	361
	Level 1	- 91 - 10	- 91 - - 10 -

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements

as at 31 December 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Financial assets measured at FVOCI				
Equity investments	-	53	-	53
Derivatives				
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	1	-	1
Assets for which fair value are disclosed				
Investment properties	-	352	-	352

28. Financial instruments

28.1 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments principally comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other accounts receivable, loans, investments, long-term loan from financial institution, trade and other accounts payable and trust receipts. The financial risks associated with these financial instruments and how they are managed are described below.

Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk primarily with respect to trade and other accounts receivable, loans, deposits with banks and financial institution. The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amounts as stated in the statement of financial position.

Trade and other receivables

The Group manages the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses. Outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date to measure expected credit losses. The allowance rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar credit risks.

Cash

The credit risk on debt instruments is limited because the Group has a policy to consider and approve credit limits assigned to each counterparty by the Group's Board of directors. The counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Market risk

There are two types of market risk comprising currency risk and interest rate risk.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the foreign currency risk relates primarily to its trading transactions that are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group seeks to reduce this risk by has entered into forward exchange contracts when it considers appropriate. Generally, the forward contracts mature within one year.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the balances of financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were summarised below.

	Cons						
Foreign currency	Financia	Financial assets Financial liabilities		Financial assets Financial liabilities		Average exc	change rate
	2023	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	
	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Baht per 1 foreiç	gn currency unit)	
US dollar	2	3	14	15	34.2233	34.5624	
	Se	nts					
Foreign currency	Financial assets		Financial	liabilities	Average exc	change rate	
	2023	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	
	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Baht per 1 forei	gn currency unit)	
US dollar	-	-	10	10	34.2233	34.5624	

In addition, the Group's exposures to foreign currency risk arise from investments in an overseas subsidiary. The management of the Group intends to hold such investments for the long term, and has no plans to dispose it in the future.

The Group has evaluated that the changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies as at 31 December 2023 do not have any significant impact on the Group's profit before tax.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its cash at banks, trust receipts and long-term loan from financial institution. Most of the Group's financial assets and liabilities bear floating interest rates or fixed interest rates which are close to the market rate.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, significant financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rate were summarised in the below tables, with those financial assets and liabilities that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated financial statements

as at 31 December 2023

	Fixed interest rates					
	Within	Over	Floating	Non-interest		Effective
	1 year	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	interest rate
						(% p.a.)
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	490	2	492	0.1 - 0.6
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	2,028	2,028	-
Other current financial assets	-	-	-	8	8	-
Other non-current financial assets		50		137	187	0.2 - 2.4
	-	50	490	2,175	2,715	
Financial liabilities						
Trust receipts	1,151	-	-	-	1,151	2.8 - 4.7
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	477	477	-
Long-term loan from financial						
institution	309				309	Note 17
	1,460			477	1,937	

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated financial statements

as at 31 December 2022

	Fixed interest rates					
	Within	Over	Floating	Non-interest		Effective
	1 year	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	interest rate
						(% p.a.)
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	953	7	960	0.1 - 0.4
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	1,358	1,358	-
Other current financial assets	-	-	-	1	1	-
Other non-current financial assets		47		100	147	0.2 - 0.6
		47	953	1,466	2,466	
Financial liabilities						
Trust receipts	1,134	-	-	-	1,134	1.6 - 2.2
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	391	391	-
Long-term loan from financial						
institution			313		313	Note 17
	1,134		313	391	1,838	

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements

as at 31 December 2023

	Fixed interest rates				
	within	Floating	Non-interest		Effective
	1 year	interest rate	bearing	Total	interest rate
					(% p.a.)
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	245	-	245	0.1 - 0.6
Trade and other receivables	-	-	1,415	1,415	-
Other current financial assets	-	-	10	10	-
Other non-current financial assets			91	91	-
		245	1,516	1,761	
Financial liabilities					
Trust receipts	892	-	-	892	2.8 - 4.7
Trade and other payables	-	-	294	294	-
Long-term loan from financial					
institution	309			309	Note 17
	1,201		294	1,495	

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements

as at 31 December 2022

	Fixed interest rates				
	within	Floating	Non-interest		Effective
	1 year	interest rate	bearing	Total	interest rate
					(% p.a.)
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	587	2	589	0.1 - 0.4
Trade and other receivables	-	-	600	600	-
Other current financial assets	-	-	1	1	-
Other non-current financial assets			53	53	-
		587	656	1,243	
Financial liabilities					
Trust receipts	756	-	-	756	1.6 - 2.2
Trade and other payables	-	-	147	147	-
Long-term loan from financial					
institution		313		313	Note 17
	756	313	147	1,216	

Liquidity risk

The Group has assessed its liquidity risk as low. Since the Group can access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding.

28.2 Fair values of financial instruments

Since the majority of the Company's financial instruments are short-term in nature or carrying interest at rates close to the market interest rates, their fair value is not expected to be materially different from the amounts presented in the statement of financial position.

The methods and assumptions used by the Group estimating the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

- a) For financial assets and liabilities which have short-term maturities, including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other accounts receivable, trade and other account payable and trust receipts, the carrying amounts in the statement of financial position approximate their fair value.
- b) The fair value of equity securities is generally derived from quoted market prices, or based on generally accepted pricing models when no market price is available.
- c) The carrying amounts of long-term loan carrying interest at rates approximating the market rate, in the statement of financial position approximates their fair value.
- d) The fair value of derivatives has been determined using a discounted future cash flow model and a valuation model technique. Most of the inputs used for the valuation are observable in the relevant market, such as spot rates of foreign currencies, yield curves of the respective currencies, interest rate yield curves and commodity price yield curves. The Group considers to counterparty credit risk when determining the fair value of derivatives.

During the current year, there were no transfers within the fair value hierarchy.

29. Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it has an appropriate capital structure in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's debt-to-equity ratio was 0.60:1 (2022: 0.56:1) and the Company's was 0.52:1 (2022: 0.43:1).

30. Events after the reporting period

On 17 January 2024, the Company's Board of Directors meeting passed resolutions to approve the refinance and extension of the repayment period for a loan with a financial institution. The full settlement of the loan is scheduled to be completed by March 2027, with an interest rate of 4.76 percent per annum. Repayments will be made on a quarterly basis, and the Company is required to mortgage its land as collateral. The Company is required to comply with several covenants, including maintaining the debt-to-equity ratio and debt service coverage ratio at the rates specified in the agreement.

31. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the authorised director of the Company on 22 February 2024.