Annual Registration Statement Annual Report Form 56–1 One Report 2022



Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company limited

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## 1. Operating Structure of the Company Group

#### 1.1 Policy and Business Overview

Charoong Thai Wire & Cable Public Co., Ltd., ("Charoong Thai") or ("CTW") was established since 1967 with registered capital of Baht 10 million. The Company received investment supports from the Board of Investment (BOI) by the joint venture between Thai and Taiwanese investors which are Walsin Lihwa Electric Wire & Cable Corp. and Pacific Electric Wire and Cable Company Limited ("PEWC"). The Company became a public company limited after that and registered to enter into Thailand Stock Exchange on September 25<sup>th</sup>, 1975. It is categorized under electrical and computer section which is now under Industrial Materials & Machinery section.

PEWC is indirectly a parent company while running their business in Taiwan. The main business is manufacturing electric wires and cables, trading and telecommunication business in Asia.

The parent company and the Company are doing the same type of business which are manufacturing and distributing electrical wires and cable wires while both companies have geographically divided the job scope very clearly.

The Company and its subsidiaries such as Siam Fiber Optics Co., Ltd. ("SFO"), Double D Cable Co., Ltd. ("DDC"), Siam Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd. ("SPEWC") and Shanghai Asia Pacific Electric Co., Ltd. ("SAP") have their main business of manufacturing aluminum electrical wire, copper electrical wire, insulated electrical wire of both high-low voltage, telephone wire, cable wire, fiber optic cable, and enameled wire in order to sell both domestically and internationally. The business includes OEM, exchange, and transform the mentioned products.

The Company has an investment business company which is CTW-Beta Co., Ltd. ("CTW-Beta") which has business objective to gain the profit from investments. The Company also has the joint venture regarding communication and telecommunication business, Loxpac (Thailand) Co., Ltd. ("LOXPAC") and Loxpac Hong kong Co., Ltd. ("Loxpac HK"). At present, the Company does not have any policies to increase its investment unless such investment is able to support the main business of the Company.

## 1.1.1 Vision

- 1. Persistently seeking ways to improve the production efficiency and quality.
- 2. Persistently developing innovative product and exploring the new market.
- 3. Persistently maintaining as the first tier cable manufacturer in Thailand.

## Mission

- 1. Providing highest quality product and service for customers.
- 2. Producing decent profit with consistency for shareholders.
- 3. Providing safe and secure working environment for staffs.

## 1.1.2 Corporate Information

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited ("CTW" or the "Company"), or in Thai ปริษัท จรุงไทยไวร์แอนด์เคเบิ้ล จำกัด (มหาขน), is located at 589/71 Central City Tower 12A Floor, Debaratana Road, North Bangna Sub-district, Bangna District, Bangkok 10260. Its telephone numbers are (662) 745-6118 to 30 and facsimile numbers are (662) 745-6131 to 32. The Company's home page on the internet is www.ctw.co.th and its registration number is 0107537000599. CTW has been a manufacturer and distributor of Aluminium Cables, Copper Cables, High-Voltage Cables, Telephone Cables, Fiber Optic Cables, Enameled Wires and Non-Enameled Wires sold to the domestic and export market. The Company is also an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) which manufactures products for customers since 1967.

As at 4 January 2023, it had paid-up capital in the amount of Baht 1,989,531,420 (397,906,284 ordinary shares of Baht 5 each).

## 1.2 Nature of Business

## 1.2.1 Revenue Structure

Product Line /	Ву	% of	202	22	202	21	202	20
Business Category		Investment	Revenue	%	Revenue	%	Revenue	%
			Million Baht		Million Baht		Million Baht	
Manufacturing /	CTW		2,429.70	40.29	2,917.19	45.55	2,555.57	54.54
Revenue	SPEWC	100.00	3,581.29	59.38	3,447.93	53.83	1,823.55	38.92
	SAP	63.68	11.44	0.19	23.48	0.37	199.49	4.26
	SFO	100.00	8.35	0.14	16.27	0.25	104.65	2.23
	DDC	100.00	0.05	0.00	0.04	0.00	2.57	0.05
Investment /								
Revenue	CTW-Beta	100.00	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
Total		100.00	6,030.83	100.00	6,404.91	100.00	4,685.83	100.00

Revenue Structure of the Company by business group.

Product Line /	Ву	% of	Expressed in	2022	2021	2020
Business Category		Investment				
Telecommunication*	Loxpac HK	19.65	USD	571,104	163,179	282,784
Revenue	Loxpac**	24.56	Million Baht	-	-	0.00

Remarks : \* Figures were represented total revenues of its an associated companies, which were not calculated by holding percentage of CTW.

\*\* The liquidation is currently in progress.

## 1.2.2 Product Information

The Manufacturing Group

(1) Features of Products

## A) Products

Products of the group are classified into Four categories as follows:

- 1. Electric Cables (Aluminium Cable, Copper Cable, High Voltage Cable)
- 2. Telephone Cable
- 3. Fiber Optic Cable
- 4. Enameled and Non-Enameled Wire (Enameled Copper Wire, Enameled Aluminum Wire and Non-Enameled Copper Wire)
- B) Sales by product

Product	Sales (%)	Description
	2022	
Enameled and	59.39	- Enameled Copper Wire
Non-Enameled Wire		- Enameled Aluminum Wire
		- Non-Enameled Copper Wire
Copper electrical wire	17.52	- Building Wire (THW, NYY, VSF)
		- Bare Copper
High voltage power cable	16.39	- Space Aerial
		- XLPE Copper Cable 12/20 KV, 24 KV, 115 KV
Aluminium electrical wire	5.18	- ACSR1272
		- AAC
		- PVC Insulated Aluminium Cable
Fiber optic cable	0.69	- Single/Multi Fiber optics
Telephone cable	0.19	- Self-Supporting Drop Wire
		- Figure 8 Alpeth
		- PE Alpeth
		- Foam/Skin Alpeth
Others	0.64	
Total	100.00	

Most of the Company's products are the manufacturing group, Enameled Wire and Non-Enameled Wire are sold to the private sectors and export. In regard to Electrical Wires and Cable, and Fiber Optic Cables are sold to state enterprises such as Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand (EGAT), Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA) and Metropolitan Electricity Authority (MEA) including the transformed state enterprises such as National Telecom Plc., and are sold to private sector such as the contractors and general customers etc.

## (2) Marketing and Competition

## A) Marketing of Important Products and Services

The Company has emphasized the marketing mix (4P) to enhance its target as follows:

## 1. Product

The Company manufactures quality Aluminum Electrical Wire, Copper Electrical Wire, High-Voltage Cables, Telecommunication Cables, Fiber Optic Cables, Enameled Wires and Non-Enameled Wires which meet certain high standard in domestic and international by reputed institution such as, Thai Industrial Standard (TIS), International Standard (IEC: International Electronic Commission), British Standard (BSEN), American Standard (ASTM) etc. Furthermore, its products have also obtained many product certificates from Thai Government and other creditable institution as the followings:

- License of Compulsory Thai Industrial Standard e.g. TIS 11-2553 (2010), TIS 11-2559 (2016),
   TIS 293-2541 (1998), TIS 2202-2547 (2004), TIS 85-2548 (2005), TIS 2434-2552 (2009) and
   License of Thai Industrial Standard e.g. TIS 64-2517 (1974), TIS 838-2531 (1988), TIS 2143-2546 (2003) and TIS 2341-2564 (2021) by Thai Industrial Standards institute (TISI) etc.
- Type Test Approval of High Voltage Power Cable (69 KV. and 115 KV.) from Faculty of Engineering Chulalongkorn University and King Monkut's Institute of Technology Ladkrabang.
  Certificate of Fire Resistance Cable & Flame Retardant Cable and Solar Cable (Photovoltaic Cable) from TUV SUD PSB Pte. Ltd., Singapore.

With the above credentials, it would definitely helpful to convince the customers to choose and use the Company's products. In addition, the Company has developed the new products to support the Mass Rapid Transit Projects such as the Control and Signaling Cable etc. With regard to its subsidiaries, SPEWC initiated the production of LITZ wire and has produced and distributed since the beginning of the year 2018 onwards which is the semi-finished product that the overseas industrial customers using as the initial raw material. In 2022, the Company focuses on improving product quality, in order to prepare to support a better economy and lead into new markets, such as Japan or European Union (EU) markets. SFO, its subsidiary, which the Company acquired ordinary shares from other shareholders and has completely acquired 100% stake in SFO since the early 2022. In the parts of developed conduit wiring cable to have lesser diameter for the purpose of increasing number of cable in the same conduit. CTW (formerly SFO) has reached a certain level, but the result is not the expected goal and has to takes time to further testing and improving.

#### 2. Price

In the previous year, the overall economy tended to grow better. The government had to issue measures to stimulate the economy and accelerated investment in various infrastructure projects through investments in various projects. In 2022, the Company has tried to increase sales volume and maintain the profit margin but the Company need to improve the selling price accordingly and to be in line with main raw materials price due to intense price competition and increase in the main raw materials price in the global market by focusing on cost control and cutting unnecessary expenses. Besides, the Company has installed the new modern machines for producing products in larger quantities and faster, including providing information and consulting about products. With regard to SPEWC, its a subsidiary, the Company was strict to purchase raw materials by using just in time and matching purchase price with sale price as much as possible. This is able to control costs more accurately. In 2022, SPEWC had tried to control the purchase of raw materials, which has a fluctuating price due to the rapid changes in exchange rate by controlling the shipment according to the International Commercial Terms: Incoterm.

3. Place

The Company goal is always to increase its wire and cable products market share to expand throughout the country. Its sales mainly focus on electrical contractors, existing distributors and new distributors with high potential as well as distributors in up-country. In addition, the Company has created more sales opportunities. It has aggressively expanded on bidding more mega projects such as the Mass Rapid Transit Projects (Blue Line-Extension), Orange Line, Yellow Line and Pink Line), Projects of the State Railway of Thailand (SRT) (Double Track Railway project), Thailand High-Speed Rail Project (HSR), Small Power Producer (SPP), Independence Power Producer (IPP), Construction of Suvarnabhumi Airport Phase 2 Project and Construction of New Parliament and The Conversion of Overhead Power Cables to Underground Cable Project of MEA etc., These are long term projects (2-3 years) which need to use a large number of the electric wires and cables also Fiber optic cables. With regard to SPEWC, its a subsidiary, has tried to find more distribution channel to sales of old products and new products to the neighboring and overseas countries. In 2021, SPEWC has to find more new customers in the existing market but focusing on the customers who make more profitable. SPEWC's classes of customers changed significantly in 2021. Then, the Company has focused on sales and services to the world's leading manufacturers of electrical appliances and computer equipment that their factory located in Thailand, and have been positively affected by COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, the Company can reduce unnecessary work and wasted time to satisfy major customers. In 2022, the Company has started looking for customers in Japan market if the products can be sold it would be a track record that will result in the Company being able to sell products to other markets with good profit margins.

#### 4. Promotion

The Company made advertising and public relations through billboard, magazine and media which relate to electrical industry such as Thai Electrical & Mechanical Contractors, Thailand Engineering Journal etc. In 2022, the Company has been using advertisement through online media such as the Internet and Facebook etc., which aim directly to target potential customers. The Company also invited agencies, contractors on electricity group, engineer supervisor group or electricity system designers to visit its factory for studying manufacturing, testing and calibrating process in order to ensure the high quality and standard of the Company's products. In addition, the Company has focused on product knowledge training and seminars to the target customer all regions of Thailand, for expanding the customer group base and for brand perception and familiarity.

With regard to export to Vietnam, Singapore, Myanmar and Laos market, the Company has still faced the competition from other foreign manufacturers who have lower labor cost. Therefore, it could not increase export sales as expectation.

In 2022, SPEWC, its a subsidiary, had focused on improving the quality of products and services for customers. It also facilitated customers to prevent fluctuations in raw material prices, which will affect the price of products sold to customers instead of offering special discounts for dealers when the total value of the order meets a specified amount.

## The Company's marketing strategies are as follows:

• To increase sales amount of products sold to private organizations and state enterprises. The Company's main target is to emphasize on product quality development. In 2022, the sales amount to private sector with several large projects accounted for 61% while the sales amount to customers from state enterprise group accounted for 39% of the total sale amount. Furthermore, the Company revised its regulations on receipt of payment from customer in order to facilitate transaction with domestic customer from private sector.

• To increase sales volume and find more channel for export while being determined to maintain the Company's product quality to meet international standards.

• To look for more competent dealers both in Bangkok and major provinces who will be a regional dealer in each region.

 To expand customer base to cover new groups by offering products to various groups of customer e.g. hospital, condominium, Thung Mahamek Aviation Center, Universities and Suvarnabhumi Airport Phase II etc.

• To participate more in the bidding for Mega projects by public and private sectors e.g. Railway Projects, Double Track Railway Projects (extended part), High Speed Rail Project and the High-Speed Rail Linking Three Airports Project (Don Mueang—Suvarnabhumi—U-Tapao) etc.

• To maintain good relations with state enterprises and establish close relationship with general customers on regular basis.

• To improve service and deliver product more efficiently and quickly.

• To revise policies on appointment of dealers, marketing and sales promotion as well as to develop distribution channels and provincial dealers.

#### Distribution channels

The Company and SFO, its a subsidiary, have sales to the state enterprise, the private sector, and exports for the years 2020 to 2022, representing the percentages as follows:

		CTW			SFO	
	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022
State Enterprise	52.86	45.54	39.42	41.38	0.00	4.45
Private Sector	46.85	49.87	60.20	58.62	100.00	95.55
Export	0.29	4.59	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

In 2022, SPEWC, its a subsidiary, had domestic sales of 71.69%, most of which were sold to private sector customers and exported 28.31%.

- State Enterprise : Through bidding according to the policy on procurement of finished products and services from local manufacturers and suppliers, electronic procurement system (E-Bidding), selection and specific selection. In 2022, the Company had the contracts awarded by state enterprises with bidding in the major infrastructure projects have always been driven by public sector.
- Private Sector : The Company strives to increase its competitiveness with domestic competitors by bidding to large contractors or project contractors e.g. Yellow and Pink Line Railway Station Project, Lotus Department Store, ICONSIAM Shopping Center, The Government Pharmaceutical Organization (GPO) Rangslt factory, S-Space Condominium-Bang Wua Tower A, Onsen and Spa-Pattaya. With better competitiveness, the Company will be in a better position to win the bidding.
- Export : Export situation in 2022, it was severely affected by long and intensive competition and due to global economic slowdown and COVID-19 pandemic. Then the export to the Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Vietnam, Singapore and Philippines still encountered certain restrictions thus making the export volume being unable to reach the expected target. The Company still struggles to find new overseas market for export opportunity.

## B) Competitive conditions and market share

Aluminum electrical wire

In 2022, the Company still faced the economic recession since it was affected by Covid-19 pandemic as a result, many state enterprises such as The Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA), The Metropolitan Electricity Authority (MEA) and The Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand (EGAT) have slowed down investment in various projects, causing the government and private sectors' demand decreased for aluminum electric cables. In 2022 the Company has a market share of approximately 10 percent of domestic market.

#### Copper electrical wire

In 2022, the economy was still in a recession due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and Russia-Ukraine War which affected production process that had to rely on oil and main raw materials imports, causing economic disruption in many sectors, private sector's investment and production slowed down. The Company was unable to deliver the products. There are more manufacturers in the copper electric wire market cause the Company has also faced competitions more intense. Therefore, the Company has to adapt to cope with such a situation by trying to reduce production costs, control expenses and improve production efficiency, build customer confidence both quality and service. As a result, the Company continued to obtain contracts from the government and private sector e.g. Renovation of Nawamintharachini and Katkanang Buildings of King Chulalongkorn Memorial Hospital, The Origin Ladprao 111 Condominuim, The Siam Heritage Hotel, Lotus Department Store-Ratchaphruek,

Visual Docking Guidance System (VDGS) at Suvarnabhumi Airport, Construction Tunnel ST-9, Mass Rapid Transit (Yellow Line, Pink Line), Pruksa Housing Projects 1 and 2. In 2022, the Company has a market share of approximately 8 percent of the domestic market.

#### High voltage power cable

Most of the High voltage power cable market is similar to the Aluminum electrical wire market. The Company will be OEM for state enterprises and distribute products to private sector customers who subcontracted from various projects from the government e.g. Double Track Railway Project (Map Kabao-Tanon Chira Junction ST9), The Overhead-to-Underground Cable Conversion Rama 3 Road Project, Power Station of PEA (Chiang Rai, Phitsanulok, Nakhon Ratchasima) resulting in 2022, the Company has a market share of approximately 10 percent of the domestic market.

## Telephone cable

The demand for copper telephone cable has declined significantly since there are alternate products resulting from technology changes, that is, fiber optic cable which be better than in technical such as reduction of signal attenuation, more data storage, small structure, lightweight, non-conductive (quality for insulation) etc. The government agency that still uses copper telephone cable is National Telecom Plc., who purchase to replace the old that must be replaced it by lifetime which most telephone cable has been switched to use fiber optic cable. As for SPEWC ceased producing and selling telephone cable and canceled the production line because there are no customers ordering this product due to technology disruption.

#### Fiber optic cable

As communication technology using fiber optic cable plays an important role in global telecommunication industry rapidly, such would increase demand for fiber optic cable. As a result, the number of fiber optic cable manufacturers has increased vastly. There are six domestic manufacturers and many overseas manufactures of fiber optic cable, causing high competition, especially in terms of price. The Company's customers are divided into 2 groups: the government and state enterprises such as MEA, PEA, Ministry of Education, Bangkok Metropolis and Private Enterprises, which are the telecommunication business operators and communication system installation contractors.

In 2022, the competitive situation is still as strong as before, but in late 2022, there were purchasing power from the private sector to use the products in government projects, and state enterprises announced for bidding directly. After the overall economic situation improved due to the easing of the COVID-19 pandemic situation. But the total value of those orders is still lower than expected.

However, as the government projects are required to use locally produced cables only resulting from the assistance of The Thai Electrical Electronic and Telecommunication Industries Association and The Federation of Thai Industries, who complained to The Comptroller General's Department to support domestic manufacturers (Made in Thailand: MIT), if this condition is still in effect, the Company's market share may change for the better.

## Enameled and non-enameled Wire

SPEWC, its a subsidiary, is one of the top-three enameled copper wire manufacturers of the highest quality standard in Thailand. It also obtains standard of Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) which is accepted by domestic and overseas electrical manufacturers in the world. SPEWC has always emphasized its competitiveness of quality, quick delivery and service, and full responsibilities for solving the products problem. With regard to, the intensified competition environment, SPEWC, as per its Policy, has focused more on selling products to targeted customers with real demand for the Company's products (Niche Market). In addition, SPEWC has attempted to attract the existing customers in existing markets and discover new customers in existing markets. It has also tried to discover the new markets both overseas and domestic markets for better selling price.

SPEWC has produced and exported the 2.6 millimeters and 1.8 millimeters bare copper wire which the overseas industrial customers used as the initial raw material since 2015. Although, SPEWC has a thin profit margin for bare copper wire, the management has considered that it can benefit from utilizing available manufacturing capacity to the maximum.

In 2018, SPEWC initiated the production of LITZ wire, a new product which is another strand wire that used in the electronics manufacturing industry. SPEWC plans to start the production and distribution of LITZ wire early in the year 2018 up to now. In 2022, SPEWC has a market share of Enameled wires and Non-Enameled wire of approximately 25-30 percent of domestic market.

In 2022, SPEWC reduced sales of non-enameled wire until it was only 0.69% of total sales since it generated tiny gross profit or loss sometimes. It was also an export which has export expenses such as shipping fees, freight fee, bank fees of export documents, expenses incurred from using foreign currency; the difference between selling-buying rate, pre-hedging contract fee, commission in lieu of exchange. In addition, overseas customers have been asking for a long-time credit, which there is a risk that they may fail to pay invoice. (All sales are in B/C or Post Shipment T/T).

#### Rights and Limitations to Manufacturing Business Operation

The Company's products meet local and international quality standards e.g. TIS, NEMA, IEC, BS and ASTM etc. The Company adopts high standard of technology for high quality product as well as quality management system under ISO 9000 until being accredited with ISO 9002: 1994 for the first time in 1996 from the Thai Industrial Standards Institute (TISI), Ministry of Industry and from Bureau Veritas Quality International (BVQI) in the following year. The quality management system has been being adjusted over time and the current version is ISO 9001:2015. Furthermore, the Company, in its manufacturing operation, has always taken into account the environmental impacts and has adopted environmental management system, ISO14001: 2004 for which the Company was accredited by Management System Certification Institute (MASCI) in 2014 which is now revised to the latest version ISO14001: 2015 as the same as ISO 9001:2015. In 2018, the Company adopted the occupational health and safety management system and it was accredited for such system under TIS 18001: 2011 and ISO 45001: 2018 from MASCI like ISO 9001:2015 and ISO14001: 2015. The Company's test laboratory has also been certified for its capacity and standard under ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 by the Thai Laboratory Accreditation Scheme (TLAS), Thai Industrial Standards Institute (TISI). The laboratory's capacity has been extended to cover all of the Company's product lines e.g. Fire Resistant Cable, Low Voltage Cable and High Voltage Cable etc. in order to establish confidence among our customers as to product quality.

With regard to SFO, its a subsidiary, as CTW acquired all the entire business in SFO, SFO transferred its legal rights to CTW e.g. Factory License, License of Industrial Products Standard Producing (TIS), Innovation Registration, Petty Patent, including ISO 9001 Quality Management Certificate and ISO 14001 : 2015 Certificate of Environment Management System.

## (3) Procurement of Products

## A) Manufacturing of products

Plants of CTW are located at 35/1 Moo 22, Suwintawong Road, Saladaeng Sub-district, Bang Nam Priao District, Chachoengsao Province, consists of one office building and six buildings as follows :

- 1. Office Building
- 2. Aluminium Cable Production Building
- 3. Power Cable Production Building
- 4. Telephone Cable Production Building
- 5. Low Voltage Cable and Copper Wire Production Building
- 6. Test Cable Building
- 7. Fiber Optic Cable Production Building

SPEWC 's office is located at 2922/311-312 , 30th Floor, Charn Issara Tower 2, New Petchburi Road, Bang Kapi Sub-district, Huai Khwang District, Bangkok. Its plants are located at 8 Village No. 5, Tiwanon Road, Ban Mai Sub-district, Mueang Pathumthani District, Pathumthani Province, consists of office building as follows :

1.	Office Building	2	Buildings
2.	Machine Building	8	Buildings
3.	Warehouse Building	6	Buildings
4.	Temporary building for packing products	2	Buildings
5.	Security Building	1	Building
~ ~ ~			

Office and plant of Shanghai Asia Pacific Electric Co., Ltd. (SAP) are located at 2525 Daye R(d), Wuqiao Town, Feng Xian District, Shanghai, China.

## Production Capacity and Utilisation Rate :

Production capacity and actual production volume	2022	2021	2020
Aluminium electrical wires			
Full Capacity per year : 14,400 metric tons			
Actual production volume (metric tons)	6,672	10,706	6,715
Annualized Utilization Rate (%)	46	74	47
Copper electrical wires			
Full Capacity per year : 12,000 metric tons			
Actual production volume (metric tons)	4,928	3,928	5,501
Annualized Utilization Rate (%)	41	33	46
Telephone cables (pairs-km)			
Full Capacity per year : 1,440,000 (pairs-km)			
Actual production volume (metric tons)	1,304	962	1,253
Annualized Utilization Rate (%)	0.1	0.1	0.1
<u>High voltage power cables</u>			
Full Capacity per year : 5,250 metric tons (XLPE)			
Actual production volume (metric tons)	3,623	3,672	5,079
Annualized Utilization Rate (%)	69	70	97
Fiber optic cables (km-fiber)			
Full Capacity per year : 500,000 Km-fiber/year			
Actual production volume (metric tons)	42,435	23,117	53,567
Annualized Utilization Rate (%)	8	5	11

## Production Capacity and Utilisation Rate of Subsidiries (SPEWC)

Production capacity and actual production volume	2022	2021	2020
SPEWC			
Enameled wires and Non-Enameled wire			
Actual production volume : 15,600 metric tons			
Actual production volume (metric tons)	9,629	10,203	7,642
Annualized Utilization Rate (%)	62	65	49
Communication cables (pairs-km)			
Full Capacity per year : 180,000 pairs-km/year			
Actual production volume (pairs-km)	0	0	3,864
Annualized Utilization Rate (%)	0	0	2

## B) Sources and Acquisition of Raw Materials

The technology used in the production process is obtained from its Taiwanese shareholders and the Company has continually developed. It has also received technology support from Fujikura Ltd. of Japan for more than 30 years.

## Effects on the Environment

The Company has never experience any detrimental environmental effects which exceeds government standard from the production process due to the advanced nature of the technology in use. The Company uses raw materials which have no heavy metals that are harmful to life and environment such as Lead-free PVC etc.

## Raw materials

In 2022, around eighty-one percent (81%) of the raw material used in the production process is imported from various countries through various agencies in Thailand and nineteen percent (19%) from domestic suppliers. There were total 56 suppliers of raw materials, 28 suppliers from domestic and 28 suppliers from overseas.

#### Raw materials of CTW and its subsidiaries can be divided into four principal categories :

1. Conductors :

The important conductors are aluminium and copper with a purification rate of 99.70 per cent and 99.90 per cent, respectively. Aluminium and copper are imported from Australia, China, and Poland etc. The both of metals price were regulated by the central market in Great Britain (London Metal Exchange), which originally, the Company was responsible for purchasing and procuring raw materials for customers. But in present, the Company's customers, who are the state enterprises have changed their policy to procure and supply raw materials by themselves and they hired the Company to produce for power cable products. As a result, the Company can reduce the burden of procurement and storing of raw materials as well as reduce the negative effects of fluctuations in raw materials price from the global market

2. Insulator (Semi-Insulator) : There are three types of insulators used in the production process

as follows:

- 2.1 Thermoplastic insulators , there are 3 types that are used :
  - 2.1.1 Polyvinyl chloride or PVC which is supplied from 3 domestic suppliers.
  - 2.1.2 Polyethylene or PE which is supplied from 1 domestic supplier and imported from 3 overseas suppliers.
  - 2.1.3 Low Smoke Halogen Free or LSHF is supplied by imported from 3 overseas suppliers.
- 2.2 Thermosetting Plastic insulators are imported from overseas suppliers.
- 2.3 Semi-conductive insulators are imported from overseas suppliers.

3. <u>Fiber Optics</u>: The Company selects to purchase raw material from leading manufactures in the world which focusing on the quality and delivery.

4. 99.9 % Copper Cathode and 99.9 % Copper Rod :

Major raw materials that SPEWC needs to import from abroad through broker. As copper is considered as one of commodities whose main market is in Britain, namely, London Metal Exchange (LME). Its price can fluctuate all the time depending on demand and supply of global market. Due to the price fluctuations and the production volumes from copper mines, SPEWC has required to enter into the yearly sale and purchase contract with the quota of minimum order per month. This is also an agreement with the suppliers that they are obliged to supply and deliver copper as specified in the sales contracts.

#### (4) Assets used in business operations

#### Fixed assets (net)

Fixed assets as detailed in the Company's consolidated financial statements (Audited) as at December 31, 2022 can be summarized as follows:

				(U	nit : Million Baht)
Assets	Cost	Accumulated	Allowance for	Net value	Ownership
		depreciation	impairment		
Land <sup>1</sup>	240.12	-	-	240.12	Owner
Apartment building, Building <sup>/2</sup> and					
Building improvements	1,492.19	(1,123.66)	(27.55)	340.98	Owner
Machinery and Equipment	2,922.18	(2,294.80)	(37.16)	590.22	Owner
Fixture and Office Equipment	106.85	(91.91)	-	14.94	Owner
Vehicle	116.74	(73.92)	-	42.82	Owner
Assets under installation and construction	41.29	-	-	41.29	Owner
Total	4,919.37	(3,584.29)	(64.71)	1,270.37	

**Remarks** 1. Currently, the Company and subsidiaries own all land plots in the area of 227 rai 3 ngan 48.5 square wah, which are located as follows:

- 1.1 Land area of 13 rai 3 ngan 46 square wah is located at Suksawat Road, Phra Pradaeng District, Samutprakan Province. (Old factory and has no production).
- 1.2 Land area of 163 rai, 1 ngan, 19 square wah; is located at Suwinthawong Road, Saladaeng Sub-district, Bang Nam Priao District, Chachoengsao Province. (Factory of CTW).

- 1.3 Land area of 4 rai 67 square wah, located at Suwinthawong Road, Saladaeng Sub-district, Bang Nam Priao District, Chachoengsao Province. (Vacant land).
- 1.4 Land area of 198 square wah located at Mueang District, Chachoengsao Province. (The residence for the Company's employees).
- 1.5 Land area of 67 rai 3 ngan 14.5 square wah, located at Tiwanon Road, Ban Mai Sub-district, Mueang Pathum Thani District. Pathum Thani Province. (Factory of SPEWC, its a subsidiary).
- 2. The offices are divided as follows:
  - 2.1 The offices of the Company and SFO, located at Floor 12A, Central City Tower, Debaratana Road, North Bang Na Sub-district, Bang Na District, Bangkok, with an area of 1,351.98 square meters.
  - 2.2 The residential suite of 2 executive rooms located at Central City North South Building, Debaratana Road, North Bang Na Sub-district, Bang Na District, Bangkok, area 115.92 square meters and 109.66 square meters.
  - 2.3 The subsidiary's office, SPEWC, is located at the 30th floor of Chan Issara Tower 2, New Petchburi Road, Huai Khwang District, Bangkok. Another office building is located at Tiwanon Road, Ban Mai Sub-district, Mueang Pathum Thani District. Pathum Thani Province.
  - 2.4 The Townhouse in Busakorn Ville Village, 11 booths, is located in Chachoengsao Province. (The residences of the Company's employees).
- 3. Factory buildings are divided as follows:
  - 3.1 The factory office building is on an area of 756 square meters.
  - 3.2 The telephone cable factory building is on an area of 18,000 square meters.
  - 3.3 Copper cable factory and high-voltage electric cables building on 23,700 square meters.
  - 3.4 The aluminum cable factory building is on an area of 12,100 square meters.
  - 3.5 Fiber optic cable factory building on 3,600 square meters.
  - 3.6 Low voltage electric cable and Copper cable factory buildings on 18,000 square meters.
  - 3.7 Laboratory building on the area of 2,322 square meters.
  - 3.8 SPEWC's 8 machine buildings.
- 4. SPEWC, its a subsidiary released its mortgaged of land and buildings with a bank. However, it is still restricted from selling, transferring or creating lien over the land and buildings without written consent from the bank.
  - (5) Backlog

As at 31 December 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries have backlog of Baht 840 million.

#### The Holding Group

CTW - Beta Co., Ltd. is solely engaged in investing in entities with a view to realize a capital gain. <u>The Telecommunications Group</u>

Loxpac (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (Loxpac TH) held a telecom concession license to be the solo telecom service provider for FETZ (Free Economic and Trade Zone) in DPRK (Democratic People's Republic of Korea). In September 1996, the Company launched a local operator NEAT&T (North East Asia Telephone & Telecommunications Co. Ltd.) in FETZ which is a Joint Venture with KPTC (Korea Postal & Telecommunications Co. Ltd.). Loxpac TH ceased operation completely from March 31, 2018, now is in the proceeding of dissolution.

Loxpac Hong Kong Co., Ltd. (Loxpac-HK) held an Internet Service Provider ("ISP") concession license to starts a Joint Venture company "Star J.V." with KPTC to be the ISP in DPRK. Star J.V lunched its internet service on 10 October 2010. The ISP concession of Loxpac Hong Kong will be ended in October 2025. We expect to have another 10 years extension until year 2035.

# 1.3 Shareholding Structure of the Company Group1.3.1 Parent Group Structure (as at 31 December 2022)



Remark : \* The liquidation is currently in progress.

Company Name and Locath	on Kind of Activity	Туре	lssued Shares Number (Shares)	Shareholding Portion Number (Shares)	%
. CTW-Beta Co., Ltd. Ir	nvestment & Holding Company	Ordinary	10,000	9,993	99.93
		Shares			
. Double D Cable Co., Ltd.	Manufacturer and	Ordinary	200,000	199,995	100.00
	distributor of	Shares			
	aluminium and copper				
	cables and copper				
	rod manufacturing servic	e			
. Siam Fiber Optics Co., Ltd.	Manufacturer and	Ordinary	24,000,000	23,999,994	100.00
Head office : 589/71	distributor of	Shares			
Central City Tower 12A Fl.,	fibre optic cables				
Debaratana Road, North Bangna	,				
Bangna, Bangkok 10260					
Tel : (02) 745-6118-30					
Fax : (02) 745-6131-32					
Siam Pacific Electric Wire	Manufacturer and	Ordinary	6,7000,000	6,700,000	100.00
& Cable Co., Ltd.	distributor of wire	Shares			
Head Office : 30 Fl., Charn Issard	Tower 2, and cable products,				
2922/312 New Petchburi Rd.,	enameled wires and				
Bangkok 10320	non-enameled wires				
Tel : (02) 308-2091 (Auto, 15 Line	s)				
Fax : (02) 308-2081-2					
. Shanghai Asia Pacific Electric Co.	, Ltd. Distributor of	Ordinary	10,548,737	6,548,737	62.08
Head Office : 2525 Daye R (d),	enameled	Shares			
Wuqiao Town, Feng Xian District,	copper wires				
Shanghai, China					
Tel : (86 21) 5740 3196					
Fax: (86 21) 5740 2366					
Loxpac (Thailand) Co., Ltd. **	Telecommunications	Ordinary	45,000,000	12,690,000	*24.56
Head Office : 139 Sethiwan Towe	er,	Shares			
1 <sup>st</sup> Floor, Pan Road, Silom,		Preferred	25,000,000	5,594,500	
Bangrak, Bangkok 10500		Shares			
Tel : 084 0167912					
. Loxpac Hong Kong Ltd.	Telecommunications	Ordinary	50,000	9,825	19.65
Head Office : 18/F., Cigna Towe	r,	Shares			
482 Jaffe Road, Causeway Bay,	Hong Kong				
Thai Metal Processing Co., Ltd.	Fabrication of	Ordinary	1,500,000	225,000	15.00
Head Office : 25 Fl., Two Pacific	Place Bldg. copper rod	Shares			
142 Sukhumvit Rd., Klongtoey, Ba	ngkok 10110				
Tel : (02) 653-2550 (30 lines)					
Fax : (02) 653-2617					

Remarks : \* Voting Rights.

\*\* The liquidation is currently in progress.

## 1.3.2 Persons who may have conflicts of interest hold shares in subsidiaries or associates

-None-

## 1.3.3 Relationship with the business group of the major shareholder

Top 10 Shareholders of Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd. (PEWC), its Parent Company (As at 18<sup>th</sup> April 2022)

Shareholders	No. of shares	Holding %
1. National Financial Stabilization Fund	26,225,241	3.56
2. Yuan Yuan Corporation	24,008,254	3.26
3. Century Pacific Corporation	16,787,802	2.28
4. Ding-Hao ACME Co., Ltd.	8,654,393	1.18
5. Jin Xing Industry Ltd.	7,549,364	1.03
6. Tai Ho Investment Co., Ltd.	5,849,756	0.79
7. PEWC Employee Welfare Committee	5,289,443	0.72
8. Liao Guang Rong	4,290,000	0.58
9. Ruiya Investment Co., Ltd.	3,825,000	0.52
10. Xin Cheng International Co., Ltd.	3,616,137	0.49
11. Minority Shareholders	629,804,610	85.59
Total shares issued	735,900,000	100.00

## 1.3.4 Shareholders

Major Shareholders as at 25 March 2022 (The latest Record Date in the year 2022) as follows:

Shareholders Group	No. of Shares	% of holding	Notes
1. Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd. (PEWC) Group	) *		
1.1 Singvale Pte Ltd.	86,999,500	21.87	International Juristic
			Person
1.2 Trigent Investment Holdings Ltd.	49,568,514	12.46	International Juristic
			Person
1.3 PEWC (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	36,206,398	9.10	Domestic Juristic Person
1.4 APWC (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	20,186,272	5.07	Domestic Juristic Person
	192,960,684	48.50	
2. Italian-Thai Development Plc. Group			
2.1 Italian-Thai Development Plc.**	51,327,115	12.90	Domestic Juristic Person
2.2 Siam Concrete and Brick Products Co., Ltd.	3,188,686	0.80	Domestic Juristic Person
	54,515,801	13.70	
3. Bangkok Insurance Plc. Group			
3.1 Bangkok Insurance Plc. Group) ***	28,997,724	7.29	Domestic Juristic Person
3.2 Mr. Chai Sophonpanich	4,624,910	1.16	Domestic Natural Person
	33,622,634	8.45	
4. Management Group			
4.1 Mr. Sun Tao-Heng ****	7,607,860	1.91	International Natural
			Person

Shareholders Group	No. of Shares	% of holdi	ng Notes
5. Other Group			
5.1 China Tonghai Securities Limited A/C Client *****	10,000,000	2.51	International Juristic Person
5.2 Mr. Prasert Lertaswaluk	4,422,100	1.11	Domestic Natural Person
5.3 Mr. Si Lok Mark Lee	3,500,000	0.88	International Natural Person
5.4 Mr. Somjiat Chumnanthongpaival	3,430,000	0.86	Domestic Natural Person
5.5 Mr. Supot Ruengdechworachai	3,243,000	0.82	Domestic Natural Person
5.6 Mr. Sittichai Boonsermmit	3,170,000	0.80	Domestic Natural Person
5.7 Mr. Tung Yu-Jeh	2,720,928	0.68	International Natural Person
5.8 Thai NDVR Co., Ltd.	2,212,780	0.56	Domestic Juristic Person
5.9 Mr. Nantaphan Mahathanathan	2,204,000	0.55	Domestic Natural Person
5.10 Mr. Sirirat Tangkasemsamran	2,009,900	0.50	Domestic Natural Person
5.11 Minority Shareholders	72,286,597	18.17	
Total	397,906,284	100.00	

Remarks :

\* 1. The group of Pacific Electric Wire and Cable Co., Ltd.,, which operates in Taiwan, disclosed top 10 shareholders (Refer to page 15).

- \*\* 2.1 Shareholders of Italian-Thai Development Public Company Limited (ITD) consist of Mr. Premchai Karnasuta and his family, holding shares in ITD 628,213,626 shares or 11.90%. Mrs. Nijaporn Charanachit and her family hold 350,815,140 shares in ITD or 6.64% from issued and paid up registered of 5,279,868,944 shares (as at January 31, 2022).
- \*\*\* 3.1 Shareholders of Bangkok Insurance Public Company Limited (BKI) consists of Mr. Chai Sophonpanich and his spouse holding 3,917,051 shares or 3.68% from registered capital 106,470,000 shares (as at November 26, 2021).
- \*\*\*\* 4.1 Mr. Sun Tao-Heng and his spouse (Mrs. Sun Lin, Ru-Jen) had total 1,600,000 shares, related with shareholders according to the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 Section 258.
- \*\*\*\*\* 5.1 International Financial institution or custodian acting as Trust Company or Nominee Account, the Company has checked with the Thailand Securities Depository Co., Ltd. (TSD), the information cannot be disclosed.

## 1.4 The registered and paid-up capital

On January 4, 2023, the Company had registered and fully paid-up of Baht 1,989,531,420 divided to 397,906,284 ordinary shares of Baht 5 each and registered to enter into Thailand Stock Market Exchange on September 25<sup>th</sup>, 1975, using the initials "CTW".

## 1.5 Issuance of other securities

None-

## 1.6 Dividend Policy

The Company has dividend policy that in normal circumstances it is to provide the dividend payout ratio of not less than 25 percent of net profit based on the separate financial statements as at the end of year after deducting legal reserve and the Board shall propose to the shareholders meeting for approval.

The dividend policy of its subsidiary companies are as follows:

CTW-Beta Co., Ltd. has the dividend payout ratio of not less than 25 percent and not exceeding 50 percent of net profit after deducting legal reserve.

Siam Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd., determines the dividend payout ratio of not less than 25 percent of net profit after tax and to comply with the Civil and Commercial Code.

Siam Fiber Optics Co., Ltd., Shanghai Asia Pacific Electric Co., Ltd., and Double D Cable Co., Ltd., the dividend payment shall be proposed by the Board from time to time to their shareholders meeting for approval.

Fiscal Year / Year of Dividend Paid	2021/2022	2020/2021	2019/2020
Profit (Loss) per Share (Baht)	(1.22)	0.72	0.28
Dividend per Share (Baht)	0.10	0.45	0.20
Dividend Payment Ratio to Net Profit (%)	N/A*	62.87	71.10

Historical Dividend Payment Information (Based on the Separate Financial Statements)

Remark: \* paid from retained earning unappropriated

## 2. Risk Management

## 2.1 Risk Management Policy and Plan

The Company still does not have the risk management policy, but for the year 2022, the Executive Committee held a monthly meeting to review the risk factors affecting the Company's business operating and find ways to manage risks and propose to the Board of Directors, in order for using information to carefully manage the business.

## 2.2 Risk Factors for the Company's Business Operations

## 2.2.1 Exposure to the cost of key raw materials

The Company's key raw materials used in manufacture about 90 percent is imported from aboard i.e. copper, aluminium, polyvinyl chloride, polyethylene and optic fibers etc. All of those are commodities and traded on the global market which are subject to price fluctuations in accordance with supply and demand. These international commodities almost all priced in US dollars but the Company sales revenue being largely quoted in Baht which does involved raw material price fluctuation and currency risk, and its significance would pending on the size of the contract. Copper and aluminum price has fluctuated throughout the year 2022.

### Steps taken to mitigate the risk:

In an effort to mitigate any fluctuation of raw material price and foreign exchange related risk on procuring of raw materials, the Company would first try to pass such exposure to the customer, if possible, in other words to have the customer pay for raw material. It is now a common method for the customer to provide raw material to the Company directly and it has been a successful strategy with most State Enterprises. In some cases, in order to manage the currency exchange risk, then, the Company will purchase the same amount of foreign exchange forward contracts at the time to issue its L/C (Letter of Credit) in order to cover the exposure so to minimize any foreign exchange risk. In addition, the Company monitors price trend regularly and compares the key raw material price from several suppliers for getting the best condition. The Company sometimes also raise its raw materials reserve by conforming to the Company's order projections. Moreover, the Company tries to search for new sources of key raw materials in order to obtain appropriate price and quality raw materials. The Company and its a subsidiary (SPEWC) have risk from fluctuation of raw material price, then they have made annual contract for purchase of raw material and monthly delivery in order to prevent the lack of raw materials.

## 2.2.2 Risk derived from change in manufacturing technology

As Thailand has announced a policy to drive the economy with innovation, the government has continuously pushed for this policy, especially the development of modern technology in the industrial sector, in order for entrepreneurs in all sectors to implement and adopt new technology using of Artificial Intelligence (A.I) replacing humans, for reducing production costs and competing in the global market. As our Company's products involve power and telecommunication technology that needs continual research and development in order to create innovation and to improve product quality standards and performance to meet the global changes. In addition, manufacturing technology has changed rapidly, and the Company has to face competition in a more intensely competing market of electrical wire, especially competition in terms of pricing, the Company is hence exposed to certain risks and needs to improve its manufacturing process and product design by adopting more advanced and automated system with more productivity. The key target is to save production cost while product quality and performance is still preserved.

### Steps taken to mitigate the risk:

The Company has prepared itself for risk reduction resulted from change in manufacturing technology by setting up an expert team consisting of engineers, manufacturing staffs and testing staffs to monitor such change in all aspects of technology that involved with the Company's products such as production techniques, key

raw material, machinery and testing tools in order to make more efficient, develop and improve the production that can meet the customer's and current market's needs. Over the past year, the Company has procured the new technology machinery with automated control system, low energy but more productivity to replace the existing machinery that having low production efficiency, not worth producing or high cost of production.

## 2.2.3 Risk derived from foreign currency

The Company and its subsidiaries import raw materials used in the production from foreign countries which the Company may be affected on the aspect of cost derived from foreign currency exchange rate. In addition, there are exposure to foreign currency risk from investments in its subsidiary and associated companies that are denominated in foreign currencies. As at 31 December 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries have outstanding balance of liabilities denominated in foreign currencies of USD 15 million.

## Steps taken to mitigate the risk:

In order to reduce the effect from exchange rate risk, the Company has managed the risk from exchange rate by entering into forward exchange contracts. Generally, the forward contracts mature within one year. In addition, the exposures to foreign currency risk of the Company and its subsidiaries arise from investments in an overseas subsidiary. The management of the Company and its subsidiaries intends to hold such investments for the long term, and has no plans to dispose it in the future.

In addition, the Company has a policy to promote its export business to foreign markets which will be base on US dollars revenue and thereby it could help as a natural hedge mechanics. It has also followed closely the movement in exchange rates.

## 2.2.4 Risk factors associated with control by major shareholders

There are four major shareholders of CTW that ultimately relate to Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd. group, (PEWC) with a total shareholding about 51 per cent plus few individual shareholders that may comprised by PEWC's management and representatives, so PEWC can thus make decisions that directly affect the policy of the Company. Minority shareholders are therefore at risk for its inability to vote against major shareholders.

#### Steps taken to mitigate the risk:

The Company, as SET rulings, has appointed the Audit Committee to inspect the management team and to comment on transactions that could lead to a conflict of interest between the Company and its related shareholders. Such four major shareholders are prohibited from voting on connected transactions in which they may have conflict of interest.

## 2.2.5 Risk derived from the shortage of skilled labor

The Government of Thailand has announced the Eastern Economic Corridor (EEC) Policy in order to promote investment for supporting both domestic and foreign investment, which will obtain the tax and land privileges. The EEC project will, initially, be focused in 3 eastern provinces namely Chachoengsao, Chonburi and Rayong, which will focus on transportation infrastructure development such as land, sea and ocean, and air transportations. In order to be ready to connect with neighboring countries. Expansion according to the said policy, resulting in, the Company may have skill labor shortage and labor mobility. This urges us to find more personnel holding knowledge, skill and expertise for such machinery and technology to replace the shortage labor.

## Steps taken to mitigate the risk:

The Company focuses on the importance of all levels of employees in order to preserve the employees who have skills, knowledge and experience in work. The Company has provided a clear path for career advancement in order for staffs to develop knowledge and ability in their line more and more and also provided the healthy working environment and improved adequate advance position and appropriate welfare facilities for employees and their family such as financial aids for marriage, having a baby, hospital admission, annual salary increase, shuttle buses service, attendance bonus etc. In addition, the Company has focused on the selection process of the new employee, to provided training, skill development and specialized knowledge in performance duties for know-how and advance position in career. Although the Company has the development plan for new employees to compensate the retired employees and to support the shortage of skilled labor in the future which they may move to the government system and government employee.

## 3. Driving Sustainability In Business

Charoong Thai Wire & Cable Public Co., Ltd. commits to the business for long-term sustainable growth. Therefore, it pays attention to the quality standards of the production process and quality control under an efficient management system until reaching international standards and considering safety, including a friendly environment. As for personnel, the Company gives the importance of hygiene, security and reduces work injures also promotes healthcare and well-being of employees for happiness and sustainable quality of life.

## 3.1 The Policy and Objectives of Sustainability

- The Company gives importance to related parties and all groups of stakeholders as follows:
- 3.1.1 The Company set up the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy and Anti-Corruption Policy with approval from the Board of Directors meeting.
- 3.1.2 In case the Company has profit, The Company will ask the shareholders' meeting to approve payment of gratuity or bonus for Directors and employees.
- 3.1.3 The Company prepared the Code of Conduct for directors and employees to principle in performance of directors and employees to all groups of stakeholders

## 3.2 Managing Impacts on Every Stakeholder Across the Entire Business Value Chain

The Company gives importance to all stakeholders in the business value chain, which is important for the Company's business operations and analyzed each stakeholder group by considering the relevance to the Company's business operations, estimating the impact of business processes, expectations and responses to the expectations of stakeholders as follows:

Stakeholders	Expectation	Response
Employees	- Appropriate and fair compensation.	- Adjusting appropriate welfare and compensation to be
	and benefits	in line with the performance of the employees and
	- Opportunities for personal	the Company's business operation result.
	development, developing potentials,	- The Company has always supported the competency
	skills, and knowledge at work	and knowledge development of employees by providing
	- Safety, hygiene, occupational health,	the in-house training seminar and public seminars.
	and good working environment.	- The Company has realized the importance of safety
	- Career security and advancement.	to all employees by providing a safe and healthy
	- Equality, Equity, and Fairness.	work environment.
		-Provide equal opportunity to all employees in
		employment and career advancement.
		- Do not allow any discrimination that illegal.
Shareholders	- Attractive share value and return.	- Appropriate dividend payment.
	- Sustainable growth of	- Handle risk management with cautious.
	company's business.	- Good corporate governance with transparency,
	- Good Corporate Governance.	fairness, and accountability.
	- Equitable treatment of Shareholders.	- Disclosure of information with transparency and
		timeliness and have in place an Investor Relations
		Team for giving accuracy of information.
Directors	- Act in compliance with laws,	- Good corporate governance in compliance
	regulations, and ethical practices.	with policy and regulation strictly.
	- Act with transparency and	- Report of business operation result.
	traceability.	
	- Success of the Company's business.	

Expectation	Response
<ul> <li>Supply high-quality products and services with complete quantity ordered punctually.</li> <li>Fair-trade compliance.</li> <li>Product warranty.</li> <li>Maintaining confidentiality of customer information.</li> <li>Maintaining a good relationship.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Set fair product prices, products are of high quality and safety at international standards</li> <li>Product quality guaranteed and receive complaints about product quality.</li> <li>Knowledge and understanding about the product by providing a user manual on the correct, safe and cost-effective products and disseminating information related to the product accurately and clearly.</li> <li>Strictly comply with the laws and regulations related to consumer protection.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Act as compliance with commercial term.</li> <li>Act according to agreement fairly.</li> <li>Fair Trade Competition with transparency.</li> <li>Building good relationships.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To ensure that the trading practices from suppliers or vendors are practically performed, including borrowing conditions and terms.</li> <li>Act according to borrowing conditions and terms ; objective, repayment, collateral and other commitments.</li> <li>The Company has regularly provided the correct nformation to venders or creditors.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Act according to the mutual agreement strictly.</li> <li>Being compliance with related laws and regulations.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Tracking and verifying waste disposal process of Waste Contractor.</li><li>Assess the performance of waste contractor.</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Act according to related regulations and laws.</li> <li>Provide cooperation in providing information for improvement.</li> <li>Supporting in government projects that are beneficial to all parties.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Act in compliance with regulations and laws in every respect.</li> <li>Pay relevant tax completely, accurately and on time</li> <li>Disclosure of accurate and transparent information.</li> <li>Report information required by law.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Support activities and program beneficiary to social and community.</li> <li>Operate business without having impact on community and society.</li> <li>Provide aids and participation in solving social and community issues.</li> <li>Transparency and good governance in operating business.</li> <li>Contribute to the correction and conservation of energy and the environment.</li> <li>There does not create any direct or indirect impact on the environment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Be committed to conducting business with responsibility to the environment, community and society.</li> <li>Encourage all employees to perform their duties responsibly to the environment, community and society.</li> <li>Encourage participation in activities that benefit the public and encourage employees to have a good conscience and do good to the society as a whole.</li> <li>Promote efficient use of resources, set energy-saving measures pollution control and take care of the convironment.</li> <li>Manage by using technologies and production processes which are up to the environmental standards regarding ISO 14001 : 2015 by establishing waste treatment systems.</li> <li>Conduct business by complying with governing</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Supply high-quality products and services with complete quantity ordered punctually.</li> <li>Fair-trade compliance.</li> <li>Product warranty.</li> <li>Maintaining confidentiality of customer information.</li> <li>Maintaining a good relationship.</li> <li>Act as compliance with commercial term.</li> <li>Act according to agreement fairly.</li> <li>Fair Trade Competition with transparency.</li> <li>Building good relationships.</li> </ul> Act according to the mutual agreement strictly. <ul> <li>Being compliance with related laws and regulations.</li> <li>Act according to related regulations and laws.</li> <li>Provide cooperation in providing information for improvement.</li> <li>Supporting in government projects that are beneficial to all parties.</li> <li>Support activities and program beneficiary to social and community.</li> <li>Operate business without having impact on community and society.</li> <li>Provide aids and participation in solving social and community issues.</li> <li>Transparency and good governance in operating business.</li> <li>Contribute to the correction and conservation of energy and the environment.</li> </ul>

Stakeholders	Expectation	Response
Auditors	- Auditors can perform their duties	- The Company has a good cooperation with auditor
	independently.	by providing complete financial and significant
	- Cooperation in providing financial	information as requested by the auditors.
	and relevant information as required	The auditors can perform their work independently.
	by the auditor.	

# 3.3 Sustainability in Environmental Management3.3.1 Policies and Guideline on Environment

The Company is committed to developing and managing activities under quality management system together environmental management system to be in line with the standards and requirements of ISO9001 : 2015 and ISO14001 : 2015. The main objective is to manufacture products of quality that meet customer's satisfaction through the processes realizing the significance of environmental impacts due to usage of resources for its manufacturing process and other activities. Therefore, in order to raise awareness among all employees and to achieve such target, the company has drawn policy on quality and environment as follows: "Satisfied by customer, Continual development, Environmental hazard prevention and Compliance"

## 3.3.2 Operation Results Regarding Environment

The Company realizes environmental impacts and effective use of resources in all steps of production and product development and has been strictly adhering to statutory requirements and regulations prescribed by the authorities including those universal standards specifically applicable to environmental matters. Material impacts on environment and communities have always been monitored and assessed as to its extent and nature in all activities ranging from procurement of materials, production process, quality inspection, product delivery to after sale service as follows:

- 1.) Energy management: The Company has adopted measures towards effective energy management in its production process including lighting and air conditioning.
  - Install and improve Compressed Air System with high quality vent to minimize energy loss and have plan for regular maintenance.

• Install power usage meter at the point where significant power consumption exists in order to collect information for further energy management. The goal is to install more meters to cover all area of the facilities.

- Replace old air-conditioner with low performance with such system that efficiently save the power and reduce the use of refrigerant causing greenhouse effect and also have the plane for regular maintenance.
- Change 36-Watt florescent lights to 10-Watt LED in office and plant building.
- 2.) Water management: The Company uses water for manufacturing and general consumption purpose and therefore places importance on effective water distribution system by regular maintenance. Water meters are installed at the significant sites to collect information for water management.
- 3.) Waste, scraps and pollution management: The Company follows the 3R principle (Reduce Reuse Recycle). Waste is separated by type together with raising awareness and participation by all in order to avoid landfill method. With respect to pollution management, the Company manages to have environmental quality monitored in its operation site. The parameters obtained show that quality of air, sound and light is in normal limit as required by law. Measurement is taken at least once a year. The emergency plan for chemical leak has also been put in place. During the year 2022, there was no chemical leak.

#### Greenhouse Gases Management

The Company gives priority to greenhouse gases management. In mid-2021, it has started to collect information of activities that may emit greenhouse gases, directly or indirectly, in order to calculate total emission of the entire organization in accordance with the guideline provided by Thailand Greenhouse Gas Management Organization (Public Organization) (TGO) and to be verified with benchmark organizations registered with TGO to be confident about greenhouse gas emission to be publicly disclosed. During the year 2022, the Company has started to manage greenhouse gas emission; ECEE Co., Ltd. is the agency that verifies the amount of greenhouse gas emissions data.

1. Direct emission (Scope-1): There has activity involving combustion of natural gas (NG) in its production process, Diesel in transport, Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) in vehicle used for transfer materials in the area and leaks of refrigerant form air-conditioners as follows; Diesel fuel consumption 129,878.76 liters, Gasoline 17,544.39 liters, Natural gas (NG) 33,228,078.59 cubic feet and LPG 29,244.00 kg.

2. Indirect emission (Scope-2): Power consumption in 2022 was as high as 19,167,600 KWh saved for usage of other resources which can cause more emission.

The Company realizes the significance of greenhouse gas emission resulted from energy use for its production process and endeavors to adopt various measures to reduce such emission e.g. measuring combustion of Natural Gas (NG) to achieve complete combustion and use the resulted heat in most effective manner, change refrigerant type etc. In addition, the Company also launched the campaign encouraging its employees to use the Company's shuttle bus and reduce power consumption through various power saving campaigns e.g. change 36-Watt florescent lights to LED, draw a plan for regular maintenance of air-conditioning system, improve compressed air system in its production activities and maintenance plan against chemical leak etc.

#### 3.4 Sustainability Management for Society

## 3.4.1 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and subsidiaries engages in manufacturing and distributing electric wire and cable, telephone cable, fiber optic cable, enameled wire and non-enameled wire. It is determined to conduct its business with accountability against any possible impacts resulting from the Company's operation. The Company shall also manufacture products of quality and safety that international standard guided by good corporate governance and accountability for community and environment, taking into account all stakeholders. The Company hence sets out its CSR Policy as follows:

## CSR Practice

#### 1. Business Ethics

The Company promotes free trade competition. The Company's directors, management and staffs shall, in their decision making and business conduct, strictly adhere to applicable laws, rules and regulations. They are also asked to conduct oneself under good moral principle and avoid doing anything leading to conflict of interest.

#### Ways of conduct

- 1) Not supporting any infringement of the intellectual property and copyrights.
- Strictly comply with the agreed conditions and contracts with the customers, business partners, or creditors.
- 3) Manufacture up to standard quality and safety products with a suitable selling price.
- Avoid doing any matters which can lead to beneficial conflicts. In case of having to do so, all information shall be fully disclosed.

#### 2. Respect to human right

The Company gives priority to and respects human rights by treating all relevant parties under equality without discrimination based on gender, race, religion or domicile. It also promotes compliance with universal human right principles.

## Ways of conduct

- 1) Encourage in work equity with no discrimination in racial, religion, gender and domicile.
- 2) Discourage using child labor and support any opposing of using child labor campaign.

- 3) Create a good working environment and strictly conform to the laws, rules and regulations.
- 4) Encourage employees to treat others in respect to people human rights.
- 3. Fair treatment of labour

The Company strives to provide safe and healthy working environment for its staffs. Work conditions are set out under fair terms with reasonable compensation and welfare. It is intended to allow all staffs to work with happiness and good quality of life.

#### Ways of conduct

- 1) Strictly follow the labor laws, rules and regulations.
- 2) Provide clean, safe and hygiene working place for employees.
- 3) Provide doctor and nurse to be stationed at the factory clinic.
- 4) Encourage and support the employees to strictly follow the rules and regulations of work safety.
- 5) Set up a Welfare Committee in order to observe and improve employee welfare and working environment.
- 6) Set up an Occupational Health and Safety Committee in order to observe, follow up and provide a report on any safety, risks, accidents and injuries which may happen during work operation to create awareness to all employees.
- 7) Provide equal job and promotion opportunity to all employees.
- 8) Encourage and support skill training both in-house and outside for the employees.
- 9) Avoid doing a double standard manners which is against the laws.
- 10) Allow for a complaint in case of unfairness.
- 11) Encourage exercise activities to enhance a good health for employees by providing a place, tools and equipments for exercise.
- 12) During the Covid-19 pandemic, the Company is more aware of working safety then set measures and guidelines to prevent the spread of such disease in the workplace and communicating knowledge, as well as promoting the use of protective equipment in order to prevent adverse effects on the health of the employees. The Company has procedures as follows:
  - 12.1 Set a policy to divide the working group in order to avoid close contact.
  - 12.2 Communicate with employees to understand about the spread of the disease and prevention.
  - 12.3 Support the protection devices such as surgical mask, alcohol based hand sanitizer and sterilizing solution etc.
  - 12.4 Screen all visitors who enter the Company's area.

## 4. Consumer responsibility

The Company is determined to manufacture product of quality and safety that meet international standards. Its products have to be the perfect solution for demand and expectation by customer. They are sold at fair price with reasonable warranty and quality claim. The Company also engages in communicating on how to get the most out of them properly and safely.

#### Ways of conduct

- Set up suitable selling price. Manufacture up to International standard quality and safety products.
- 2) Provide a warranty and receive any complaints regarding the quality of the products.
- Create products awareness by setting a product manual in order to give the right information, safety, its applications and able to provide right and clear information for the product.
- 4) Strictly follow the laws and Standard of Consumer Protection.

## 5. Environmental conservation

The Company conducts its business by strictly observing environmental laws and regulations, promoting resource efficiency, putting in place energy saving measures, pollution control and environmental conservation.

#### Ways of conduct

- Encourage to recycle of packaging materials and other recycle materials such as wooden wheels, iron wheels, etc.
- 2) Use of natural gas instead of fuel oil in order to save energy and reduce pollution.
- 3) Provide efficient industrial waste water treatment system which the treated water shall also be utilized such as plant watering, etc.
- Make use of remaining food from the cafeteria in order to produce enzyme ionic plasma to water home-grown vegetables which are planted within the factory.
- 5) Establish waste and industrial waste segregation plant regarding to recycle waste, contaminated waste, hazardous waste, compostable waste, and manage the disposal by using different treatment methods by using the companies which have license from Department of industrial works.
- 6) To participate the Demand Response Program with Energy Regulatory Commission.
- 7) To be certified as Green Industry from the Ministry of Industry.
- To attend the Waste Management in production activity according to 3Rs from the Ministry of Industry and obtained the certification of Waste manage process, Reduce, Reuse and Recycle.

## 6. Contribution to community and social development

The Company is committed to conducting its business with responsibility to environment, community and society and supporting participation in any activities aimed for public good. The Company's staffs are encouraged to have good spirit and public service mind.

## Ways of conduct

- 1) Encourage and support employees to be involved in public contribution activities.
- 2) Encourage all employees to conduct their duties in a responsible way to the environment, community and society.
- 3) Encourage employees to have a good conscious and a good conduct to the society.
- 4) Encourage and support employment from employees who live near the factory.
- 5) Send employees to be guest speakers in the schools in order to provide knowledge about electrical system design and installing electrical system.

## 3.4.2 Social Performance

During the previous year, there was no complaint regarding human rights violations and unfair treatment to workers, customers, society, and communities. Additionally, we are moving toward becoming a responsible organization against unfair treatment and unethical practices for every stakeholder. Such manners are considered conflicting with our corporate governance policy and business ethics that we have valued.

The Company has adhered to the guidelines set onward concrete in its business operations, and there are regular inspections, follow-ups, records and reports to relevant agencies as follows:

## 1. Environmental care

The Company has launched energy saving project by improving performance of equipment on regular basis in order to minimize energy loss due to its condition and use method resulting in high loss and by securing measurement tool to improve performance of the machines. The project details are as follows:

- 1. Change split type air-conditioner which have been in use for more than 15 years to those with Label No. 5 (power saving certification)
- 2. Improve performance of air-conditioning system in production process.
- 3. Provide measurement tool for performance of NG combustion to enhance effective combustion.
- 4. Change 40-Watt fluorescent lights to 15-Watt LED.
- 5. Support the design, purchase and procurement of machinery, tools and equipment for use in production and service by considering energy efficiency.

#### 2. Employee, staff, contractor, visitor and neighboring communities

- The Company adopts safety guideline regulated by the Work Safety Committee who will monitor work safety, use of PPE by employee and those operating in the area under risks. The subcommittee is appointed to inspect risk points both inside and outside the facilities on regular basis and meet together to issue summary report every month in order to be forwarded to the executives to discuss on how to prevent and minimize potential accident.
- The Company organized trainings to enhance operation skills and leadership in order to promote employees who have demonstrated determination to have progress in their career.
- The Company invited environment and machine specialists from public and private section to inspect environment and machine that may be damaged in order to establish confidence among employee at least once a year e.g. air quality, particle, smoke, light, noise, heat etc.
- The Company posted risk warning signs at the concerned sites and prepare preventive equipment, alarming system and guideline for proper response to the incidence.
- The Company invited the third party certified by the Department of Industrial Works to perform inspection on quality of drained water to ensure that it is within standard limits prescribed by the Department of Industrial Works.
- The Company disposed waste and perform treatment in proper manner by hiring the company certified for industrial waste disposal by the Department of Industrial Works to handle such waste and provide report to the Department every time such industrial waste has been transferred out of the plant.
- The Company conducted fire and evacuation drill as planed to ensure proper response to fire, gas or chemical leak.

## 3. Consumer Aspect

The Company's products are governed by safety regulation and needed to be registered with the Thai Industrial Standards Institute (TISI) to be approved for respective industrial standards. In addition, the Company's products are designed and tested in accordance with Thai and universal industrial standards and approved by credible local and international institutes. The Company has also secured certification for laboratory standard ISO/IEC 17025 from the Management System Certification Institute (MASCI) established by the Ministry of Industry. The products are labeled to demonstrate that its quality meets statutory requirements as to quantity, dimension, weight and application. The products can be traced for their standard when complaint is made by customer and also available on the website www.ctw.co.th.

By having been accredited with ISO14001 : 2004, the Company adopts preventive measures against environmental impact especially from wastewater by collecting sample before draining to further investigate for pH, Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD), Suspended Solids, oil & grease content etc. To perform such wastewater quality examination, the Company hires experienced company which is registered with the Department of Industrial Works to analyze wastewater. The results demonstrated that all parameters were within normal limits while the standard has been updated to ISO 14001: 2015 in 2018.

- With respect to energy saving, the Company adopts energy saving measures through collaboration with the Department of Alternative Energy Development and Efficiency, Ministry of Energy, and launched the project for power saving by changing florescent and spot lights around the plant to LED and check light intensity to ensure it is in standard limit on regular basis.

- With respect to environment matters, the Company emphasizes the significance of waste separation by organizing training for its employees and launched the project of waste separation into general, recyclable and hazardous waste and contracted for waste disposal only with agency/company certified by the Department of Industrial Works.

#### CSR after Process

- The Company provides support and encourages participation in public service activities and always join with local authorities, neighboring communities, schools and temples in promoting local development, education and culture and tradition. Amidst COVID-19 outbreak, the Company managed to provide alternate vaccines for all employees and also donated them to its business partners and the disadvantaged through Chulabhorn Research Institute. Collaboration with local authorities also extended to setting up community isolation center for those compromised to COVID-19 infection before being referred to the hospital. The Company gave N95 face mask to public health officers in Chachoengsao Province via the provincial industrial office.
- With respect to promotion of culture and tradition, the Company focused on religious center and community relations. In 2022, the Company in cooperation with Bang Nam Priao District Administration donated money to the Provincial Red Cross Off under the project "Red Cross Tribute Day".
- The Company has always been organizing social contribution activities including donation of electric appliances, installation of lighting system for schools and temples with high quality wire.
   In 2022, the Company donated electric wire as a support to the operation of Bang Nam Priao Police Station, Chachoengsao.
- The Company provides support to public and community education. In 2022, it collaborated with the community and local administration organizations in donating money for house repair for neighboring communities suffered from summer storms.
- The Company has provided education sponsor to employee's children and join government agency and private sector in organizing Children's Day every year for children and youth in Chachoengsao and surrounding provinces with a view to promoting learning to become valued human resource.
- The Company in cooperation with experts in power system design published manual for wire selection for design and installation works, with an aim to disseminate knowledge about design and installation standards for technician, engineer, student and interested person.

## 4. Management Discussion and Analysis (MD & A)

## 1. Overview of operation

In 2022, although the ASEAN economy has improved in a better direction, it still faced external negative factors, such as the global economic slowdown, weak purchasing power and pressure from intense competition. Construction projects from the government sector decreased due to the review of budget spending as necessary and urgent, and labor wages increased following the minimum wage increase including the impact of labor shortages, as a result, some construction projects were delayed causing the Company to receive orders from various projects slowing down.

In 2022, the Company and subsidiaries ("Company Group") had revenue from sales of Baht 5,998.64 million, decreasing by Baht 389.47 or 6.10% from Baht 6,388.11 million in the previous year. The Company Group's revenue was mainly derived from sales of enameled wire and non-enameled wire of 59%, followed by Aluminium electrical wire and Copper electrical wire of 39% which sold to domestic and overseas customers both the government and private sectors.

In 2022, the Company Group had net profit of Baht 24.45 million, increasing by Baht 428.22 million or 106.06% compared with net loss of Baht 403.77 million in 2021.

## 2. Operating results and profitability

#### Revenue Analysis

In 2022, the Company Group had total revenue of Baht 6,030.83 million, decreasing by Baht 374.08 million or 5.84% from Baht 6,404.91 million in the previous year. Revenue from sales of products in the amount of Baht 5,998.64 million, representing 99.47% of total revenue, divided by domestic sales of Baht 5,345.55 million or 89.11% of total sales and export sales of Baht 653.09 million or 10.89% of total sales.

In 2022, the Company Group had other income of Baht 32.19 million, increasing by Baht 15.38 million or 91.51% from Baht 16.81 million in 2021, since its subsidiaries had gain on sales of investment properties of Baht 9.44 million and gain on sales of assets of Baht 8.48 million.

#### Finance Income

In 2022, the Company Group had total finance income of Baht 1.75 million, decreasing by Baht 0.74 million or 29.86% from Baht 2.49 million in 2021 due to decrease in fixed deposits.

#### Cost and Expense Analysis

In 2022, the Company Group had total expenses of Baht 5,973.84 million, decreasing by Baht 926.46 million or 13.43% from Baht 6,900.30 million in 2021. In 2022, total cost of sales of Baht 5,813.32 million or representing 96.91% of sales decreased by Baht 626.39 million or 9.73% compared with Baht 6,439.71 million or representing 100.81% of sales in 2021. In 2022, there was the reversal of allowance for diminution in value of inventory of Baht 51.59 million which was included in the cost of sale, due to decrease in main raw material (copper) price at the end of period, resulting in lower cost of sales.

#### Share of profit from investment in associate

Share of profit from investment in associate company was Baht 2.63 million in 2022, increasing by Baht 2.41 million or 1,083.82% from Baht 0.22 million in 2021 since the subsidiary recognized its share of profit from investment in Loxpac Hong Kong Co., Ltd., its associate company.

#### Finance cost

In 2022, the Company Group had finance cost of Baht 29.62 million, increasing by Baht 14.64 million or 97.73% from Baht 14.98 million in 2021 mainly due to increase in the interest expenses of long-term loans from financial institution and trust receipts.

## Net profit

The Company Group had profit of Baht 24.45 million in 2022, profit increased by Baht 428.22 million or 106.06% from loss of Baht 403.77 million in 2021. Profit margin was 0.41% while the negative margin was 6.32 in 2021.

## 3. Ability to manage property

#### Asset

As at 31 December 2022, the Company Group had total assets of Baht 6,072.82 million, decreasing by Baht 387.11 million or 5.99% from Baht 6,459.93 million in 2021, mainly caused by the decrease in cash and cash equivalents of Baht 36.23 million, decrease in trade and other receivables of Baht 339.96 million, inventories increased by Baht 65.64 million and other current assets increased by Baht 19.48 million, while other current financial assets decreased by Baht 7.10 million and other non-current financial assets decreased by Baht 57.76 million.

As at the end of 2022, trade and other receivables of Baht 1,358.47 million decreased by Baht 339.96 million or 20.02% from Baht 1,698.43 million at the end of 2021 since the Company Group received more payments from trade accounts receivable on due.

As at the end of 2022, inventories of Baht 1,967.95 million increased by Baht 65.54 million or 3.45% from Baht 1,902.31 million at the end of 2021 which included the products that shall be delivered to customers in early 2023.

or 3.54% from Baht 1,316.95 million at the end of 2021. There was depreciation for the year 2022 of Baht 106.09 million.

Property, plant and equipment of Baht 1,270.36 million as at 31 December 2022 decreased by Baht 46.59 million

#### Liability

As at 31 December 2022, the Company Group had total liabilities of Baht 2,172.89 million, decreasing by Baht 355.04 million or 14.04% from Baht 2,527.93 million at the end of 2021 which were divided into current liabilities of Baht 1,554.67 million and non-current liabilities of Baht 618.22 million. All non-current liabilities were long-term loan from financial institution and the provision for long-term employee benefits, which represents compensation payable to employees after they retire.

Trust receipts (T/R) of Baht 1,133.84 million decreased by Baht 514.99 million or 31.23% from Baht 1,648.83 million at the end of 2021 since there was the payment of trust receipt on due and the purchase of raw materials decreased.

#### Cash flow analysis

In 2022, the Company Group had net cash flows from operating activities of Baht 257.83 million, net cash flows used in investing activities of Baht 25.07 million and net cash flows used in financing activities of Baht 269.57 million. In addition, there was an increase in translation adjustments of Baht 0.82 million, resulted in decrease in net cash and cash equivalents of Baht 36.23 million in 2022, and cash and cash equivalents were Baht 959.64 million as at 31 December 2022.

Net cash flows from operating activities of Baht 257.83 million resulted from profit from operating activities of Baht 34.03 million, decrease in cash flows from operating liabilities of Baht 13.12 million. Meanwhile, cash flows used in operating assets decreased by Baht 322.35 million. There were cash paid for provision for long-term employee benefits, interest expenses and corporate income tax of Baht 85.43 million.

Net cash flows used in investing activities were Baht 25.07 million resulted from other current financial assets decreased by Baht 8.24 million, dividend income from other non-current financial assets of Baht 7.78 million and interest income of Baht 1.72 million. Meanwile, there were cash flows used in acquisition of machinery and assets under construction of Baht 60.80 million, cash received from sale of property, plant and equipment of Baht 3.54 million and decrease in other non-current financial assets of Baht 10.70 million.

Net cash flows used in financing activities of Baht 269.57 million which were decrease in trust receipts of Baht 514.99 million, decrease in shortterm loans from financial institutions of Baht 297.45 million and dividend paid of Baht 52.02 million.

## 4. Liquidity and Sufficiency of Fund

#### Liquidity

As at 31 December 2022, the Company Group had the current ratio of 2.83 times and quick ratio of 1.49 times which increased from the current ratio of 2.14 times and quick ratio of 1.22 times at the end of 2021. The Company Group had a decrease in cash and cash equivalents from operation of Baht 36.23 million and decrease in trade and other receivables of Baht 339.96 million which corresponded to a decrease in sales. At the same time, the Company Group also had a decrease in current liabilities of Baht 646.53 million, decrease in trust receipts of Baht 514.99 million since it purchased less raw materials.

#### Capital structure

As at 31 December 2022, the Company Group had the shareholders' equity of Baht 3,897.67 million, decreasing by Baht 34.43 million or 0.88% from Baht 3,932.10 million at the end of 2021. There was total comprehensive income attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year 2022 of Baht 5.35 million while there was dividend payment for the year 2021's operating results of Baht 39.79 million.

The capital structure of the Company Group as at 31 December 2022 consists of total liabilities of Baht 2,172.89 million and shareholders' equity of Baht 3,899.93 million. As a result, the debt to equity ratio is only 0.56 times which slightly decreased from 0.64 times at the end of 2021. Therefore, the Company Group have no the risk from insufficiency of fund since they have much more funds than debts. Most of the liabilities are current liabilities of 71.55%, which resulted from the operating activities, such as trust receipts, trade and other payables etc.

## 5. Other Factors influencing the operation in the future

The Bank of Thailand predicts that the Thai economy in 2023-2024 will expand continuously at 3.7% and 3.9% respectively, as a result of the obvious recovery of the tourism sector and private sector consumption, which is an important force to drive and support the Thailand's economic growth, which corresponds to that the Office of the National Economic and Social Development Council predicts the Thai economy in 2023 will expand at 3.5%.

In addition, the government has a policy for all agencies to expedite the disbursement of the annual budget for the year 2023 in order to affect the domestic economy growth, which will affect the Company's revenue since the Company's products are related to basic utilities and its major customers are state enterprises and government agencies. Therefore, the Company expects that in 2023 Business will be stable.

The factors that may affect the Company performance and profitability are still the government's economic policies and measures, the price fluctuation of key raw materials which are commodities, the exchange rate which affects the cost of key raw materials, the price competition of products, energy prices, etc.

	2022	2021	2020
Current Ratio			
Current Ratio (times)	2.83	2.14	6.29
Quick Ratio (times)	1.49	1.22	3.43
Operating Cash Flow to Current Liabilities (times)	0.14	(0.83)	0.87
Receivable Turnover (times)	3.91	4.36	3.44
Average Collection Period (days)	92	83	105
Inventory Turnover Ratio (times)	7.75	9.46	5.91
Collection Period (days)	46	38	61
Accounts Payable Turnover (times) *	3.51	5.80	11.19
Payment Period (days)	103	62	32
Cash Cycle (days)	35	59	134
Profitability Ratio			
Gross Profit (Loss) Margin (%)	3.09	(0.81)	14.61
Operating Profit (Loss) Margin (%)	0.95	(0.08)	7.34
Other Margin (%)	0.56	0.30	0.93
Cash to Profit (Loss) Ratio (%)	452.42	(238.02)	162.11
Net Profit (Loss) Margin (%)	0.41	(6.30)	6.37
Return on Equity (%)	0.62	(9.57)	6.81
Operating Efficiency Ratio			
Return on Total Assets (%)	0.39	(6.77)	5.56
Return on Fixed Assets (%)	10.09	(38.18)	35.88
Total Assets Turnover (times)	0.96	1.07	0.87
Financial Policy Analysis Rate			
Debt to Equity Ratio (times)	0.56	0.64	0.21
Interest Coverage Ratio (times)	9.82	(73.89)	74.27
EBITDA Coverage Ratio (Cash basis) (times)	0.41	1.04	0.87
Dividend Payout Ratio (%)**	***0	***0	62.87

Financial Highlights

Remarks

Trade Account Payable used to calculate Account Payable Turnover is Trade Account Payable
 + Trust receipts (average).

 compare with Net Profit from the Company's Separate financial statements according to the Dividend payment policy.

\*\*\* To pay out dividends from the unappropriated retained earnings.

## 5. General Information and Other Important Information

## 5.1 General Information

	Reference Persons								
	Share Registrar :	Thailand Securities Depository Co., Ltd. (TSD)							
		93, Rachc	93, Rachadapisek Road, Dindaeng, Dindaeng, Bangkok, 10400						
		Tel : (662)	Tel : (662) 009-9000						
		Fax : (662	Fax : (662) 009-9991						
		Website :	www.set.or.th/tsd						
	Auditor	Mr. Supac	chai Phanyawattano	Certified Pu	blic Accountan	t License No.3930 or			
		Ms. Krong	kaew Limkittikul	Certified Pu	blic Accountan	t License No.5874 or			
		Mr. Nattho	awut Santipet	Certified Pu	blic Accountan	t License No.5730			
		EY Office	EY Office Limited (EY)						
		33 <sup>rd</sup> Floor,	33 <sup>rd</sup> Floor, Lake Rajada Office Complex,						
		193/136-13	7 Rajadapisek Road, Kl	ongtoey,					
		Klongtoey,	Klongtoey, Bangkok 10110						
		Tel : (662	iel : (662) 264-9090						
		Fax : (662	2) 264-0789-90						
		Website :	www.ey.com						
	Legal consultant :	- None -							
	Financial advisor :	- None -							
5.2	Other Important Inf	ormation							
	Contact Chanel to the	e Company	,						
	The Company provides a contact channel for all stakeholders to express their opinions and suggestion and report problems or complaints as follows:								
	Miss Kanjana Anekwas	inchai :	Company Secretary						
		Corporate Services Section							
		Tel: 02-745-6118 to 30 or							
		E-mail address : kanjana@ctw.co.th							
5 2	Logal Disputes								

## 5.3 Legal Disputes

- None -

## 6. Corporate Governance Policy

## 6.1 Overview of the Policies and Practices of Corporate Governance

The Company is a listed company on the Stock Exchange of Thailand which has complied with the Stock Exchange of Thailand's Code of Best Practice for the Directors of Listed Companies to ensure that the Companies' directors and executives have the competency, knowledge and experience in run the business. In addition, the management has complied with the policies set by the Company. In addition, there is monitoring and supervision of operations for the maximum benefit to the Company and the shareholders of the Company and ensuring that the Company's internal control system is sufficiently efficient.

#### Corporate Governance

The Company has complied with the Good Corporate Governance principles according to the following 5 categories:

#### 1. Rights of shareholders

The Company always recognizes the importance of shareholders and concerns the shareholder's rights. The practices of the shareholder's right are as follows:

- 1.1 The Company shall not perform any actions which are diminishing rights of shareholders.
- 1.2 The Company shall set up shareholders' meeting at the Company's headquarter which shareholders are able to travel conveniently.
- 1.3 Regarding 2022 shareholders' meeting, the Company has not increase any agendas which are not stated in the invitation which have been sent to all shareholders.
- 1.4 Regarding invitational letter and supporting documents of each agenda, there are explanations and information for shareholders to completely studied.
- 1.5 The Company informs the procedures of voting and score counting prior to the shareholders' meeting and use the voting card.
- 1.6 The Company fully facilitate and enhance shareholder to be able to join the meeting and vote.
- 1.7 In the shareholders' meeting, the Company provides the opportunity for the shareholders to question and give opinion independently any matters concerning the Company's operation.
- 1.8 The Company proposes the shareholders' meeting to consider and approve the directors' remuneration every year, and approve the dividend payment when the Company has a profit.
- 1.9 The Company poses the minutes of shareholders' meeting via SET channel and the Company's website within 14 days from the shareholders' meeting date and discloses the voting results of each agenda.
- 1.10 If the consideration of all the matters referred to in the agenda is finished, the shareholders holding shares amounting to not less than one-third of the total number of shares sold may request the shareholders to consider matters other than those indicated in the notice calling for the meeting.
- 1.11 As at 7 March 2022, the latest Record Date, the Company has 26.18% of free float shares.

## 2. Equitable Treatment of Shareholders

The Company always recognizes the importance of shareholders and fair shareholder's practice. In 2022, the shareholders' meeting was held an ordinary on April 26, 2022, via electronic meeting (E-AGM), at the Company's Head Office, 11 directors of 12 directors or equal to 91.67 percent in total had joined the meeting. The Company practices for fair shareholders' practice are as follows:

- 2.1 In order to ensure that each shareholder has background information for reviewing the issues and making informed decision, the Company had prepared the invitation, meeting agenda, opinion of the Board and other support documents to all shareholders.
- 2.2 The Company sent out the invitation to shareholders at least 10 days in prior to the date of the shareholders' meeting.
- 2.3 The Company set up the invitation to shareholders' meeting in both Thai and English and is also placed in daily newspapers and posted on the Company's website prior to the meeting date.

- 2.4 Provide the opportunity for shareholders who cannot attend shareholders' meeting by themselves, exercise voting rights by authorizing representative to attend the vote instead. The power of attorney type B which shareholders could vote independently for each agenda is attached with the invitation letter.
- 2.5 Each shareholder shall have a number of votes equal to the number of shares held with one vote per share.
- 2.6 Shareholders have the right to elect each board member individually.
- 2.7 At the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for 2022, the Company also provided an option to shareholders whereby they may appoint of three independent directors as their proxy. In 2022, there was 1 shareholder who authorized the independent director to attend the meeting and vote on their behalf.
- 2.8 The Company has issued the Policy on Securities Trading and Inside Information. The directors, executives and employees must comply with such policy as follows:
  - 1) Whenever buying, selling, transferring or accepting transfer of the Company's securities, such director or executive shall submit the changes in securities report in electronic form by sending through the electronic data transmission system in accordance with the guidelines specified by the Office of Securities and Exchange Commission within 3 working days from the date of such purchase, sale, transfer or acceptance of transfer of the Company's securities.
  - 2) Directors, executives and employees who can access to inside information are prohibited from using such inside information for personal benefit or disclosing it to the third party, directly or indirectly, and by whatsoever mean; knowing or should know that receiver of such information may exploit it in securities trading for his personal or the third party's benefit and with or without compensation.
  - 3) Directors, executives and employees who can access to inside information are prohibited from trading the Company's securities during the period before disclosure of inside information.
  - 4) The Company restricts the access to the financial statements and relevant information of the Company prior to submit to the SET. The directors, executives and employees are instructed to keep all information confidential.

The Company will inflict in case of violation of the Policy on securities Trading and Inside Information as follows:

- Directors, Executives : The Securities and Exchange Act, Section 296 provides that any person who exploits inside information for securities trading (Section 242) "shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or a fine of five hundred thousand up to two million baht, or both."
- 2) Employees who can access to inside information : Employee who contravenes this Policy may be subject to disciplinary action to the extent that he may be expelled from the job and also to civil and criminal liability under the Securities and Exchange Act.
- 2.9 The Company's related parties transactions have to comply with all the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Office of Securities and Exchange Commission.

## 3. Role of Stakeholders

- The Company always realizes the importance of all concerned parties as follows:
- 3.1 The Company has the Corporate Social Responsibility policy and Anti-Corruption policy which approved by the Board of Directors.
- 3.2 In case the Company has a profit, the payment of remuneration or special reward for directors and employees will be proposed the shareholders meeting to approve each year.
- 3.3 The Company has provided the Code of Conduct for Directors and Employees which is to be guideline to practice for all concerned parties as follows:

Customers: The Company must build productive relationships with its customers based on integrity,

ethical behavior and mutual trust. Directors and managements must take care and maximize accountability in aspect of setting maintenance products standard and product quality. **Employees**: The Company has realized the importance of safety to all employees by providing a safe and healthy work environment. It has also installed safety equipment and maintained good working environment for effective working. The Company has set up Occupational Safety and Health Committee which the evaluation will be performed on monthly basis. It also set employment procedures and equal employment to ensure that it employs the person who has quality and necessary knowledge for the business operations.

The Company has always supported the competency and knowledge development of employees by providing the in-house training seminar and public seminars both local and international.

The Company has provided the complain box for employees, in case they may acknowledge illegal behaviors or violating the Company's regulation.

In addition, the Company has established the provident found for employees since the year 1993 to ensure financial security after retirement or leave a job. Employee can request for early retirement when reached the age of 55 and has been working for 25 years which the employee shall receive compensation according to the Company's regulations and laws.

Vendors or Creditors : The Company must ensure that the trading practices from suppliers or vendors are practically performed, including borrowing conditions and terms; objective, repayment, collateral and other commitments. In addition, it has regularly provided the correct information to venders or creditors.

Communities and Societies: There shall be responsibility to the community and social regarding to use of resources and environmental protection. The Company has realized about the importance to maintain the environment and has perform management by using technologies and production processes which are up to the environmental standards regarding ISO 14001 : 2015 by establishing waste treatment systems such as waste water treatment system before releasing to the nature, treatment system of smokes for burning process, dust filtering system, and also establishing waste and industrial waste segregation plant in order to perform treatments which are accordance to the principles and performed by the certified units from Department of Industrial Works. It has also set up recycling, energy-saving and environmental protection system, including those which benefit to the community. The Company has been fully complied with governing law and rules and regulations of all involved agencies.

In 2012, the Company has changed fuel used in manufacturing process of 100 % from Fuel Oils, which has to be imported from abroad while its price has been increased continually, to Natural Gas supplied by PTT PIc. which is considered as clean energy that is environmental friendly and help reduce pollution. Moreover, the process shall be free of black smokes, Sulfur Dioxide (SO2), and Carbon Monoxide (CO). It will directly cut the cost for treatment of emission from combustion. The Company has regularly implemented a preventive maintenance (P.M.) by the experts, including particulate measure in the work place and flue in order to prevent particulate and gas pollution. It has also installed smoke and dust treatment.

Regarding electricity usage which considered as the main energy of production, the Company give the importance and also provide support to "Energy conservation in establishment's project" according to The Energy Conservation Promotion Act of Ministries of Energy by set up energy conservation committee, consistently specifying of policies and work plans, and set up energy conservation seminar to employees. The actions also include improve and adjust equipment and machines such as change the piston air compressor to screw compressor, change the damaged existing air conditioners to the energy-saving air conditioners, change 36 W fluorescent bulbs to 10 W LED bulbs in the office and factory, install capacitor bank to adjust power factor value of the factory in order to reduce system loss and reduce the fines to electrical authority, maintain machines per plan in order to reduce the loss and increase production efficiency. The Company has also participated in the low-power machinery replacement project with the Department of Energy Conservation and Renewable (DEDE) and received partial fund from DEDE to purchase new machines.

Auditors : The Company has a good cooperation with auditor by providing complete financial and significant information as requested by the auditors. The auditors can perform their work independently.

Shareholders and all other concerned parties: Directors must have accountability to the shareholders and financial supporter in aspect of disclosure, accounting procedure. Directors must make decision honestly, fairness for both majority and minority shareholders, and for all stakeholders' benefits.

#### 4. Disclosure and Transparency

The Company gives important on the disclosure of information regarding their correct and complete as follows:

- 4.1 All information of the Company presented in the financial report is correct, creditable and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and standards. It has been audited by an independent external auditor who has qualification and approved by the Officer of the SEC. In the year 2022, the auditor issued the unqualified opinion on the Company's 2022 Financial Statements. The Company submits the financial report according to the regulation of Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) within the specified period of time and no record of the financial statements revision ordered by the SEC.
- 4.2 The Audit Committee's primary duty and responsibility is to review the Company's financial statements to ensure its correctness and sufficiency. The Board of Directors provided the Statement of the Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements which was certified by the Board meeting.
- 4.3 The Company disclosed the scope, functions and responsibilities of the directors, and committee as follows :
  - 4.3.1 Functions and responsibilities of the directors, audit committee member, member of nomination and compensation committee, and the executive directors (Refer to Section 7 Corporate Governance Structure and Important Information on the Board of Directors, Sub-Committees, Executives, Employees and Others on page 39-41)
  - 4.3.2 Disclosed the duties of the Board for the year 2022 e.g. number of meeting number of attendance of each director. (Refer to Section 8.1, Summary of the Board of Directors' Performance in the past year on page 45-46)
  - 4.3.3 Disclosed the compensation of director (Refer to Section 8.1.2, Meeting Attendance and Compensation for individual Directors on page 46-47)
- 4.4 The Company completely disclosed the details on the related party transactions. (Refer to Section 9, Internal Control and Related Transactions on page 53-54)
- 4.5 The Company has posed the financial statements, annual registration statement/annual report (Form 56-1 one report) and minutes of the annual general meeting of shareholders on the Company's web site at www.ctw.co.th.
- 4.6 The Company disclosed audit fee paid to its auditor. (Refer to the Fee to the Auditor on page 43)
- 4.7 Shareholders and investors can contact the Corporate Services Section for more information by calling at 02 745-6118-30 or e-mail address : kanjana@ctw.co.th

## 5. Responsibilities of the Board

The Company realizes the importance of directors' role and responsibility regarding the corporate governance for the Company's maximum benefit, details as follows:

- 5.1 Board Structure
  - 5.1.1 According to the Company's Articles of Association, the directors of the Company shall be not less than 5 persons appointed by the meeting of shareholders.
  - 5.1.2 As at 31 December 2022 the Company's 12 directors consists of:

Executive Directors 3 Persons

- Non-Executive Directors 9 Persons (Independent Directors 4 persons)
- 5.1.3 The Board of Directors has 2 female directors.
- 5.1.4 At every annual general meeting of shareholders, one-third of the directors must be retried. Then the director has 3 years - period each.
- 5.1.5 The duties and responsibilities of the Chairman of the Board are different from those of the Managing Director. In order to separate responsibilities in formulating policies and management of routine work, then the Chairman of the Board is not the same person as the Managing Director.
- 5.1.6 The Company has the Company Secretary to advise about laws and regulations that the directors shall know.
### 5.2 Committees

- 5.2.1 The Board of Directors has set up the Audit Committee and the Nomination and Compensation Committee to study and screen special tasks on behalf of the Board.
- 5.2.2 The attendance of each member of audit committee and nomination and compensation committee. (Refer to Section 8.2, Report of the Audit Committee on page 51 and section 8.3, Summary of Other Sub-Committees' Performance on page 51)
- 5.2.3 The Chairman of the Board is not the chairman of any committee to ensure independence of the committees.
- 5.2.4 The Chairman of all committee of the Company is also the independent director.
- 5.3 Roles and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors
  - 5.3.1 The Board of Directors jointly determined the policy and approved the important matter regarding the Company's operation. The Board also monitored the Company's all activities that are in compliance with the laws. In 2022, the Company has no violation of the laws or related regulations of the SEC or the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET).
  - 5.3.2 The Company has provided Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors, the Management and the employees to use as a guideline in performing their duties.
  - 5.3.3 The attendance of each Board of Directors (Refer to the Meeting Attendance of Directors on page 45-46.)
- 5.4 Board Meetings
  - 5.4.1 The Board of Directors must convene at least one meeting in 3 months and held special meeting if necessary. The Board must set agenda for the meeting in advance.
  - 5.4.2 The Company Secretary is responsible for preparing and invitation letter, agenda and support documents and sending them to each member of the Board not least than 7 days in prior to the meeting date.
  - 5.4.3 The quorum of each meeting requires at least 50% of the total number of Board members.
  - 5.4.4 In 2022, 5 Board meetings were held and written minutes of each meeting were approved by the Board and kept for future reference and auditing by responsible person. On the average, each the Board meeting shall take about 43 minutes.
  - 5.4.5 The Chairman of the Board and the Managing Director jointly considered to set the Board Meeting agenda. Each Board member is also independent to propose an issue for the Meeting agenda.

### Anti-corruption Policy

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited is committed to conducting our business with transparency guided by the good corporate governance principles and providing full support to its management and staffs to render their works with integrity, to strictly observe applicable laws and rules and regulations. The Company has therefore laid down anti-corruption policy as a guideline for its management and staffs as follows :

- The management and staffs shall not give or ask for or take bribes or any other unlawful interest in order to persuade to do or omit doing something illegally or which may prejudice the company's legitimate benefit
- The management and staffs shall not seek for personal interest in conflict with the company's benefit, directly or indirectly and shall also carry out their duties and make decision on business by always taking into account the company's optimum benefit.
- 3. The management and staffs are assigned with duty to monitor and prevent corruption. If any corruption or any event suspicious of corruption, it is required to notify the independent director or manager without delay and provide all possible cooperation to investigate the fact.
- 4. Donation to any charitable activity or providing financial support for any activities or projects shall be transparently and legally done.

Ways of conduct

- 1) Create an appropriate internal control system for doing business as to avoid employees to behave in an inappropriate way especially in marketing and purchasing areas.
- 2) Create a way to be able to receive the complaints or report of any bad conducts.
- 3) Management and employees shall avoid conflicts between self and company interests, induce bad conducts or may make the company lose advantages.

### 6.2 Business Ethics

The Company established a Code of Conduct for Directors as a guideline for good performance in performing the Company's directors duties. And Code of Conduct for Employees to principle and morality in working for the Company. The Board of Directors meeting had to certifiable of code of conduct and send it to directors and employees to be acknowledged.

### Code of Conduct for Directors

The code of practice for the directors of the Company is to be considered the best practice guideline for their conduct while holding a director of the Company as follows:

1. Compliance with the Laws and the Company's regulation

Directors must conduct their duties honestly, comply with all laws, the objects and the articles of association of the Company, and the resolutions of any shareholder meetings in good faith, and with care to preserve the interests of the CTW.

2. Confidentiality

All confidential information must not be used for the personal benefit of any individual(s). Directors of the Company must safeguard confidential information obtained in the normal course of business. This duty of protecting the confidentiality of the Company information continues even after directors resign or cease to be director of the Company.

### 3. Integrity and Accuracy of CTW's Records

The Company's business records are depended upon to produce reliable and accurate reports to the management, shareholders, customers, governmental entities and others. All official records of the Company's business must be accurate, honest and complete.

4. Insider Trading

Any directors who possess any insider information will suspend all trading transaction of the Company's securities either direct or indirect prior to the submission to the SET or the Company's publication of any information which may materially affect those securities value. This is to ensure fairness and integrity in the financial markets, buying or selling the Company's securities.

5. Conflicts of Interest

Directors must not place themselves in positions where their own interests could conflict either direct or indirect with those of the Company. Directors' decisions in the business must be made solely in the best interest of the Company.

6. Relation with Shareholders and other stakeholders

Directors must have accountability to the shareholders and financial supporter in aspect of disclosure, accounting procedure. Directors must make decision honestly, fairness for both majority and minority shareholders, and for all stakeholders' benefits.

7. Relations with Customers

Directors must build productive relationships with the Company's customers based on integrity, ethical behavior and mutual trust. Directors and managements must take care and maximize accountability in aspect of setting and maintenance products standard, product quality.

8. Relations with vendors or creditors

Directors must ensure that the trading practices from suppliers or vendors are practically performed, including borrowing conditions and terms; objective, repayment, collateral and other commitments.

### 9. Relations with Employees

Directors must ensure that the Company provides a safe, healthy and productive work environment. They also ensure the Company set employment procedures and equal employment to ensure that the Company employs the person who has quality and necessary knowledge for the business operations.

10. Relations with Environments, Communities and Societies

Directors must have a responsibility to environments, communities and societies to use theirs resources and maintain environments.

### Code of Conduct for Employees

The practice guideline for employees of the Company is the principle and ethic in all their conduct for the Company as follows :

1. Compliance with the Laws and the Company's regulation

All employees must comply with all legal and the Company's regulation. All employees are to be fully committed to ensuring that all business decisions and actions comply with all applicable laws and regulations and to observing good standards of behavior and practice.

2. Confidentiality

All confidential information must not be used for the personal benefit of any individual(s). All employees of the Company have a duty to safeguard confidential information obtained in the normal course of business. This duty of protecting the confidentiality of the Company information continues even after members of staff cease to be employed by the Company. Where an employee ceases to be employed by the Company, any material developed by the employees during his/her term of employment with the Company, shall remain the property of the Company. Such material is not to be disclosed after the employee leaves the employ of the Company.

3. Integrity and Accuracy of the Company's Records

The Company's business records are depended upon to produce reliable and accurate reports to the management, shareholders, customers, governmental entities and others. All official records of the Company's business must be accurate, honest and complete. All employees must be honest, objective and loyal in the performance of record keeping responsibilities.

4. Insider Trading

Any employees who possess any insider information will suspend all trading transaction of the Company's securities either direct or indirect prior to the submission to the SET or the Company's publication of any information which may materially affect those securities value. This is to ensure fairness and integrity in the financial markets, buying or selling the Company's securities.

5. Conflicts of Interest

All employees must not place themselves in positions where their own interests could conflict with those of the Company. All employees' decisions in the business must be made solely in the best interest of the Company. In reaching these decisions, an employee should not be influenced by personal of family considerations that might consciously (or unconsciously) affect his or her judgment as to what is in the best interest of the Company.

The Company determine the principle for conflict of interest as follows:

- Circumstances should be avoided in which personal interests conflict, or may appear to conflict, with the interest of the Company.
- Circumstances may arise where an employee or respective family members directly or indirectly hold a business interest which conflicts/ may conflict with the Company's interest. In order to ensure that the Company's makes objective decisions, all employees must declare in advance that interest to Assistant Managing Director (Finance) by presenting that detail in the form of the Company.
- Any involvement in an outside activity or any external position held, must not give rise to any real or apparent conflict with the Company, must not adversely reflect on the Company and must not interfere with an individual's job performance.

### 6. Protection of the Company's assets

All employees have a responsibility to protect the Company's assets from loss, damage, theft and misuse. All employees must improve the Company's systems and help others improve their effectiveness for the Company's success and target.

### 7. Relations with Customers

All employees must build productive relationships with the Company's customers based on integrity, ethical behavior and mutual trust. All employees should seek consistently to exceed customers' expectations and present the relevant information in a fair and truthful manner.

8. Relations with Environments, Communities and Societies

All employees have a commitment to being good citizens and neighbors. They have a responsibility to environments, communities and societies to use theirs resources and maintain environments.

9. Relations with Employees

The Company provides a safe, healthy and productive work environment. All employees must treat all of their colleagues with respect. Each employee has a personal responsibility to other employees and to the Company.

### 6.3 Major Changes and Developments in Policies, Practices and Governance Systems in the Past Year

The Board of Directors of the Company is aware of the importance of corporate governance. Thus, determined the policy to follow which is compliance with the Corporate Governance Code for Listed Company in year 2017 of Securities and Exchange Commission (Corporate Governance Code: CG Code). The Company created Corporate Governance Policy and Practices covering the following 5 classifications to demonstrate that the company put in place the management system efficiently including information disclosure with transparency and accountability. Corporate governance under good management will bring about the confidences for shareholders, investors, stakeholders, and all parties concerned. In addition, the Board of Directors of the Company believes that the corporate governance will create long-term value for shareholders in a long term as well as enhancing its competitiveness for sustainable growth. The Company reviews the Corporate Governance Policy every year.

## 7. Corporate Governance Structure and Important Information on the Board of Directors, Sub-Committees, Executives, Employees and Others

### 7.1 Corporate Governance Structure

Organization Chart of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2022



### 7.2 Board of Directors

The Company has 12 Directors as at 31 December 2022:

1 ,	
Name	Position
1. Mr. Chai Sophonpanich	Chairman
2. Mr. Premchai Karnasuta	Vice-Chairman
3. Mr. Sun Tao-Heng *	Managing Director
4. Mr. Pornwut Sarasin	Chairman of Audit Committee and Independent Director
5. Mr. Kasem Kularbkeo *	Director and Member of the Nomination and Compensation Committee
6. Mrs. Sununtha Phaengsook *	Director and Deputy Managing Director, Finance
7. Mrs. Nijaporn Charanachitta	Director and Member of the Nomination and Compensation Committee
8. Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	Chairman of the Nomination and Compensation Committee,
	Audit Committee Member and Independent Director
9. Mr. Steven Suey Ku	Audit Committee Member and Independent Director
10. Mr. Lee Michael Chao Chun	Director
11. Mr. Cheng Chen-You	Director
12. Mr. Surachai Sirivallop	Independent Director

Remark: \* Authorised directors

### Duties and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors :

The Board of Directors' duties and responsibilities, as included in but not limited to the Articles of Association of the Company are:

- To appoint an Executive Board of Directors consisting of the Executive Chairman, Executive Vice-Chairman and other positions as necessary, to have the authority to administer and manage the operations of the Company as assigned by the Board of Directors.
- 2. To arrange meetings at least once in every three months at the Head Office of the Company or the province nearby in the meeting.
- 3. To implement and direct the Company's policies, as well as monitor and supervise its operations to maximize economic value and shareholders' wealth.
- 4. To notify shareholders immediately or call a shareholders' meeting in regard to events that might have a significant impact on the Company's operations or financial status and/or shareholders' benefits.

Besides, the Board of Directors delegates management authority to manage or make decisions relating to the normal business practices of the Company, but it is not allowed to approve transactions that may cause a conflict of interest among members of the executive management.

In addition to the above, the Board of Directors has granted the Managing Director the authority to approve purchases or sales of assets in the maximum value of Baht 50 million, with any amount higher than that to requiring the approval from the Board of Directors.

### Expiration of Directors

One-third of the number of directors shall retire at an annual general meeting of shareholders. If the number of directors is not divisible by three, the number of directors retiring shall be the nearest integer to one-third.

Directors to be retired from their office in the first and second year after the enforcement of the Articles of Association shall retire by drawing of lots. After that, directors who have stayed in office the longest shall be retired. The retired directors may be re-elected. In voting to elect directors, it is deemed that every shareholder has one vote per one share. The retired directors may be re-elected.

- In addition to retiring by rotation, directors must retire or be considered retired if:
- 1. They die.
- 2. They resign.
- 3. They are unqualified or prohibited from being a director according to the Public Company Act.
- 4. A general shareholder meeting resolves to dismiss a director with the vote being not less than three-fourths of the participating shareholders who are eligible to vote, and the number of shares they hold is not less than half of the shares held by the participating shareholders who are eligible to vote.
- 5. They are dismissed by order of the Court.

In the case that the director is vacant by other cause, except by rotation, the Board of Directors shall appoint a qualified person whom is not prohibited by the law of public company in his stead in the next meeting of the Board of Directors. Except the leaving Directors has the time to retain in his office less than 2 months. Such resolution of the Board of Directors must have the vote not less than three-fourth of the remaining Directors. The substitute director shall hold office only for the remaining term of office of the director whom he or she replaces.

### 7.3 Sub-Committees

The Company's Sub-Committees are comprised of three sets; the Audit Committee, the Nomination and Compensation Committee and the Executive Committee, with the scope of authorities and duties as follows :

### Audit Committee

The Company's Audit Committee consists of 3 members as at 31 December 2022 :

	Name	Position
1.	Mr. Pornwut Sarasin	Chairman of Audit Committee and Independent Director
2.	Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	Audit Committee Member and Independent Director
3.	Mr. Steven Suey Ku	Audit Committee Member and Independent Director

Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen has knowledge and experience in reviewing financial statements.

### Scope of duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee member :

1 To review the Company's financial reporting process to ensure that it is accurate and adequate;

- 2 To review the Company's internal control system and internal audit system to ensure that they are suitable and efficient, to determine an internal audit unit's independence, as well as to approve the appointment, transfer and dismissal of the chief of an internal audit unit or any other unit in charge of an internal audit;
- 3 To review the Company's compliance with the law on securities and exchange, the regulations, and the laws relating to the Company's business;
- 4 To consider, select and nominate an independent person to be the Company's auditor, and to propose such person's remuneration, as well as to attend a non-management meeting with an auditor at least once a year;
- 5 To review the Connected Transactions, or the transactions that may lead to conflicts of interests, to ensure that they are in compliance with the laws and the Exchange's regulations, and are reasonable and for the highest benefit of the Company;
- 6 To prepare, and to disclose in the Company's annual report, an audit committee's report which must be signed by the audit committee's chairman and consist of at least the following information:
  - (a) An opinion on the accuracy, completeness and creditability of the Company's financial report,
  - (b) An opinion on the adequacy of the Company's internal control system,
  - (c) An opinion on the compliance with the law on securities and exchange, the Exchange's regulations, or the laws relating to the Company's business,
  - (d) An opinion on the suitability of an auditor,
  - (e) An opinion on the transactions that may lead to conflicts of interest,
  - (f) The number of the audit committee meetings, and the attendance of such meetings by each committee member,

(g) An opinion or overview comment received by the audit committee from its performance of duties in accordance with the charter, and
(h) Other transactions which, according to the audit committee's opinion, should be known to the shareholders and general investors, subject to the scope of duties and responsibilities assigned by the Company's board of directors; and
7 To perform any other act as assigned by the Company's board of directors, with the approval of the audit committee.
Member of the Audit Committee can serve for three years in each term.

### Nomination and Compensation Committee

The Company's Nomination and Compensation Committee consists of 3 members as at 31 December 2022:

Name	Position
1. Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	Chairman of the Nomination and Compensation Committee
2. Mrs. Nijaporn Charanachitta	Member of the Nomination and Compensation Committee
3. Mr. Kasem Kularbkeo	Member of the Nomination and Compensation Committee

### Duties and responsibilities of member of Nomination and Compensation Committee :

- 1. To set the policy, the criteria and process of nominating Board members and top executives.
- 2. To consider and select the list of qualified candidates for presenting to become the Board member and top executives.
- 3. To consider and formulate the criteria and the form of payment to directors and top executives.
- 4. To consider and recommend the directors' compensation to the Shareholders' meeting for approval. Member of the Nomination and Compensation Committee can serve for three years in each term.

### 7.4 The Management Team

The Company's Executive Directors and Management as at 31 December 2022 :

	Name	Position
1.	Mr. Sun Tao-Heng	Managing Director
2.	Mr. Kasem Kularbkeo	Executive Director
3.	Mrs. Sununtha Phaengsook	Executive Director and Deputy Managing Director, Finance
4.	Mr. Tanasit Aungkasit	Deputy Managing Director, Sales and Marketing
5.	Mr. Suvit Veerapong	Deputy Managing Director, Production and Engineering
6.	Mr. Sathit Tabpech	Deputy Managing Director, Quality Assurance
7.	Mr. Chang Hsiao-Chun	Deputy Managing Director, Office of Managing Director (1)
8.	Mr. Chiu Shih-Hao	Deputy Managing Director, Office of Managing Director (2)
9.	Mrs. Apanut Wongjarit	Asst. Managing Director, Accounting

### Duties and responsibilities of the Executive Directors and Management Team :

- To carry out the Company's policies and to develop strategies according to policies set out by the Board of Directors, exclude approve to benefit or conflict of the company and subsidiaries.
- 2. To ensure that such policies and strategies are applied properly.
- 3. To manage their respective assignments and departments.
- 4. To be responsible for day-to-day business operations.

### The Compensation of Executive Directors and Management for 2022:

	(Number	Salary	Consultant Fee and Bonus	s Total
	of person)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)
Executive Directors and Management Team	9	29.32	12.01	41.33

### 7.5 Personnel

Number of Employees in the production group

As of 31 December 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries had a total employees of 784 persons. Workforce Sharing Policy

Charoong Thai and SPEWC receive help form PEWC, Taiwan-based parent company, which has now assigned its representatives to work at Charoong Thai and SPEWC while the latter two companies are obliged under the contract to pay salary and management fee to PEWC.

Charoong Thai has provided support on production and management for SFO and DDC which are subsidiaries through the management agreement done between Charoong Thai and SFO and DDC. Under this agreement Charoong Thai's executive and staff at its head office are obliged to carry out various works including marketing, finance, accounting etc. for them. Charoong Thai charged the management fee at the lump sum rate of Baht 45,000 per/month from SFO and Baht 113,850 per/month from DDC, respectively. With respect to the production consisting of engineers and production staffs, Charoong Thai charged the fee from SFO and DDC based on number of experts and their respective level of skill and then calculated as per number of actual working hours at mutually agreed rate. Moreover, Charoong Thai also charged additional miscellaneous expenses from DDC at 5% of the total amount of management fee. Apart from such management agreement, the company did not charge any other expense relating to the employee.

With respect to subsidiaries for investment purpose, namely, CTW-Beta Limited, workforces are shared with Charoong Thai without charge against each other.

### Labor Dispute Problems

During the past 3 years, the Company has had no significant labor disputes.

### Employee Compensation

In 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries paid compensation to employees are salary, bonus, contributions to the provident fund, and other benefits totaling of Baht 365.75 million.

### Provident Fund

The Company's directors and executives who are employed by the Company are at their free will whether to subscribe to the Company's Provident Fund. According to the Company's policy and employee wanted to establish the provident fund to provide welfare and guarantee for employees when they resign, become the disable, retire or die or resign from the Fund. The fund was officially set up under the name "Provident Fund of Charoong Thai Wire & Cable Public Company Limited which is already registered". According to the Fund's regulation, 5% of monthly salary of the employee member will be deducted and delivered to the Fund each month as contribution while the Company will pay contribution for each member at the same rate. As of 31 December 2022, the Company paid contributions for its executive director and executives for the sum of Baht 1.41 million in 2022 and Baht 1.26 million in 2021 and paid contribution for its employees for an amount of Baht 6.52 million in 2022.

### Employee Development Policy

The Company has been operated for more than 50th years and it was set to continue personnel and technology development. Human resource has always seen by the Company as the key to promoting its operation. Policies have been drawn to improve employee's skills and capacity to perform their function efficiently and be able to share such skill to others in the organization. They are also prepared for emerging technologies in the future. The Company's effort includes in-house and external training and seminar e.g. applying management tools for production of quality under quality management system ISO 9001:2015 to ensure that the product meets the customer's requirements, participation in energy saving, environmental management programs under ISO : 14001 as well as promotion of understanding about occupational health and safety under ISO 45001 : 2018 and TIS 18001 : 2011.

### 7.6 Other Important Information

### 7.6.1 Persons assigned to be responsible for the following

Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit

Miss Kanjana Anekwasinchai (disclosed the Company Secretary's information in Attachment No.1 and No.3)

### The person assigned to the direct responsibility of supervising accounting

Mrs. Apanut Wongjarit, Assistant Managing Director (Accounting) (disclosed of the person assigned to the direct responsibility of supervising accounting preparation in the Attachment No 1)

### 7.6.2 Head of Investor Relations

Miss Kanjana Anekwasinchai is assigned to be in charge of Investor Relations which shareholders and investors can contact the Corporate Services Section by calling at 02-745-6118 to 30 or e-mail address : kanjana@ctw.co.th

### 7.6.3 Audit Fee

### <u>Audit fee</u>

The Company and its subsidiaries paid audit fee to :

- The Company's auditor for the year 2022 totaling Baht 4,980,000.
- Other than the Company's auditor but, related individual or related company of the Company's auditor for the year 2022 totaling Baht 0.

### Non-audit fee

The Company and its subsidiaries paid non-audit fee for the year 2022 totaling Baht 0.

### 8. Important Corporate Governance Performance Report

### 8.1 Summary of the Board of Directors' Performance in the Past Year

The Company revealed number of meeting and attendance by each member of the Board and the Committee and Subcommittee e.g. Audit Committee, Nomination and Compensation Committee etc. under the item regarding attendance of member of the Board of Directors in 2022 Page 45-46 Item 8.2 Report of the Audit Committee Page 51 and Item 8.3 Summary of Other Sub-Committee's Performance Page 51 In each meeting, the chairman of the meeting of the Board or of the committee encouraged each participating member to freely express his/her view and meeting time was properly and effectively allocated. Over the past year, in the Board's Meeting No. 1/2023 held on 21 February 2023, the Board assessed its operation performance. The Board of Directors and all committees performed their duties within the scope of power and duties and assignment in line with the good practice guideline provided by regulatory bodies.

### 8.1.1 Nomination, Development and Performance Assessment of the Board of Directors

### 1. Independent directors

### Criteria of selecting an independent director(s)

- 1. The independent director shall meet all the following criteria 1.1 through 1.9 :
  - 1.1 Holds shares not exceeding 1% of the total shares with voting right of the applicant, its parent company, subsidiaries, associates, major shareholders, and controlling of the Company, provided that the shares held by the related parties of such independent director shall be included.
  - 1.2 Is not or has never been an executive director, employee, staff, advisor who receives salary, nor controlling parties of the applicant, its parent company, subsidiaries, associates, same-level subsidiaries, major shareholders, or controlling parties of the applicant unless the foregoing status ended at least 2 years, provided that such prohibition shall not include the case that such independent director has ever been official or advisor of the government sector that is the major shareholder or controlling party of the applicant.

- 1.3 Is not the person who has relationship by means of descent or legal registration under the status of father, mother, spouse, brothers, sisters and children. The prohibitive persons also include spouses of daughters and sons of management, major shareholders, controlling party or the person who is in the process of nomination to be the management or controlling party of the applicant or its subsidiary.
- 1.4 Have no or never had business relationship with its parent company, subsidiaries, associates, major shareholders, or controlling of the Company in respect of holding the power which may cause the obstacle of the independent decision, including not being or never been the significant shareholder, or controlling parties of any person having business relationship with the Company, its parent company, subsidiaries, associates, major shareholders, or controlling of the Company unless the foregoing status ended at least 2 years.
- 1.5 Is not or has never been the auditor of the Company, its parent company, subsidiaries, associates, major shareholders, or controlling of company, and is not the significant shareholder, controlling parties, or partner of the auditing firm which employs such auditor of the Company, its parent company, subsidiaries, associates, major shareholders, or controlling of company unless the foregoing status ended at least 2 years.
- 1.6 Is not or has never been the professional service provider, including but not limited to legal service or financial advisor with received service fee more than 2 million baht per year from the Company, its parent company, subsidiaries, associates, major shareholders, or controlling parties, and is not the significant shareholder, controlling parties, or partner of the above mentioned service firms unless the foregoing status ended at least 2 years.
- 1.7 Is not the director who is nominated to be the representative of directors of the Company, major shareholders, or any other shareholder related to the major shareholders.
- 1.8 Do not operate the same and competitive business with the business of the Company, or its subsidiaries, or is not a significant partner of the partnership, or is not an executive director, employee, staff, advisor who receives salary, nor holds shares for more than 1% of the total shares with voting right of any other company which operates same and competitive business with the business of the Company, or its subsidiaries.
- 1.9 Is not any otherwise which is unable to have the independent opinion regarding the business operation of the Company.
- 2. The member of the Nomination and Compensation is considering an appropriate person to the Board of Directors for the Company whom has to be competent and matching all above listed criteria, and willing to take such position as an independent director of the Company. In proceeding the independent director selection, the Board shall first conduct a searching for qualified individuals whom shall meet all required criteria with his/her own willingness then send their nomination to the Board meeting or shareholders meeting for final consideration and formal appointment.

### 2 The criteria of selection of directors and Management.

The Board of Directors Meeting No. 3/2006 held on August 18, 2006, resolved to appoint the Nomination and Compensation Committee to set policy, consider the criteria and procedures for nominating qualified persons to be directors and executives as well as considering the payment criteria and form remuneration of directors and executives to the Board of directors or the shareholders meeting for consideration, as the case may comply with good corporate governance principles for listed companies.

In 2022, the Company has 3 directors who have completed their term and proposed to the 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to re-elect these 3 retiring directors to retain their offices for another term. In addition, the Board of Directors' meeting appointed one director to replace the director who resigned before the end of term.

### Authorities and Duties of the Board of Directors

Directors of the Company shall perform their duties in accordance with the law, objectives and the articles of association of the Company as well as with the resolutions of general and extraordinary meetings of shareholders.

### Selection of Directors

The Nomination and Compensation Committee shall consider and select qualified candidate director as the following guidelines:

- The Nomination and Compensation Committee is responsible for selecting an appropriate person, taking into account experience, vision, ability and character, and submit to the shareholders meeting for further approval.
- The Company's directors shall number not less than five persons and shall be appointed by a general meeting of shareholders. Not less than half of the directors must have their domicile in the Kingdom of Thailand.
- 3. In voting to elect directors, it is deemed that every shareholder shall have one vote per share, whereby shareholders use ballots to elect directors individually.
- 4. The majority vote of the shareholders who attend the meeting and cast their votes. In cast of a tie vote, the Chairman of the meeting shall have a casting vote.

### 8.1.2 Meeting Attendance and Compensation for Individual Directors

The 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on Tuesday, 26, April 2022, at 14.30 p.m. at CTW Head office. 11 of 12 directors attended the AGM's meeting, representing 91.67% of the total Boards. Directors who attending the meeting consisted of the Chairman, Chairman of the Audit Committee, Chairman of the Nomination and Compensation Committee, Executive Directors, Managing Director and other Directors.

### **Board Meeting**

- The Board of Directors must convene at least one meeting in 3 months and held special meeting if necessary. The Board must set agenda for the meeting in advance.
- The Company Secretary is responsible for preparing and invitation letter, agenda and support documents and sending them to each member of the Board not least than 7 days in prior to the meeting date.
- 3. The quorum of each meeting requires at least 50% of the total number of Board members.
- 4. In 2022, 5 Board meetings were held and written minutes of each meeting were approved by the Board and kept for future reference and auditing by responsible person. On the average, each the Board meeting shall take about 43 minutes.
- The Chairman and the Managing Director are jointly consider to set the board meeting agenda, each directors is also independent to propose any issue to meeting agenda.

Name	Board Meeting	2022 AGM
	(Total 5 times)	(26 April 2022)
1. Mr. Chai Sophonpanich	5/5	1
2. Mr. Premchai Karnasuta	0/5	-
3. Mr. Sun Tao-Heng	5/5	1
4. Mr. Pornwut Sarasin	4/5	1
5. Mr. Kasem Kularbkeo	5/5	1
6. Mrs. Sununtha Phaengsook	5/5	1
7. Mrs. Nijaporn Charanachitta	3/5	1
8. Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	5/5	1
9. Mr. Steven Suey Ku	5/5	1

### The Meeting Attendance of Directors for 2022

Name	Board Meeting	2022 AGM
	(Total 5 times)	(26 April 2022)
10. Mr. Surachai Sirivallop	5/5	1
11. Mr. Cheng Chen-You *	3/3	1
12. Mr. Lee Michael Chao Chun	5/5	1

Remark : \* To be appointed as the Company's director on 11 March 2022.

### The Compensation of Executive Directors and Management

### The director compensation policy

The compensation of director consists of:

### Meeting fees

In 2022, the Board of Directors and the Nomination and Compensation Committees proposed to the 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to consider and determine the meeting fees for directors who only present at the meeting as follows:

	Meeting fees for Board of Directors :			
	- Chairman	Baht	50,000	per meeting
	- Director	Baht	40,000	per meeting
	Meeting fees for Audit Committee :			
	- Chairman of Audit Committee	Baht	40,000	per meeting
	- Member of Audit Committee	Baht	30,000	per meeting
	Meeting fees for the Nomination and Compensation Committee	) :		
	- Chairman of Nomination and Compensation Committee	Baht	40,000	per year
	- Member of Nomination and Compensation Committee	Baht	30,000	per year
The				6

There was no the monthly remuneration, special remuneration or other benefits for directors,

excepting the annual remuneration for directors which depends on the Company's operating results.

### The director remuneration

According to the Company's Articles of Association, a resolution shall be issued at the Meeting of Shareholders for paying remuneration to directors and employees every year at a total rate of not more than 3 per cent of total sales, with allocations in favor of directors at one-third and in favor of employees at two-third.

Regarding such payment of remuneration to directors, the allocation is made in consultation between the chairman and some directors of the Company by means of distribution according to the number of portions, with each portion receiving an equal amount, as follows:

Chairman	2.0	portions
Vice-Chairman	1.5	portions
Director	1.0	portion

The chairman and directors shall consider together for allocation as appropriate in case having faction or adjustment of allocated proportion.

As for the directors who are not to be the director full year, theirs remuneration shall be calculated average according to the number of days in term of office of those.

	Monetary Compensation for 2022			
	Name	Position	Veeting Fees	Director Remuneration
			(Baht)	(Baht)
1.	Mr. Chai Sophonpanich	Chairman	250,000	-
2.	Mr. Premchai Karnasuta	Vice-Chairman	-	-
3.	Mr. Sun Tao-Heng	Managing Director	200,000	-
4.	Mr. Pornwut Sarasin	Chairman of Audit Committee and Independent Direct	or 160,000	-

	Name	Position	Meeting Fees	Director Remuneration
			(Baht)	(Baht)
5.	Mr. Kasem Kularbkeo	Director and Member of the Nomination	200,000	-
		and Compensation Committee		
6.	Mrs. Sununtha Phaengsook	Director and Deputy Managing Director, Finance	200,000	-
7.	Mrs. Nijaporn Charanachitta	Director and Member of the Nomination	120,000	-
		and Compensation Committee		
8.	Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	Audit Committee Member, Independent Director	200,000	-
		and Chairman of the Nomination and Compensati	on	
		Committee		
9.	Mr. Steven Suey Ku	Audit Committee Member and Independent Director	or 200,000	-
10.	Mr. Surachai Sirivallop	Director	200,000	-
11.	Mr. Lee Michael Chao Chun	Director	200,000	-
12.	Mr. Cheng Chen-You *	Director	120,000	-
13.	Mr. Yuan Chun-Tang **	Director	40,000	-
	Total		2,090,000	-

(As at 31 December 2022, CTW has 12 directors.)

Remarks: \* To be appointed as the Company's director on 11 March 2022.

\*\* To resigned from the Company's director on 11 March 2022.

### The Compensation of Audit Committee for 2022

	Name	Position	Meeting Fees (Baht)
1.	Mr. Pornwut Sarasin	Chairman of Audit Committee	160,000
2.	Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen*	Audit Committee Member	120,000
3.	Mr. Steven Suey Ku	Audit Committee Member	120,000
	Total		400,000

Remark : \* Who has knowledge and experience in reviewing financial statements.

### The Compensation of the Nomination and Compensation Committee for 2022

	Name	Position	Meeting Fees (Baht)		
1.	Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	Chairman of the Nomination and Compensation	Committee 40,000		
2.	Mrs. Nijaporn Charanachitta	Member of the Nomination and Compensation	Committee 30,000		
3.	Mr. Kasem Kularbkeo	Member of the Nomination and Compensation	Committee 30,000		
	Total		100,000		

### 8.1.3 Supervision of the operation of subsidiaries and associated companies

The Company's businesses are also conducted via subsidiaries and associated companies as detailed in Item 1.3 Shareholding Structure of Company Group. The Company's Board of Directors has put in place the mechanism for supervising the management of subsidiaries and associated companies as follows:

- Appoint its representative to be a director and executive director as per the shareholding ratio as detailed in Item 7 Organization Structure
- Set up the guideline for supervision, disclosure of financial status and operation results, related transactions, acquisition and disposal of assets and any other important transaction in subsidiaries to be in line with the Company's policy, applicable laws and regulations as announced by the Stock Exchange of Thailand.
- Any significant matter must be approved by the Board of Directors or the shareholders.
- Set forth the policy on corporate governance and appropriate and adequate internal control system in those subsidiaries.
- Monitor and supervise the Board of directors and executives of subsidiaries and associated companies to perform their duties and responsibilities in accordance with laws, regulations and the Company's policies.

# 8.1.4 Monitoring Compliance of Corporate Governance Policies and Guidelines Prevention of Conflicts of Interest

The Company has established a Code of Conduct for Directors to serve as a guideline for the good performance of the Company's directors. And the Code of Conduct for Employees serves as principles and morals in working for the Company. In addition, guideline, and rules on working practice have been announced, which covers all working guidelines and disciplinary and punishment actions. The guidelines and rules are communicated to conduct of employees and parent company has prepared a confirmation document on conflict of interest.

### Securities Trading and Inside Information

In order to encourage directors, executives and employees to comply with the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 concerning securities trading by using inside information and the Announcement of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to reporting the shareholding by directors and executives of listed companies, and also to ensure fair treatment of all shareholders as well as material information disclosure under the policy on corporate governance, the Company's Board of Directors has drawn up policy and guideline on securities trading and use of inside information as follows:

### 1. Guideline for the Company's securities trading (CTW)

### 1.1 Persons responsible for reporting

- 1.1.1 Directors
- 1.1.2 Executives (Deputy Managing Director or above and Accounting Manager)
- 1.1.3 Employees who can access to inside information.

### 1.2 Directors or executives

Whenever buying, selling, transferring or accepting transfer of the Company's securities, such director or executive shall submit securities exchange report as per electronic information to the Office of Securities and Exchange Commission within 3 working days from the date of such purchase, sale, transfer or acceptance of transfer of the Company's securities. The duty to prepare the report under (a) and (b) above shall extend to securities holding and trading by the person having relationship with the director or executive as follows: (1) Spouse or Cohabitation as husband and wife

- (2) Minor child:
- (3) The juristic person under (1) and (2) hold shares more than 30 percent of the total number of voting rights, and the shareholding mentioned above is the most significant proportion in that juristic act.

### 2. Guideline for the use of inside information

- 2.1 Directors, executives and person with access to inside information are prohibited from using such inside information for personal benefit or disclosing it to the third party, directly or indirectly, and by whatsoever mean; knowing or should know that receiver of such information may exploit it in securities trading for his personal or the third party's benefit and with or without compensation.
- 2.2 Directors, executives and person with access to inside information are prohibited from trading the Company's securities during the period before disclosure of inside information as follows:
  - 2.2.1 Financial statements

Directors, executives and person with access to inside information are prohibited from trading the Company's securities during the period of 30 days before publishing quarterly and annual financial statements (Blackout Period). The financial statements are to be submitted within 45 days of the end of each quarter (March, June and September) and an audited annual financial statements within 60 days of the end of the financial year (December) as follows : - By May 15

- By August 15
- By November 15
- By March 1

### 2.2.2 Material information influencing change in the Company's security price

(a) Directors, executives and person with access to inside information are prohibited from trading the Company's securities until such information has been disclosed to the Stock Exchange of Thailand for at least 48 hours.

(b) Directors, executives and person with access to inside information should refrain from trading the Company's securities during the period before disclosure of material information that may have influence upon change in value of the Company's securities.

### 3. Sanction against non-compliance with this Policy

### 3.1 Directors, Executives

The Securities and Exchange Act, Section 296 provides that any person who exploits inside information for securities trading (Section 242) "shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or a fine of five hundred thousand up to two million baht, or both."

### 3.2 Employee with access to inside information

Employee who contravenes this Policy may be subject to disciplinary action to the extent that he may be expelled from the job and also to civil and criminal liability under the Securities and Exchange Act. Changes in the CTW Shares held by Directors and Executives in 2022

Name	Position	Shares held	Shares held	Increase/	Percentage
		As at	As at (	Decrease) Shares	of shares
		31 Dec. 2021	31 Dec. 2022	held in 2022	held (%)
Mr. Chai Sophonpanich	Chairman	4,624,910	4,624,910	-	1.16
Mr. Premchai Karnasuta	Vice - Chairman	106	106	-	0.00
Mr. Sun Tao - Heng	Managing Director	6,007,860	6,007,860	-	1.51
Spouse		1,600,000	1,600,000	-	0.40
Mr. Pornwut Sarasin	Chairman of Audit Committee	38,150	38,150	-	0.01
	Independent Director				
Mr. Kasem Kularbkeo Dire	ector and Member of the Nomina	tion 6,000	6,000	-	0.00
	and Compensation Committee				
Spouse		16 <i>,</i> 800	16,800	-	0.00
Mr. Steven Suey Ku	Member of Audit Committee	-	-	-	-
	and Independent Director				
Mr. Cheng Chen-You	Director	207,224	207,224	-	0.05
Mr. Lee Michael Chao C	hun Director	264,958	264,958	-	0.07
Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	Chairman of the Nomination	-	-	-	-
	and Compensation Committee,				
	Member of Audit Committee				
	and Independent Director				
Mrs. Nijaporn Charanachit	ta Director and Member of	106	106	-	0.00
	the Nomination and				
	Compensation Committee				
Mr. Surachai Sirivallop	Independent Director	-	-	-	-
Mrs. Sununtha Phaengsool	k Director and Deputy Managing	40,400	40,400	-	0.01
	Director, Finance				
Mr. Tanasit Aungkasit	Deputy Managing Director,	23,400	23,400	-	0.01
	Sales and Marketing				
Spouse		4,000	4,000		0.00
Mr. Sathit Tabpech	Deputy Managing Director,	7,200	7,200	-	0.00
	Quality Assurance				

Name	Position	Shares held As at	Shares held As at (1	Increase/ Decrease) Shares	Percentage of shares
		31 Dec. 2021	31 Dec. 2022	held in 2022	held (%)
Mr. Suvit Veerapong	Deputy Managing Director,	40,000	40,000	-	0.01
	Production and Engineering				
Spouse		210,033	226,033	16,000	0.06
Mr. Chang Hsiao-Chun	Deputy Managing Director,	149,150	61,850	87,300	0.02
	MD Office (1)				
Mr. Chiu Shih-Hao	Deputy Managing Director,	-	-	-	-
	MD Office (2)				
Mrs. Apanut Wongjarit As	st. Managing Director, Accounting	-	-	-	-

### Anti-corruption Policy

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited is committed to conducting our business with transparency guided by the good corporate governance principles and providing full support to its management and staffs to render their works with integrity, to strictly observe applicable laws and rules and regulations. The Company has therefore laid down anti-corruption policy as a guideline for its management and staffs as follows:

- The management and staffs shall not give or ask for or take bribes or any other unlawful interest in order to persuade to do or omit doing something illegally or which may prejudice the company's legitimate benefit.
- 2. The management and staffs shall not seek for personal interest in conflict with the company's benefit, directly or indirectly and shall also carry out their duties and make decision on business by always taking into account the company's optimum benefit.
- 3. The management and staffs are assigned with duty to monitor and prevent corruption. If any corruption or any event suspicious of corruption, it is required to notify the independent director or manager without delay and provide all possible cooperation to investigate the fact.
- Donation to any charitable activity or providing financial support for any activities or projects shall be transparently and legally done.

### Ways of conduct

- Create an appropriate internal control system for doing business as to avoid employees to behave in an inappropriate way especially in marketing and purchasing areas.
- 2) Create a way to be able to receive the complaints or report of any bad conducts.
- Management and employees shall avoid conflicts between self and company interests, induce bad conducts or may make the company lose advantages.

### Whistleblowing

The Company also provides channels for informing information, whistle blowing or complaints with mechanisms to protect whistleblower and given a priority on collecting complaints confidentially including complaints inspection measurement as well as impose punishment fairly to offenders.

In the previous year, the Company has not received any complaints. No fraud, infringement or actions were found and contrary to the corporate governance policies and practices.

### 8.2 Report of the Audit Committee

In 2022, Audit Committee had held 4 meetings.

The meeting attendance of the Audit Committee can be summarized as follows:

Name	Position N	leeting Attendance (1	íotal 4 time)
1. Mr. Pornwut Sarasin	Chairman of Audit Committee and Independent Dire	ector 4/4	
2. Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	Audit Committee Member and Independent Director	4/4	
3. Mr. Steven Suey Ku	Audit Committee Member and Independent Director	4/4	

In 2022, The Audit Committee held 4 meetings and reported the performance to the Board of Directors for all 4 meetings. To review the Company's financial statements quarterly and at the year end, there were 4 meetings with the Company's auditors to consider the audit report which one out of the said 4 meetings were held without the presence of the Company's executive. As for the selection of the Company's auditors for the year 2023, the Audit Committee proposed the Board of Directors to appoint independent auditors and asking for approval at the Shareholders' Meeting, according to the information and details reported in Attachment No.6 "Report of the Audit Committee."

### 8.3 Summary of Other Sub-Committees' Performance

### The Nomination and Compensation Committee

As at 31 December 2022, the Nomination and Compensation Committee consists as follows :

Name	Position	Meeting	Attendance (Total 1 tin	ne)
1. Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	Chairman of the Nomination and Compensation	Committee	1/1	
2. Mrs. Nijaporn Charanachitta	Member of the Nomination and Compensation C	Committee	1/1	
3. Mr. Kasem Kularbkeo	Member of the Nomination and Compensation C	Committee	1/1	

In 2022, the Nomination and Compensation Committee held 1 meeting, all members attended the meeting on March 11, 2022. The Nomination and Compensation Committee have performed all assigned duties with prudence, transparency, fairness, and independence in accordance with good corporate governance principles, under the policy and charter of the directors which was reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors.

In 2022, the Company has done the remuneration and nomination process and brought into the Board of Director for approval which can be described as follow:

- Consider the nomination of the qualified persons as a company's director to replace the directors who retire by rotation and present to the Board of Directors before proposing at the 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for consideration and approval.

- Consider of the qualified persons as a company's director to replace the director who resigned before the end of term.

- Consider and propose the names of qualified directors as members of the sub-committee to the Board of Directors.

- Consider and propose the remuneration package for the Board of directors, Sub-committees of the year 2022, to comply with the criteria set by the Company and as appropriate according to their duties, responsibilities, and performance to present to the Board of Directors for consideration and approval.

- Consider the payment of the 2022 remuneration to directors and employees in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

### 9. Internal Control and Related Transactions

### 9.1 Internal Control

The Company's Board of Directors recognizes the importance of the internal control system and creates the internal control system covering financial, management and operation for effectiveness in accordance with related laws, rules and regulations, the appropriated risk management, as well as creating the effective investigation mechanism and balance to protect the Company's assets.

The Company's Internal Audit Section shall responsible for the internal audit by carrying out according to the charter. The internal auditor shall report the audit result to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

At the Company's Board of Directors Meeting No.1/2023 on 21 February 2023 with the attendance of all the Audit Committee members, the Board of Directors had assessed the adequacy and appropriateness of Internal Control System by referencing the "Internal Control System Assessment Form" of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. And the Board of Directors unanimously resolved to certify the adequacy of the Internal Control System, which consists of five components as follows:

- 1) Control Environment
- 2) Risk Assessment
- 3) Control Activities
- 4) Information and Communication
- 5) Monitoring Activities

### Report of the Audit Committee

The Company's Audit Committee has prepared the report on the essence performance of their duties for the year 2022, signed by Mr.Pornwut Sarasin, Chairman of the Audit Committee. (Detail in Attachment No.6)

### Information of Head of Internal Audit

The Audit Committee Meeting passed the resolution to appoint Miss Kanjana Anekwasinchai who has appropriate qualification, competency and knowledge, as the Company's Head of Internal Audit Section.

In this regard, consideration and approval to appointing, removing, and transferring the position of who is holding the head of the internal audit must be approved by the Audit Committee. (Detail in Attachment No.3)

### 9.2 Related Transactions

### 9.2.1 Intragroup transactions

Related transactions in the past can divide as follows:

Trading

The Company has had business transactions with subsidiary companies, affiliate companies and related companies. The transactions have occurred in the ordinary course of business such as through inter-company sales, service fees or management fees and have been disclosed in the Company's financial statements.

### Accepting the Management Service

The Company and its subsidiaries accept the management service from the parent company, which is for supporting to the normal business with no general trade condition. The transactions have been disclosed in the Company's financial statements.

### 9.2.2 Necessary and Reasonable of Related Transactions

The necessities and opinions of the Audit Committee in regard to the Related Party Transactions are as described in the tables.

### 9.2.3 Measures or procedures to approve a Related Transaction

Since the Company is a listed company on the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET), its practice regarding related transactions is conducted according to the rules and regulations of the SET. Management is highly aware of the sensitivity of this issue and monitors closely any situation in which a potential related transaction could occur. Moreover, the Company seeks advice from the SET before engaging in a related transaction.

### 9.2.4 Potential future of Related Transactions

<u>Trading</u>

The Company is expected to continue its business transactions with subsidiaries, affiliated, and related companies with regard to the sale and purchase of products and raw materials in the normal course of business. In addition, the Board meeting resolved to approve in principle regarding the related party transactions with the general commercial terms between the Company and its subsidiary companies with the director, executive or related person.

### Accepting the Management Service

The Company and its subsidiaries accept the management service from the parent company, which is for supporting to the normal business with no general trade condition. And there is no additional interests apply to the connected persons.

### Related Transactions for the year 2020 - 2022

The Company and its subsidiaries have company Related Transactions or Persons who conflict between the years 2020-2022 as follows:

Name	Amount (Million Ba		n Baht) Related Transactions		Relationship	Price policy/Conditions	
	2022	2021	2020				
Thai Metal Processing	9.67	11.12	7.41	CTW hired TMP to melt raw	CTW holds a 15% stake in TMP.	Contract price.	
Co., Ltd. (TMP)				materials (copper rod).	Mr. Chai Sophonpanich, director	·	
	0.38	0.39	0.77	CTW owed payment to	of CTW, holds 1.16% stake in		
				TMP for fabrication cost	CTW and holds 3.68% stake		
				(copper melting).	in Bangkok Insurance Plc	Announced Rate/CTW received	
	3.38	3.38	3.38	CTW receives dividend	And Bangkok Insurance Plc.	a dividend income of	
				income from TMP.	holds 5% stake in TMP.	Baht 15 per share from	
						225,000 shares in TMP.	
	13.43	14.89	11.56				
 Italian-Thai	165.86	127.72	121.47	Sales of products by	Mr. Premchai Karnasuta	Market Price/Terms and	
Development Plc. (ITD)	100.00	127.72	121.47	CTW to ITD.	and Mrs.Nijaporn Charanachitta	conditions are the same	
	166.59	175.85	129.97	ITD owes payment to	are directors of CTW and major	as those of other parties.	
	100.07	170.00	127.77	CTW for products	shareholders of ITD. They and	Contract price.	
		54.75	102.42	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	family hold 18.54 % stake in ITD.	connuct price.	
	-	04.70	102.42	expenses by CTW to ITD.			
Ital Thai, Engineering	36.16	75.33	40.59	Sales of products by CTW	ITE is affiliated company of ITD.	Market Price/Terms and	
Ital-Thai Engineering	30.10	70.00	40.39	to ITE.	The is difficiled company of the.	Market Price/Terms and conditions are the same	
Co., Ltd. (ITE)	4 20	22.00	-				
	6.30	33.89	-	ITE owes payment		as those of other parties.	
		0.40	1.05	to CTW for products.		Maulush Driss (Tauras, and	
ITD Hongsa Co., Ltd.	-	0.40	1.85	Sales of products by	ITD Hongsa is affiliated company	Market Price/Terms and	
(ITD Hongsa)				CTW to ITD Hongsa.	of ITD.	conditions are the same	
	00.04	( 70	0.00			as those of other parties.	
ITD-RT Joint Venture	98.84	6.70	0.28	Sales of products by	ITD-RT is Joint venture company	Market Price/Terms and	
(ITD-RT)				CTW to ITD-RT.	of ITD.	conditions are the same	
	47.32	7.16	-	ITD-RT owes payment to	ITD holds 70% stake in ITD-RT.	as those of other parties.	
				CTW for products.			
Italian Thai-Nawarat	-	0.14	-	Sales of products by	Italian Thai-Nawarat is Joint venture	Market Price/Terms and	
Joint Venture				CTW to Italian Thai-Nawarat	company of ITD, ITD holds 51% stake.		
(Italian Thai-Nawarat)				and ITD-NWR.	ITD-NWR is Joint venture	as those of other parties.	
and ITD-NWR					company of ITD, ITD holds 70% stake.		
Joint Venture (ITD-NWR)							
ITD-Nawarat	2.50	-	-	Sales of products by	ITD-NAWARAT is Joint venture of ITD.	Market Price/Terms and	
Joint Venture				CTW to ITD-NAWARAT.	ITD holds 80% stake.	conditions are the same	
(ITD-NAWARAT)	2.67	-	-	ITD-NAWARAT owes payment		as those of other parties.	
				to CTW for products.			
ITD-NWR MRT	1.35	-	-	Sales of products by	ITD-NWR MRT is Joint venture of ITD.	Market Price/Terms and	
Joint Venture				CTW to ITD-NWR MRT.	ITD holds 60% stake.	conditions are the same	
(ITD-NWR MRT)						as those of other parties.	
Italian-Thai Development	1.29	-	-	Sales of products by CTW to	ITD Philippines is branch of ITD	Market Price/Terms and	
Plc. Philippines branch				ITD Philippines.	located in Philippines.	conditions are the same	

1. Related Transactions between the Company and its related companies

Name	Amou	Amount (Million Baht		Related Transactions	Relationship	Price policy/Conditions
	2022	2021	2020	-		
Pacific Electric Wire	2.57	2.24	1.90	Management fee expenses	PEWC indirectly holds	Contract price/Management fee
and Cable Co., Ltd.				from CTW to PEWC.	approximately 51% stake	for service provided by PEWC to CTW.
(PEWC)	0.60	0.57	0.47	CTW owes the payment	in CTW.	(These transactions are described in
				to PEWC for management		the Agreement that are approved
				fee expenses.		by the Board meeting).
	-	132.41	-	Sales of products by CTW	_	Market Price/Terms and conditions are
				to PEWC		the same as those of other parties.
Sigma Cable Pte. Ltd.	0.16	0.24	-	Sales of products by CTW	Sigma is affiliated company	Cost plus margin.
(Sigma)				to Sigma.	under PEWC Group.	
	3.33	135.46	2.37			

### 2. Related Transactions between its subsidiaries and related companies

Name	Amou	nt (Millio	n Baht)	Related Transactions	Relationship	Price policy/Conditions
	2022	2021	2020	-		
Siam Fiber Optics	-	-	2.17	SFO receives income from	SFO is a 100.00% subsidiary	Cost plus margin.
Co., Ltd. (SFO) and				the sale of products to ITD.	company of CTW and ITD is	
Italian-Thai Development					major sharehoder in CTW.	
Plc. (ITD)					ITD holds 12.90% stake in CTW.	
	-	1.14	2.32	ITD owes payment to		
				SFO for products.		
	-	1.14	4.49			
Siam Pacific Electric Wire	-	34.70	0.29	Sales of products by SPEWC	SPEWC is a 100% subsidiary	Cost plus margin.
and Cable Co., Ltd.				to PEWC.	of CTW and PEWC is a parent	
(SPEWC) and Pacific	-	0.78	-	PEWC hires SPEWC to	company of CTW Group.	
Electric Wire and				manufacture products.		
Cable Co., Ltd.	-	0.78	-	PEWC owes the payment		
(PEWC)				to SPEWC for manufacture		
				products.		
	2.46	2.31	1.97	Management fee expenses		Contract price/Management fee for
				from SPEWC to PEWC.		service provided by PEWC to SPEWC.
	0.46	0.51	0.42	SPEWC owes the payment to		(This transaction is described in
				PEWC for management fee		the Agreement that is
				expenses.		approved by the Board meeting).
Shanghai Asia Pacific	-	16.00	1.14	Sales of products and	SAP is a subsidiary of CTW	Market price/Same terms and conditions
Electric Co., Ltd.				raw materials by SAP to	which CTW holds directly and	as other clients.
(SAP) and Pacific				PEWC-Shenzhen.	indirectly 63.68% stake in	
Electric Wire and	-	-	-	PEWC-Shenzhen owes payment	t SAP and PEWC-Shenzhen is	
Cable (Shenzhen)				to SAP for raw materials	affiliated company under	
Co., Ltd.	-	-	179.17	SAP purchases products from	PEWC Group.	
(PEWC-Shenzhen)				PEWC-Shenzhen.		
	-	-	66.86	SAP owes payment to		
				PEWC- Shenzhen for products.		
	-	-	2.09	Sales of Machinery by SAP		Market price.
				to PEWC-Shenzhen.		
Shanghai Asia Pacific	-	-	0.05	Rental income from Ningbo	SAP is a subsidiary of CTW	Market price.
Electric Co., Ltd. (SAP)				to SAP.	which CTW holds directly and	
and Ningbo Electric Wire					indirectly 63.68% stake in SAP	
and Cable Co., Ltd.					and Ningbo is affiliated	
(Ningbo)					company under PEWC Group.	
	2.92	55.08	251.99			

### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited

### Opinion

I have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and have also audited the separate financial statements of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited for the same period.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2022, their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

### Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

I have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, my audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to my assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of my audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for my audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements as a whole.

Key audit matter and how audit procedures respond are described below.

Recognition of revenue from sales under bill and hold arrangements

During the year 2022, the Company recognised revenue from sales under bill and hold arrangements of Baht 445 million. The Company entered into sales contracts or trading agreements with certain customers such as large state-owned enterprises, whereby the counterparties agree in advance that the delivery of goods is to be made on their requests.

As a result, revenue from sale of goods is a significant account which directly affects the Group's operating results.

I assessed and tested the Company's internal controls with respect to the sale transactions under bill and hold arrangements by making enquiry of responsible executives, understanding of the controls and selecting representative samples to test the operation of the designed controls. I also read the sales contracts, enquired of the Company's management to understand the specific sales conditions and examined supporting documents. In addition, I observed the Company's physical count of such inventories and directly sent confirmation requests to customers for the outstanding balances of sales under bill and hold arrangements, which covered the sales amounts, quantities of inventories and conditions of sales.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in annual report of the Group, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report of the Group is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report of the Group, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance for correction of the misstatement.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

 ${\sf I}$  am responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report.

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Supachai Phanyawattano Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 3930

EY Office Limited Bangkok: 21 February 2023

# Statement of financial position

### Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

As at 31 December 2022

					(Unit: Baht)
		Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		959,641,903	995,868,273	589,142,289	635,880,179
Trade and other receivables	7	1,358,470,235	1,698,433,740	600,376,182	900,277,856
Inventories	8	1,967,950,618	1,902,310,590	1,291,289,635	1,212,596,143
Other current financial assets	9	1,145,222	8,241,304	1,356,254	6,894,858
Other current assets		116,647,315	97,171,544	73,877,865	60,575,613
Total current assets		4,403,855,293	4,702,025,451	2,556,042,225	2,816,224,649
Non-current assets					
Other non-current financial assets	9	147,031,040	202,792,170	53,363,250	97,105,500
Long-term loan to subsidiary	6	-	-	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	10	-	-	1,128,637,588	1,128,637,588
Investments in associates	11	9,305,457	6,677,005	-	-
Investment properties	12	17,944,101	19,107,190	11,022,059	11,022,059
Property, plant and equipment	13	1,270,365,540	1,316,953,741	1,039,120,832	1,049,508,662
Deferred tax assets	21	199,358,412	185,152,601	182,418,728	169,087,470
Other non-current assets		24,956,423	27,217,709	3,057,386	9,321,868
Total non-current assets		1,668,960,973	1,757,900,416	2,417,619,843	2,464,683,147
Total assets		6,072,816,266	6,459,925,867	4,973,662,068	5,280,907,796

### Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

As at 31 December 2022

		(Unit: Baht) Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements					
	Nata						
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Liabilities and shareholders' equity							
Current liabilities							
Trust receipts	14	1,133,838,265	1,648,834,933	755,771,594	1,141,181,794		
Trade and other payables	15	390,922,706	386,469,167	147,063,167	186,227,963		
Income tax payable		4,678,630	14,382,477	-	-		
Provision for losses on onerous contracts	16	-	93,545,101	-	93,545,101		
Other current liabilities		25,231,268	57,963,484	22,519,585	37,300,680		
Total current liabilities		1,554,670,869	2,201,195,162	925,354,346	1,458,255,538		
Non-current liabilities							
Long-term loan from financial institution	17	312,601,500	-	312,601,500	-		
Provision for long-term employee benefits	18	305,614,870	326,738,114	256,134,517	280,233,349		
Other non-current liabilities		-	-	200,000	500,000		
Total non-current liabilities		618,216,370	326,738,114	568,936,017	280,733,349		
Total liabilities		2,172,887,239	2,527,933,276	1,494,290,363	1,738,988,887		
Shareholders' equity							
Share capital							
Registered							
397,906,284 ordinary shares of Baht 5 eac	h	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420		
lssued and fully paid-up							
397,906,284 ordinary shares of Baht 5 eac	h	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420	1,989,531,420		
Share premium		1,105,933,696	1,105,933,696	1,105,933,696	1,105,933,696		
Capital surplus from changes in							
shareholding percentage in a subsidiary		13,145,139	13,145,139	-			
Non-controlling interests of subsidiary acquire	d by						
the Company at price lower than bo	ok value	9,006,084	9,006,084	-			
Retained earnings							
Appropriated - statutory reserve	19	198,953,142	198,953,142	198,953,142	198,953,142		
Unappropriated		576,422,444	574,726,412	184,953,447	247,500,651		
Other components of shareholders' equity		4,675,908	40,805,414	-			
Equity attributable to owners of the Compar	ıy	3,897,667,833	3,932,101,307	3,479,371,705	3,541,918,909		
Non-controlling interests							
of the subsidiaries		2,261,194	(108,716)	-			
Total shareholders' equity		3,899,929,027	3,931,992,591	3,479,371,705	3,541,918,909		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		6,072,816,266	6,459,925,867	4,973,662,068	5,280,907,796		

# **Income statement**

### Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

For the year ended 31 December 2022

					(Unit: Baht)
		Consolidated fin	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues					
Sales		5,998,637,226	6,388,105,293	2,450,554,848	3,055,364,986
Other income					
Management fee income		-	-	3,768,383	29,481,770
Dividend income	9, 10	7,775,746	6,640,308	33,323,973	13,357,991
Others		24,415,521	10,169,129	9,400,104	15,687,527
Total revenues		6,030,828,493	6,404,914,730	2,497,047,308	3,113,892,274
Expenses					
Cost of sales		5,864,907,843	5,985,160,334	2,491,620,673	2,888,182,439
Allowance for diminution in value of inventory	(reversal)	(51,586,514)	454,553,926	(58,563,726)	458,275,032
Total cost of sales		5,813,321,329	6,439,714,260	2,433,056,947	3,346,457,471
Selling and distribution expenses		71,533,420	71,648,398	44,858,190	43,711,629
Administrative expenses		182,530,120	278,495,119	108,206,453	194,007,698
Other expenses					
Allowance for loss on impairment of investm	nents				
in subsidiary	10	-	-	-	29,535,162
Loss on onerous contracts (reversal)	16	(93,545,101)	93,545,101	(93,545,101)	93,545,101
Allowance for loss on impairment of building	g,				
machinery and equipment	13	-	16,895,850	-	-
Total expenses		5,973,839,768	6,900,298,728	2,492,576,489	3,707,257,061
Operating profit (loss)		56,988,725	(495,383,998)	4,470,819	(593,364,787)
Share of profit from investment in associate	11	2,628,451	222,031	-	-
Finance income		1,749,660	2,494,601	916,618	1,100,496
Finance cost		(29,627,758)	(14,983,898)	(20,451,808)	(8,058,907)
Profit (loss) before income tax		31,739,078	(507,651,264)	(15,064,371)	(600,323,198)
Income tax	21	(4,873,667)	86,889,820	9,126,057	116,440,460
Profit (loss) for the year		26,865,411	(420,761,444)	(5,938,314)	(483,882,738)
Profit (loss) attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		24,449,522	(403,768,015)	(5,938,314)	(483,882,738)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries		2,415,889	(16,993,429)		
		26,865,411	(420,761,444)		
Earnings per share	22				
Basic earnings (loss) per share					
Profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of	the Compo	any 0.06	(1.01)	(0.01)	(1.22)

# Statement of comprehensive income

### Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

For the year ended 31 December 2022

					(Unit: Baht)
		Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Profit (loss) for the year		26,865,411	(420,761,444)	(5,938,314)	(483,882,738)
Other comprehensive income:					
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified	d				
to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences on translation of					
financial statements in foreign currency		(126,581)	3,105,948	-	-
Other comprehensive income to be reclassifi	ed				
to profit or loss in subsequent periods		(126,581)	3,105,948	-	-
Other comprehensive income not to be reclas	sified				
to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Actuarial gain	18	21,293,242	5,886,962	22,716,242	1,961,600
Gain (loss) on investments in equity designated	1				
at fair value through other comprehensive					
income		(45,061,130)	31,650,111	(43,742,250)	29,427,750
Less: Income tax effect	21	4,753,578	(7,507,415)	4,205,202	(6,277,870)
Other comprehensive income not to be					
reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent					
periods - net of income tax		(19,014,310)	30,029,658	(16,820,806)	25,111,480
Other comprehensive income for the year		(19,140,891)	33,135,606	(16,820,806)	25,111,480
Total comprehensive income for the year		7,724,520	(387,625,838)	(22,759,120)	(458,771,258)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		5,354,610	(371,760,601)	(22,759,120)	(458,771,258)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries		2,369,910	(15,865,237)	-	-
		7,724,520	(387,625,838)	(22,759,120)	(458,771,258)

# Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

For the year ended 31 December 2022

(Unit: Baht)

Consolidated financial statements

				Equity attributable to owners of the Company	le to owners of	the Company						
							Other c	Other components of equity	squity			
							Other comprehensive income	ensive income				
			Capital	Non-controlling			Exchange G	Gains (loss) on				
			surplus	interests of		0	differences on investments in	investments in				
			from su	subsidiary acquired	q		translation of e	translation of equity designated	q		Equity	
			changes in by	y the Company			financial	at fair value	Total	Total equity	attributable	
	Issued and		shareholding at	at price lower			statements in through other	hrough other	other at	attributable to	non-controlling	Total
	fully paid-up	Share	percentage	(higher) than	Retaine	Retained earnings	foreign c	comprehensive	component	owners of	interests of	shareholders'
	share capital	premium	in a subsidiary	book value	Appropriated Unappropriated	Inappropriated	currency	Income	of equity	the Company	the subsidiaries	equity
Balance as at 1 January 2021	1 080 531 420 1 1 105 033 606	1 105 033 606	13 175 130	12 005 761	108 053 172	108 053 142 1 152 842 027	(020020)	01 737 648	13 507 560	и аве отв 75а	20.254.844 4.504.175.508	1 5.0K 175 508
				0,000/71		170/700/701/1		010/01/14	200, 200,0	to solution to	1-0,002,02	
Loss for the year	I	1	1	I	1	(403,768,015)		I	I	(403,768,015)	(16,993,429)	(420,761,444)
Other comprehensive income for the year	ı		ı	ı	ı	4,709,569	1,977,756	25,320,089	27,297,845	32,007,414	1,128,192	33,135,606
Total comprehensive income for the year	1			1		(399,058,446)	1,977,756	25,320,089	27,297,845	(371,760,601)	(15,865,237)	(387,625,838)
Acquistion of non-controlling interests												
of subsidiary	ı			(2,999,677)		ı				(2,999,677)	(4,500,323)	(7,500,000)
Dividend paid (Note 25)	ı	'	,	,	,	(179,057,169)		,	,	(179,057,169)		(179,057,169)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	1,989,531,420 1,105,933,696	1,105,933,696	13,145,139	9,006,084	198,953,142	574,726,412	(6,252,323)	47,057,737	40,805,414	3,932,101,307	(108,716)	3,931,992,591
			001 34 1 01						AD 005 A1 A			
palance as at 1 January 2022	060, 556, GUT, T UZ4, T 56, 686, T	040, 254, cU I , I	13,145,139	7,UU0,U84	198,953,142	2/4//20/4/2	(625,525,0)	151, 1cU, 14	41 7 CN8/04	3,932,101,30/	(108/10)	196,299,159,5 (01/,801)
Profit for the year	ı			I		24,449,522				24,449,522	2,415,889	26,865,411
Other comprehensive income for the year	ı			ı		17,034,594	(80,602)	(36,048,904)	(36,129,506)	(19,094,912)	(45,979)	(19,140,891)
Total comprehensive income for the year	1			1		41,484,116	(80,602)	(36,048,904)	(36,129,506)	5,354,610	2,369,910	7,724,520
Dividend paid (Note 25)	ı					(39,788,084)		,		(39,788,084)		(39,788,084)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	1,989,531,420 1,105,933,696	1,105,933,696	13,145,139	9,006,084	198,953,142	576,422,444	(6,332,925)	11,008,833	4,675,908	3,897,667,833	2,261,194	3,899,929,027

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries	ed and its subsidiaries					
For the year ended 31 December 2022						(Unit: Baht)
			Separate finan	Separate financial statements		
					Other components	
					of equity	
				ō	Other comprehensive income	Ø
					Gains (loss) on	
					investments in equity	
					designated at fair value	
	fully paid-up		Retained	Retained earnings	through other	
	share capital	Share premium	Appropriated	Unappropriated	comprehensive income	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2021	1 ,989 ,531 ,420	1 ,105,933,696	198,953,142	849,186,863	36,142,200	4,179,747,321
Loss for the year	ı	ı	I	(483,882,738)	ı	(483,882,738)
Other comprehensive income for the year	ı	ı	I	1 ,569 ,280	23,542,200	25,111,480
Total comprehensive income for the year	1	I	I	(482,313,458)	23,542,200	(458,771,258)
Dividend paid (Note 25)	ı	ı	ı	(179,057,154)	ı	(179,057,154)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	1,989,531,420	1,105,933,696	198,953,142	187,816,251	59,684,400	3,541,918,909
Balance as at 1 January 2022	1,989,531,420	1 ,105,933,696	198,953,142	187,816,251	59,684,400	3,541,918,909
Loss for the year	,	,		(5,938,314)	,	(5,938,314)
Other comprehensive income for the year		ı		18,172,994	(34,993,800)	(16,820,806)
Total comprehensive income for the year	·	ı	I	12,234,680	(34,993,800)	(22,759,120)
Dividend paid (Note 25)		ı	T	(39,788,084)	ı	(39,788,084)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	1 ,989 ,531 ,420	1,105,933,696	198,953,142	160,262,847	24,690,600	3,479,371,705

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity (continued)

# **Cash flow statement**

### Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Consolidated fin	ancial statements	Separate finan	alal atatamanta
	2022		<u> </u>	cial statements
	LULL	2021	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit (loss) before tax	31,739,078	(507,651,264)	(15,064,371)	(600,323,198)
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) before tax to				
net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities	:			
Depreciation and amortisation	107,995,036	89,124,758	76,241,195	57,561,715
Allowance for expected credit loss (reversal)	(6,639,228)	1,487,808	468,972	(278,192)
Writen-off bad debt	5,549,067	-	-	-
Allowance for diminution in value of inventory (reversal	) (51,586,514)	454,553,926	(58,563,726)	458,275,032
Loss on onerous contracts (reversal)	(93,545,101)	93,545,101	(93,545,101)	93,545,101
Allowance for loss on impairment of investments				
in subsidiary	_	-	-	29,535,162
Gain on sales of investment properties	(9,443,828)	-	-	-
(Gain) loss on sales of property, plant and equipmen		(2,983,404)	410,431	(358,249)
Allowance for loss on impairment of building,			· ·	
machinery and equipment	_	16,895,850	-	-
Share of profit from investment in associate	(2,628,451)	(222,031)	-	-
Provision for long-term employee benefits	22,618,177	20,544,698	17,756,598	17,564,335
Unrealised loss on exchange	14,347,239	29,532,395	15,575,157	26,318,063
Gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments	(1,145,222)	(8,241,304)	(1,356,254)	(6,894,858)
Dividend income	(7,775,746)	(6,640,308)	(33,323,973)	(13,357,991)
Finance income	(1,749,660)	(2,494,601)	(916,618)	(1,100,496)
Finance cost	27,469,763	12,571,466	19,486,555	6,990,245
Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in	27,407,700	12,07 1,400	17,400,000	0,,,,0,240
operating assets and liabilities	34,027,772	190,023,090	(72,831,135)	67,476,669
Operating assets (increase) decrease	04,027,772	170,020,070	(, 2,001,100)	0, ,4, 0,007
Trade and other receivables	339,337,343	(483,692,905)	299,450,253	(236,837,018)
Inventories	(14,053,513)	(723,879,645)	(20,129,766)	(469,574,062)
Other current assets	(6,868,190)	(13,434,926)	(1,120,119)	(17,639,313)
Other non-current assets	3,931,158	(6,265,436)	5,454,304	(5,712,934)
Operating liabilities increase (decrease)	0,701,100	(0,200,100)	0,101,001	(0)/ 12//01/
Trade and other payables	7,380,668	(59,572,811)	(39,492,935)	(30,548,689)
Other current liabilities	(20,497,786)	10,829,285	(2,546,543)	(4,434,058)
Other non-current liabilities	-	-	(300,000)	
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	343,257,452	(1,085,993,348)	168,484,059	(697,269,405)
Provision for long-term employee benefits	(22,448,179)	(1,000,770,040)	(19,139,188)	(15,047,049)
Cash paid for interest expenses	(27,612,587)	(11,781,839)	(19,403,994)	(6,825,195)
Cash paid for corporate income tax	(35,370,605)	(62,834,022)	(12,182,131)	(50,085,156)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	257,826,081	(1,185,356,379)	117,758,746	(769,226,805)

### Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

For the year ended 31 December 2022

				(Unit: Baht)
	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cook flows from investing activities				
Cash flows from investing activities	1 710 194	0 744 000	900.044	1 250 200
nterest received	1,719,184	2,744,828	899,066	1,350,320
Cash paid for investments in subsidiary	-	-	-	(7,500,000)
Dividend received from investment in subsidiary	-	-	29,948,973	9,982,991
Dividend received from investment in related parties	7,775,746	6,640,308	3,375,000	3,375,000
Decrease in current financial assets	8,241,304	100,000,000	6,894,858	100,000,000
(Increase) decrease in other non-current financial assets	10,700,000	(1,200,000)	-	-
Acquisition of investment properties	(387,379)	-	-	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(60,799,082)	(194,462,010)	(65,479,202)	(168,908,486)
Proceeds from sales of investment properties	10,500,000	-	-	-
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	3,535,045	16,291,837	636,514	452,067
Advance payment for purchase of machine				
and equipment	(6,359,694)	(1,060,519)	(610,929)	(859,519)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(25,074,876)	(71,045,556)	(24,335,720)	(62,107,627)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Cash paid for acquisition of non-controlling interests of				
a subsidiary	-	(7,500,000)	-	-
Decrease in short-term loan from financial institution	-	(36,025,860)	-	-
ncrease in long-term loan from financial institution	297,450,000	-	297,450,000	-
ncrease (decrease) in trust receipts	(514,996,668)	1,548,558,403	(385,410,200)	1,043,464,532
Dividend paid	(52,022,636)	(177,432,301)	(52,022,636)	(177,432,292)
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities	(269,569,304)	1,327,600,242	(139,982,836)	866,032,240
Franslation adjustments	824,851	(821,807)	-	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(35,993,248)	70,376,500	(46,559,810)	34,697,808
Inrealised loss on exchange for cash and				
cash equivalents	(233,122)	(1,753,661)	(178,080)	(1,946,720)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	995,868,273	927,245,434	635,880,179	603,129,091
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	959,641,903	995,868,273	589,142,289	635,880,179
· · · ·				-
Supplemental cash flow information :-				
Non-cash transaction				
Advance payments for fixed assets	1,060,519	11,180,550	859,519	11,078,550

# Notes to consolidated financial statements

### Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

For the year ended 31 December 2022

### 1. General information

Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited ("the Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The ultimate parent company is Pacific Electric Wire and Cable Co., Ltd., which is incorporated in Talwan. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacture and distribution of electric wire and cables and telephone cables. The registered office of the Company is at 589/71 Central City Tower, 12A Floor, Debaratana Road, North Bangna, Bangna, Bangkok.

### 2. Basis of preparation

2.1 The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards enunciated under the Accounting Professions Act B.E. 2547 and their presentation has been made in compliance with the stipulations of the Notification of the Department of Business Development, issued under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.

### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited ("the Company") and the following subsidiary companies ("the subsidiaries") (collectively as "the Group"):

		Country of	Percent	age of
<b>C</b> ompany's name	Nature of business	incorporation	shareh	olding
			2022	2021
			Percent	Percent
CTW-Beta Co., Ltd.	Investment and holding company	Thailand	100	100
Siam Fiber Optics Co., Ltd.	Manufacturer and distributor of fiber optic cables	Thailand	100	100
Siam Pacific Electric Wire	Manufacturer and distributor of wire and cable	Thailand	100	100
and Cable Co., Ltd.	products, and enameled and non-enameled wires			
Double D Cable Co., Ltd.	Manufacturer and distributor of cables	Thailand	100	100
	and provider of fabrication service			
Shanghai Asia Pacific Electric	Distributor of enameled copper wires	China	64	64
Co., Ltd. (Held by a subsidi	ary 54%)			

- b) The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or subsidiaries if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.
- c) Subsidiaries are fully consolidated, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- d) The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- e) The assets and liabilities in the financial statements of an overseas subsidiary company are translated to Baht using the exchange rate prevailing on the end of reporting period and revenues and expenses are translated using monthly average exchange rates. The resulting differences are shown under the caption of "Exchange differences on translation of financial statements in foreign currency" in the statements of changes in shareholders' equity.

- f) Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.
- g) Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position.
- 2.3 The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries and associates under the cost method.

### 3. New financial reporting standards

### 3.1 Financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised financial reporting standards and interpretations which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2022. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

### 3.2 Financial reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2023

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2023. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and, for some standards, providing temporary reliefs or temporary exemptions for users.

The management of the Group believes that adoption of these amendments will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

### 4. Significant accounting policies

### 4.1 Revenue and expense recognition

### Sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally upon delivery of the goods. Revenue is measured at the amount of the consideration received or receivable, excluding value added tax, of goods supplied after deducting returns, discounts, allowances and price promotions to customers.

### Bill and hold arrangements

The Company recognises revenue from sales of goods under bill and hold arrangements when they have yet to be delivered, since delivery is delayed at the buyer's request and the buyer takes control and accepts the billing and that the usual terms of payment applied. Moreover, the inventory is on hand, clearly identified and ready for delivery to the buyer at the time the revenue is recognised and it is highly probable that delivery will be made.

Sales of goods under bill and hold arrangements are the invoiced value, excluding value added tax after deducting discounts and allowances.

### Finance income

Interest income is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis. The effective interest rate is applied to the carrying amount of a financial asset net of the allowance for expected credit loss (if any).

### Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive the dividends is established.

### Finance cost

Interest expense from financial liabilities at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis.

### 4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

### 4.3 Inventories

Finished goods and work in process are valued at the lower of average cost and net realisable value and includes all production costs and attributable factory overheads.

Raw materials and factory supplies are valued at the lower of average cost and net realisable value and are charged to production costs whenever consumed.

### 4.4 Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method. Investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for in the separate financial statements using the cost method net of allowance for impairment loss (if any).

### 4.5 Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment (if any).

Depreciation of condominium and office building for rent is calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over estimated useful life of 20 years. Depreciation is included in profit or loss.

No depreciation is provided on land not being used for operation.

On disposal of investment properties, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the year when the asset is derecognised.

### 4.6 Property, plant and equipment/Depreciation

Land is stated at cost. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment of assets (if any).

Depreciation of plant and equipment is calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 25	years
Building improvement	5 - 20	years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20	years
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	3 - 20	years
Motor vehicles	5 - 10	years
Depreciation is included in profit or loss.		

No depreciation is provided on land and assets under installation and under construction.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

### 4.7 Leases

The Group recognises right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases as at the date underlying assets is available for use (the commencement date of the lease), except for a lease that has a lease term less than or equal to 12 months or a lease of low-value assets, and the Group recognises as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation, any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities (if any). The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities initially recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made on or prior to the commencement date of the lease.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets is calculated by reference to their costs, on the straight-line basis over the shorter of lease term or their estimated useful lives if ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the Group at the end of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets which are classified as investment properties are presented as part of investment properties in the statement of financial position.

### Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term, discounted by the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Group's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a change in the lease.

### 4.8 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise individuals or enterprises that control, or are controlled by, the Group, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Group.

They also include associated companies, and individuals or enterprises which directly or indirectly own a voting interest in the Group that give them significant influence over the Group, key management personnel, directors, and officers with authority in the planning and direction of the Group's operations.

### 4.9 Foreign currencies

The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Baht, which is also the Company's functional currency. Items of each entity included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using the functional currency of that entity.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period.

Gains and losses on exchange are included in profit or loss.

### 4.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group performs impairment reviews in respect of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and investment properties whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

In the assessment of asset impairment if there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The increased carrying amount of the asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in previous years. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

### 4.11 Employee benefits

### Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognised as expenses when incurred.

### Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group and their employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the contributions of the Group is recognised as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans

The Group has obligations in respect of the severance payments they must make to employees upon retirement under labor law and other employee benefit plan. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

### 4.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

### 4.13 Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of corporate income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

### Current tax

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.
#### Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the end of each reporting period, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period.

The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences while they recognise deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be utilised.

At each reporting date, the Group reviews and reduces the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Group records deferred tax directly to shareholders' equity if the tax relates to items that are recorded directly to shareholders' equity.

#### 4.14 Financial instruments

#### Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is driven by the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if the financial asset is held in order to collect cash flows with the contractual terms. The cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding complied with the period specified in the contract.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### Financial assets designated at FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify its equity investments which are not held for trading as equity instruments designated at FVOCI, with no subsequent recycling. The classification is determined on an instrument-byinstrument basis.

Gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss.

Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss, except when the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, the gains are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Equity instruments designated at FVOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

These financial assets include derivatives financial instruments, security investments held for trading, equity investments which the Group has not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI and financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest.

Dividends on the equity investments are recognised as other income in profit or loss.

#### Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for derivative liabilities which disclosed in note 4.15 to the consolidated financial statements. In determining amortised cost, the Group takes into account any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

#### Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and either the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or the Group has neither transferred all the risks nor rewards of the asset but has transferred control over it.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at FVTPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

The Group considers a significant increase in credit risk to have occurred when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due and considers a financial asset as credit impaired or default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to have a significant increase in credit risk and to be in default using other internal or external information, such as credit rating of issuers.

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. It is based on its historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### 4.15 Derivatives

The Group has entered into forward currency contracts which is derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risks.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. The subsequent changes are recognised in profit or loss. Derivatives are carried as financial assets or financial liabilities by considering fair value of the derivative.

Derivatives are presented as non-current assets or liabilities and current assets or liabilities by considering the remaining maturity with more than or less than 12 months respectively.

#### 4.16 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group applies a quoted market price in an active market to measure their assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market

price is not available, the Group measures fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categorise of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

Level 1 Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets or liabilities

Level 2 Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly

Level 3 Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

## 5. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards at times requires management to make subjective judgements and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgements and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgements and estimates are as follows:

#### Allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables

In determining an allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables, the management needs to make judgement and estimates based upon, among other things, past collection history, aging profile of outstanding debts and the forecast economic condition that may affect to receivable. However, historical credit loss experience and forecast economic conditions may also not be representative of whether a customer will actually default in the future.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments recognised in the statement of financial position that are not actively traded and for which quoted market prices are not readily available, the management exercises judgement, using a variety of valuation techniques and models. The input to these models is taken from observable markets, and includes consideration of credit risk, liquidity, correlation and longer-term volatility of financial instruments. Change in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value recognised in the statement of financial position and disclosures of fair value hierarchy.

#### Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

The Group treats investments as impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement of the management.

#### Property, plant and equipment/Depreciation

In determining depreciation of plant and equipment, the management is required to make estimates of the useful lives and residual values of plant and equipment and to review estimate useful lives and residual values when there are any changes.

In addition, the management is required to review property, plant and equipment for impairment on a periodical basis to record impairment losses when it is determined that their recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgements regarding forecast of future revenues and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

# 6. Related party transactions

During the years, the Group had significant business transactions in the ordinary course of business with related parties, which have been concluded on commercial terms and bases agreed upon between the Group and those related parties. Below is a summary of those transactions.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated		Sep	oarate	
	financial	statements	financial	statements	Transfer Pricing Policy
	2022	2021	2022	2021	-
					-
Transactions with ultimate parent Company					
Sales of goods	-	35	-	-	Cost plus margin
Sales of raw materials	-	132	-	132	Cost plus margin
Fabrication income	-	1	-	-	Cost plus margin
Management fee expenses	5	5	3	2	Contract price
Transactions with subsidiaries					
(eliminated from the consolidated financial state	ements)				
Sales of goods	-	-	8	-	Cost plus margin
Sales of raw materials	-	-	7	130	Cost plus margin
Fabrication income	-	-	8	12	Cost plus margin
Purchases of goods	-	-	-	9	Cost plus margin
Purchases of raw materials	-	-	14	-	Cost plus margin
Purchases of Machine	-	-	29	-	Contract price
Fabrication cost	-	-	14	21	Cost plus margin
Insulation cost	-	-	4	5	Cost plus margin
Management fee income	-	-	4	29	Contract price
Service income	-	-	1	1	Contract price
Rental income	-	-	1	3	Contract price
Electric income	-	-	8	11	At cost
Dividend income	-	-	30	10	Announced rate
Transactions with related companies					
Sales of goods	306	226	306	211	Market price,
					Cost plus margin
Fabrication cost	10	11	10	11	Contract price
Dividend income	8	7	3	3	Announced rate
Construction of factory buildings Expenditure	-	55	-	55	Contract price

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the balances of the accounts between the Group and those related companies were as follows:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated		Sepo	arate
			financial s	statements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Trade and other receivables - related parties (Note 7)				
Ultimate parent company	-	782	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-	4,582	22,785
Related companies (related as the shareholders of the				
Company or common shareholders or common directors)	222,884	218,050	222,884	216,910
Total trade and other receivables - related parties	222,884	218,832	227,466	239,695
Trade and other payables - related parties (Note 15)				
Ultimate parent company	1,063	1,080	598	574
Subsidiaries	-	-	9,773	5,642
Related companies (related as common shareholders				
or held by the Company)	26,208	29,267	383	389
Total trade and other payables - related parties	27,271	30,347	10,754	6,605

#### Long-term loan to subsidiary

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the balance of long-term loan to subsidiary and the movements were as follows:

(	Unit:	Thousand	Baht)
· · · ·		mousuna	DUIII.

	Separate financial statements					
	Balance as at	Increase	Decrease	Balance as at		
	31 December	during	during	31 December		
Loans to	2021	21 the year the year		2022		
CTW-Beta Company Limited						
Loan principal	540,939	-	-	540,939		
Add: Accrued interest	96,174	-	-	96,174		
Total	637,113	-	-	637,113		
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(637,113)	-	-	(637,113)		
Total	-	-	-	-		

The Company already recorded the allowance for expected credit loss in full.

#### Directors and management's benefits

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had employee benefit expenses payable to their directors and management as below.

#### (Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
ort-term employee benefits	80,638	80,231	54,930	52,226
ost-employment benefits	4,192	3,676	1,599	1,783
otal	84,830	83,907	56,529	54,009

# 7. Trade and other receivables

_		lidated	Sepa	rato
-	financial s			
—		statements	financial s	tatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
- Trade receivables - related parties (Note 6)				
Aged on the basis of due dates				
Not yet due	54,141	56,162	56,256	56,731
Past due				
Up to 3 months	4,113	74,443	4,940	76,239
3 - 6 months	-	21,972	-	21,972
6 - 12 months	39,383	38,080	39,382	38,080
Over 12 months	125,247	28,175	125,247	27,036
Total trade receivables - related parties	222,884	218,832	225,825	220,058
Trade receivables - unrelated parties				
Aged on the basis of due dates				
Not yet due	947,101	1,253,572	276,144	546,037
Past due				
Up to 3 months	191,571	206,230	99,212	99,219
3 - 6 months	37	15,219	-	14,962
6 - 12 months	471	406	-	406
Over 12 months	1,919	10,636	172	2,137
Total	1,141,099	1,486,063	375,528	662,761
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(5,611)	(12,250)	(2,669)	(2,200)
Total trade receivables - unrelated parties, net	1,135,488	1,473,813	372,859	660,561
Total trade receivables - net	1,358,372	1,692,645	598,684	880,619
Other receivables				
Other receivables - related parties (Note 6)	-	-	1,641	19,637
Other receivables - unrelated parties	98	5,789	51	22
Total other receivable	98	5,789	1,692	19,659
Trade and other receivables - net	1,358,470	1,698,434	600,376	900,278

Included in the balance as at 31 December 2022 is Baht 5.4 million which have been sold at a discount to a financial institution, with recourse.

Set out below is the movements in the allowance for expected credit losses of trade and other receivables.

			(Unit: Th	iousand Baht)	
	Consolio	Consolidated		rate	
	financial st	atements	financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Beginning balance	12,250	10,762	2,200	2,478	
Allowance for expected credit losses (reversal)	(6,639)	1,488	469	(278)	
Ending balance	5,611	12,250	2,669	2,200	

# 8. Inventories

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		nts				
	Cost		Reduction	of cost to	Inventori	es - net
	net realisable value					
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Finished goods	1,021,480	733,198	(188,896)	(66,171)	832,584	667,027
Work in process	534,856	958,958	(150,869)	(336,344)	383,987	622,614
Raw materials and factory supplies	660,854	608,470	(141,764)	(136,443)	519,090	472,027
Goods in transit	238,132	140,643	(5,842)	-	232,290	140,643
Total	2,455,322	2,441,269	(487,371)	(538,958)	1,967,951	1,902,311

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements							
	Cost		Reduction	of cost to	Inventorie	əs - net		
	net realisable value							
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Finished goods	752,058	463,770	(178,125)	(56,494)	573,933	407,276		
Work in process	494,411	919,893	(150,092)	(335,330)	344,319	584,563		
Raw materials and factory supplies	426,646	292,564	(122,025)	(120,861)	304,621	171,703		
Goods in transit	72,296	49,054	(3,879)	-	68,417	49,054		
Total	1,745,411	1,725,281	(454,121)	(512,685)	1,291,290	1,212,596		

During the current year, the Group reduced cost of inventories by Baht 450 million (2021: Baht 505 million) (The Company only: Baht 440 million and 2021: Baht 500 million), to reflect the net realisable value. This was included in cost of sales. In addition, the Group reversed the write-down of cost of inventories by Baht 502 million (2021: Baht 50 million) (The Company only: Baht 499 million and 2021: Baht 42 million), and reduced the cost of sales during the year.

# 9. Other financial assets

			nousand Baht)	
	Consolidated		Sepo	arate
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Finance assets measured at FVTPL				
Derivative assets	1,145	8,241	1,356	6,895
Debt instruments at amortised cost				
Fixed deposit over 1 year	46,500	57,200	-	-
Financial assets measured at FVOCI				
Thai Metal Processing Company Limited	53,363	97,106	53,363	97,106
Crown Century Holdings Limited	47,168	48,486	-	-
Total other financial assets	148,176	211,033	54,719	104,001
Current	1,145	8,241	1,356	6,895
Non-current	147,031	202,792	53,363	97,106
	148,176	211,033	54,719	104,001

During the year 2022, the Company received dividend from Thai Metal Processing Company Limited amounting to Baht 3.4 million (2021: Baht 3.4 million).

During the year 2022, a subsidiary received dividend from Crown Century Holdings Limited amounting to USD 0.1 million or Baht 4.4 million (2021: USD 0.1 million or Baht 3.2 million).

#### 10. Investments in subsidiaries

Details of investments in subsidiaries as presented in separate financial statements are as follows:

					(Unit: The	ousand Baht)
Company's name	Paid-up	o capital	С	ost	Dividend r	eceived
					during th	e year
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Siam Fiber Optics Company Limited	240,000	240,000	160,500	160,500	-	-
Siam Pacific Electric Wire and	670,000	670,000	1,067,703	1,067,703	29,949	9,983
Cable Company Limited						
Double D Cable Company Limited	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	-	-
Shanghai Asia Pacific Electric	10,549	10,549	41,110	41,110	-	-
Company Limited						
	Thousand	Thousand				
	USD	USD				
CTW-Beta Company Limited	100	100	100	100	-	-
Total			1,289,413	1,289,413	29,949	9,983
Less: Allowance for impairment loss of	investments		(160,775)	(160,775)		
Total investments in subsidiaries - net			1,128,638	1,128,638		

In 2021, the Company recorded an allowance for impairment loss on these investments amounting to Baht 30 million in the income statement of the separate financial statements.

#### 11. Investments in associates

11.1 Details of associates:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

				Co	tatements			
Company's name	Nature of business	Country of	Sharel	nolding	olding Cost C		Carrying amo	ounts based
		incorporation	perce	ntage			on equity	/ method
			2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
			(%)	(%)				
Loxpac (Thailand) Company Limited	Providing telecommunication	on Thailand	25	25	379,246	379,246	105,151	105,151
	service							
Loxpac Hong Kong Co., Limited	Investment and holding	Hong Kong	20	20	302	302	9,305	6,677
Total	company				379,548	379,548	114,456	111,828
Less: Allowance for impairment loss of ir	nvestment						(105,151)	(105,151)
Total investments in associates - net							9,305	6,677

#### 11.2 Share of profit/loss and dividend received

On 30 March 2018, the Annual General Meeting of shareholders of Loxpac (Thailand) Company Limited passed a resolution approving its dissolution. Presently, this company is in its liquidation process.

During the current year, the subsidiary has recognised its share of profit from investment in Loxpac Hong Kong Co., Limited of Baht 2.6 million (2021: Baht 0.2 million). This share of profit from investment in associate was calculated based on the financial statements prepared by the associate's management. The management of the Group believes that the financial statements would not differ significantly if they had been audited or reviewed by an auditor.

There is no dividend received from this associate.

#### 11.3 Financial information of the associates are summarised below.

		Paid-up	capital	Total	assets	Total li	abilities	Total re	Total revenue		(loss)
Company's name	Unit	as	at	as	at	as	at	for the ye	ars ended	for the ye	ars ended
	(Million)	31 Dec	ember	31 Dec	cember	31 Dec	cember	31 Dec	cember	31 Dec	cember
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Loxpac (Thailand)	Baht	700	700	43	68	-	-	0.4	-	(25)	(25)
Company Limited											
Loxpac Hong Kong	US dollar	7	7	13	14	4	5	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.03
Co., Limited											

# 12. Investment properties

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements			nts	Separate financial statements		
	Land Condominium			Land			
	- not being	and office	Land	Total	- not being	Total	
	used for	building	leasehold		used for		
	operation	for rent	right		operation		
31 December 2022:							
Cost	13,845	5,074	3,288	22,207	11,022	11,022	
Less Accumulated depreciation	-	(3,913)	(182)	(4,095)	-	-	
Translation adjustment	-	-	(168)	(168)	-	-	
Net book value	13,845	1,161	2,938	17,944	11,022	11,022	
31 December 2021:							
Cost	13,845	10,017	2,893	26,755	11,022	11,022	
Less Accumulated depreciation	-	(7,943)	(95)	(8,038)	-	-	
Translation adjustment	-	-	390	390	-	-	
Net book value	13,845	2,074	3,188	19,107	11,022	11,022	

A reconciliation of the net book value of investment properties for the year is presented below.

			(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)			
	Consolid	dated	Sepa	rate			
	financial statements		financial statements financial		financial st	statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Net book value at beginning of year	19,107	19,227	11,022	11,022			
Acquisition of assets	387	-	-	-			
Disposals - net book value	(1,056)	-	-	-			
Depreciation charged for the year	(326)	(510)	-	-			
Translation adjustment	(168)	390	-	-			
Net book value at end of year	17,944	19,107	11,022	11,022			

The fair values of the investment properties as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are stated below.

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land - not being used for operation (Thousand Baht)	354,610	349,064	351,642	346,096
Condominium and office building for rent (Thousand Baht)	7,404	16,522	-	-
Land leasehold right (Thousand Renminbi)	626	626	-	-

The fair values of the above investment properties have been determined based on market price valuations performed by the qualified independent valuers.

# 13. Property, plant and equipment

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

_			Consolidat	ed financial :	statements		
		Buildings		Furniture,		Assets under	
	Land	and	Machinery	fixtures	Motor vehicles	installation	Total
		buildings	and equipment	and office		and under	
		improvement		equipment		construction	
Cost:							
1 January 2021	240,121	1,299,746	2,827,060	111,084	118,158	363,693	4,959,862
Additions	-	190	9,093	3,658	6,870	185,832	205,643
Disposals	-	(2,645)	(200,026)	(6,843)	(7,663)	-	(217,177)
Transfers	-	3,440	69,785	347	-	(73,572)	-
Translation adjustment	-	10,288	2,210	151	292	-	12,941
31 December 2021	240,121	1,311,019	2,708,122	108,397	117,657	475,953	4,961,269
Additions	-	579	4,005	2,593	7,590	47,093	61,860
Disposals	-	-	(80,054)	(9,868)	(8,504)	(170)	(98,596)
Transfers	-	185,150	290,711	5,724	-	(481,585)	-
Translation adjustment	-	(4,554)	(610)	-	-	-	(5,164)
	240,121	1,492,194	2,922,174	106,846	116,743	41,291	4,919,369
Accumulated depreciation:							
1 January 2021	-	(1,074,881)	(2,443,443)	(100,204)	(67,788)	-	(3,686,316)
Depreciation for the year	-	(20,362)	(52,230)	(4,148)	(10,362)	-	(87,102)
Depreciation on disposals	-	2,465	187,127	6,622	7,654	-	203,868
Translation adjustment	-	(6,768)	(1,265)	(136)	(276)	-	(8,445)
31 December 2021	-	(1,099,546)	(2,309,811)	(97,866)	(70,772)	-	(3,577,995)
Depreciation for the year	-	(27,093)	(65,623)	(3,906)	(9,468)	-	(106,090)
Depreciation on disposals	-	-	80,053	9,863	6,322	-	96,238
Translation adjustment	-	2,977	577	-	-	-	3,554
- 31 December 2022	-	(1,123,662)	(2,294,804)	(91,909)	(73,918)	-	(3,584,293)
Allowance for impairment loss:							
1 January 2021	-	-	(47,112)	-	-	-	(47,112)
(Increase) decrease during the	year -	(27,700)	10,804	-	-	-	(16,896)
Translation adjustment	-	(1,429)	(883)	-	-	-	(2,312)
- 31 December 2021	-	(29,129)	(37,191)	-	-	-	(66,320)
Translation adjustment	-	1,577	33	-	-	-	1,610
- 31 December 2022	-	(27,552)	(37,158)	-	-	-	(64,710)
Net book value:							
31 December 2021	240,121	182,344	361,120	10,531	46,885	475,953	1,316,954
- 31 December 2022	240,121	340,980	590,212	14,937	42,825	41,291	1,270,366

 2021 (Baht 82 million included in manufacturing cost, and the balance in selling and administrative expenses)
 87,102

 2022 (Baht 102 million included in manufacturing cost, and the balance in selling and administrative expenses)
 106,090

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

			Separate	e financial sto	atements		
		Buildings		Furniture,		Assets under	
	Land	and	Machinery	fixtures	Motor vehicles	installation	Total
		buildings	and equipment	and office		and under	
		improvement	t	equipment		construction	
Cost:							
1 January 2021	186,770	677,305	1,740,204	71,802	79,737	321,538	3,077,356
Additions	-	-	7,342	1,570	4,011	167,064	179,987
Disposals	-	-	(7,546)	(2,797)	(1,583)	-	(11,926)
Transfers	-	3,440	21,545	347	-	(25,332)	-
	186,770	680,745	1,761,545	70,922	82,165	463,270	3,245,417
Additions	-	579	30,914	610	1,749	32,487	66,339
Disposals	-	-	(26,165)	(8,364)	(3,403)	-	(37,932)
Transfers	-	179,080	280,677	784	-	(460,541)	-
31 December 2022	186,770	860,404	2,046,971	63,952	80,511	35,216	3,273,824
Accumulated depreciation:							
1 January 2021	-	(550,913)	(1,490,509)	(65,847)	(43,519)	-	(2,150,788)
Depreciation for the year	-	(13,347)	(34,132)	(2,169)	(7,305)	-	(56,953)
Depreciation on disposals	-	-	7,541	2,709	1,583	-	11,833
	-	(564,260)	(1,517,100)	(65,307)	(49,241)	-	(2,195,908)
Depreciation for the year	-	(20,159)	(46,782)	(2,014)	(6,725)	-	(75,680)
Depreciation on disposals	-	-	26,164	8,361	2,360	-	36,885
31 December 2022	-	(584,419)	(1,537,718)	(58,960)	(53,606)	-	(2,234,703)
Net book value:							
31 December 2021	186,770	116,485	244,445	5,615	32,924	463,270	1,049,509
		275,985	509,253	4,992	26,905	35,216	1,039,121

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, certain plant and equipment items had been fully depreciated but were still in use. The gross carrying amount before deducting accumulated depreciation of those assets amounted to approximately Baht 2,771 million and Baht 2,820 million, respectively (The Company only: Baht 1,914 million, 2021: Baht 1,928 million).

2022 (Baht 73 million included in manufacturing cost, and the balance in selling and administrative expenses)

# 14. Trust receipts

The balances represent trust receipts carry interest at rates of 1.6 - 2.2% per annum (2021: 0.7 - 3.3% per annum).

75,680

# 15. Trade and other payables

			(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)
	Conso	idated	Sepc	ırate
	financial statements		financial statemen	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Trade payables	261,857	216,779	71,187	96,223
Trade payables - related parties (Note 6)	26,208	29,267	10,156	6,031
Other payables	43,803	54,911	37,662	48,207
Other payables - related parties (Note 6)	1,063	1,080	598	574
Accrued expenses	57,992	84,432	27,460	35,193
Total trade and other payables	390,923	386,469	147,063	186,228

# 16. Provision for losses on onerous contracts

The balances represent an estimate of losses that may arise from a trade agreement under which the Company has intended to fulfill its obligations by comparing the selling price with the cost of materials based on current commodity price.

#### 17. Long-term loan from financial institution

The balance represents a long-term loan from a financial institution which carries interest at the rate tried to USD LIBOR3M and falls due in February 2024. The Company is required to comply with several covenants such as to maintain debt-to-equity ratio and debt service coverage ratio at the rates prescribed in the agreement. The loan is secured by a negative pledge of the Company's assets.

#### 18. Provision for long-term employee benefits

Provision for long-term employee benefits, which represents compensation payable to employees after they retire, is as follows:

			(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)
	Consolidated		Sepc	ırate
	financial s	atements	financial s	tatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Provisions for long-term employee benefits at beginning of year	326,738	336,828	280,233	279,678
Included in profit or loss:				
Current service cost	17,250	16,504	13,268	14,104
Interest cost	5,368	4,041	4,489	3,460
Included in other comprehensive income:				
Actuarial (gain) loss arising from				
Financial assumptions changes	(14,457)	(16,182)	(13,716)	(13,082)
Experience adjustments	(6,836)	10,294	(9,000)	11,120
Benefits paid during the year	(22,448)	(24,747)	(19,139)	(15,047)
Provisions for long-term employee benefits at end of year	305,615	326,738	256,135	280,233

The Group expects to pay Baht 45 million of long-term employee benefits during the next year (The Company only: Baht 44 million) (2021: Baht 46 million, The Company only: Baht 44 million).

As at 31 December 2022, the weighted average duration of the liabilities for long-term employee benefit were 9 years (The Company only: 9 years) (2021: 9 years, The Company only: 9 years).

Significant actuarial assumptions are summarised below:

(Unit: percent per annum)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Discount rate	2.5 - 2.7	1.9	2.5	1.9
Salary increase rate (depending on age)	5.0 - 6.0	5.0 - 6.0	6.0	6.0
Turnover rate	0.0 - 18.0	0.0 - 18.0	0.0 - 8.0	0.0 - 8.0

The result of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the present value of the long-term employee benefit obligation as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are summarised below:

		(L	Init: Million Baht)	
	As at 31	December 2	022	
Co	nsolidated		Separate	_
financi	al statements	financ	cial statements	
Increase	1% Decrease	1% Increase	1% Decrease 19	%
(24)	28	(20)	24	
27	(24)	23	(20)	

(Unit: Million Baht)

	As at 31	December 20	21	
Co	nsolidated	S	Separate	
financi	al statements	financ	ial statements	
Increase	1% Decrease	1% Increase	1% Decrease 1%	
(27)	32	(23)	27	
30	(26)	26	(23)	

## 19. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside a statutory reserve at least 5 percent of its net profit after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), until the reserve reaches 10 percent of the registered capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution. At present, the statutory reserve has fully been set aside.

# 20. Expenses by nature

Significant expenses classified by nature are as follows:

			(Unit: N	/lillion Baht)
	Consol	idated	Sepa	rate
	financial s	tatements	financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Raw materials and consumables used and purchase of finished goods	s 4,928	5,511	1,769	2,589
Changes in finished goods and work in progress	136	(545)	137	(482)
Salaries and wages and other employee benefits	430	465	289	291
Packing expenses	107	112	100	103
Fabrication expenses	10	11	24	32
Electric expenses	149	144	73	69
Repair and maintenance expenses	51	58	40	44
Depreciation and amortisation	108	89	76	58

# 21. Income tax

Income tax for the years is made up as follows:

			(Unit: Thousand Bo		
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current income tax:					
Current income tax charge	14,326	27,188	-	-	
Deferred tax:					
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(9,452)	(114,078)	(9,126)	(116,440)	
Income tax reported in the statement of income	4,874	(86,890)	(9,126)	(116,440)	

The amounts of income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income for the years are as follows:

			(Unit: Thou	usand Baht)
	Consolie	dated	Sepa	rate
	financial st	financial statements		atements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Deferred tax relating to gain on actuarial gain	(4,258)	(1,177)	(4,543)	(392)
Deferred tax relating to (gain) loss on investments				
in equity designated at fair value through				
other comprehensive income	9,012	(6,330)	8,748	(5,886)
	4,754	(7,507)	4,205	(6,278)

The reconciliation between accounting profit and income tax is shown below.

	0	. It all and a cal		ousand Baht)
		olidated statements	-	arate itatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Accounting profit (loss) before tax	31,739	(507,651)	(15,064)	(600,323)
Applicable tax rate	20% and 25%	20% and 25%	20%	20%
Accounting profit (loss) before tax multiplied by income tax rate	12,208	(103,869)	(3,013)	(120,065)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets	(6,863)	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets which were not recorded during the year	603	17,628	-	5,907
Effects of:				
Additional taxable income	-	-	471	406
Tax-exempt income	(675)	(675)	(6,665)	(2,672)
Non-deductible expenses	599	477	343	221
Additional expense deductions allowed	(472)	(373)	(262)	(202)
Others	(526)	(78)	-	(35)
Total	(1,074)	(649)	(6,113)	(2,282)
Income tax reported in the income statement	4,874	(86,890)	(9,126)	(116,440)

The components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Statements of financial position				
	Consoli	dated	Sepa	ırate	
	financial st	tatements	financial s	tatements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)					
Trade accounts receivable and inventories					
(differences in revenue recognition)	-	121	-	121	
Building improvement (differences in depreciation expenses)	912	798	-	-	
Allowance for expected credit losses	879	2,207	534	440	
Allowance for diminution in value of inventories	92,680	103,418	90,824	102,537	
Allowance for loss on onerous contracts	-	18,709	-	18,709	
Unrealise gain on fair value adjustments of financial instruments	(229)	(1,648)	(271)	(1,379)	
Provision for accrued vacation leave	901	1,004	706	786	
Provision for long-term employee benefits	61,123	65,348	51,227	56,047	
Unrealise gain on exchange of financial					
assets measured at FVOCI	(2,752)	(11,764)	(6,173)	(14,921)	
Unused tax loss	45,889	6,747	45,572	6,747	
Others	(45)	213	-		
Deferred tax assets - net	199,358	185,153	182,419	169,087	

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses amounting Baht 476 million (2021: Baht 501 million), on which deferred tax assets have not been recognised as the Group believes future taxable profits may not be sufficient to allow utilisation of the temporary differences and unused tax losses.

The unused tax losses amounting to Baht 489 million will expire by the year 2027.

#### 22. Earnings per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing profit (loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	For the year ended 31 December				
	Consolidated financial statements		Sepo	arate	
			financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Profit (loss) for the year (Thousand Baht)	24,450	(403,768)	(5,938)	(483,883)	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (Thousand shares)	397,906	397,906	397,906	397,906	
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht/share)	0.06	(1.01)	(0.01)	(1.22)	

#### 23. Segment information

Operating segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decisions about the allocation of resources to the segment and assess its performance. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the president of the Group.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its products and have four reportable segments as follows:

- The power cable segment, which consists of aluminum conductor power cable, copper conductor power cable and high-voltage power cable

- The communication cable segment

- The enameled and non-enameled wire segment, which consists of enameled copper wire, enameled aluminum wire and non-enameled copper wire

- The fiber optic cable segment

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

The chief operating decision maker monitors the operating results of the business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and assessing performance. Segment performance is measured based on operating profit or loss and total assets and on a basis consistent with that used to measure operating profit or loss and total assets in the financial statements.

The basis of accounting for any transactions between reportable segments is consistent with that for third party transactions.

The following table presents revenue and profit or loss information regarding the operating segments of the Group for the years.

Formulation in the probability of t											(l	Jnit: Millio	n Baht)
cobic       cobic       non-encert end       cobic       Segment       Segment <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>For the</th> <th>year ende</th> <th>ed 31 De</th> <th>ecember</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						For the	year ende	ed 31 De	ecember				
ising 1000ising<		Po	wer	Commu	inication	Enamel	ed and	Fiber	optic				
2022202120222021202220212022202120222021202220212022202120		ca	ble	ca	ıble r	non-enam	neled wire	ca	ble	Ot	her		
Revenue         2,345         2,733         11         4         3,564         3,457         41         22         38         172         5,999         6,388           Segment profit (loss)         5         (292)         1         (1)         162         247         15         (13)         2         7         185         (62)           Unallocated income and expenses         5         (292)         1         (1)         162         247         15         (13)         2         7         185         (52)           Unallocated income and expenses         5         (292)         1         (1)         162         247         15         (13)         2         7         185         (52)           Unallocated income and expenses         5         5         5         5         5         24         10           Dividend income         5         5         5         5         5         5         20         72         72         72         72         72         72         72         72         72         72         73         73         73         73         73         73         73         73         75         74         75		segn	$nent^{ii}$	segr	ment	segm	ient <sup>2)</sup>	segr	nent	segr	nents	Conso	lidated
Sales2,3452,7331143,5643,4574122381725,9996,388Segment profit (loss)5(292)1(1)16224715(13)27185(52)Unallocated income and expensesCther incomeOther incomeOther incomeOther incomeSelling and contribution expensesUnallocated income and expensesSelling and contribution expensesUnallocated for loss on impairment of building.Income for loss on impairment of building.Income incomeProfit (loss) before income taxIncome foxProfit (loss) for the yearIncome foxIncome fox <th></th> <th>2022</th> <th>2021</th> <th>2022</th> <th>2021</th> <th>2022</th> <th>2021</th> <th>2022</th> <th>2021</th> <th>2022</th> <th>2021</th> <th>2022</th> <th>2021</th>		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Segment profit (loss)       5       (292)       1       (1)       162       247       15       (13)       2       7       185       (52)         Unallocated income and expenses       Other income       24       10 <td>Revenue</td> <td></td>	Revenue												
Unallocated income and expenses2410Other income2410Dividend income87Selling and contribution expenses(72)(72)Administrative expenses(182)(278)Loss on onerous contracts93(93)Allowance for loss on impairment of building.1(17)Finance income22Finance cost(30)(15)Share of profit from investment in associate3-Profit (loss) before income tax(5)87Income tax(5)87Profit (loss) for the year26(421)Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie(2)17	Sales	2,345	2,733	11	4	3,564	3,457	41	22	38	172	5,999	6,388
Other income2410Dividend income87Selling and contribution expenses(72)(72)Administrative expenses(182)(278)Loss on onerous contracts93(93)Allowance for loss on impairment of building,1(17)Finance income22Finance cost(30)(15)Share of profit from investment in associate3-Profit (oss) before income tax(5)87Income tax(5)87Profit (loss) for the year26(421)Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie(2)17	Segment profit (loss)	5	(292)	1	(1)	162	247	15	(13)	2	7	185	(52)
Dividend income87Selling and contribution expenses(72)(72)Administrative expenses(182)(278)Loss on onerous contracts93(93)Allowance for loss on impairment of building,1(17)Machinery and equipment-(17)Finance income22Finance cost(30)(15)Share of profit from investment in associate3-Profit (loss) before income tax(5)87Income tax(5)87Profit (loss) for the year26(421)Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie(2)17	Unallocated income and expense	S											
Selling and contribution expenses(72)(72)Administrative expenses(182)(278)Loss on onerous contracts93(93)Allowance for loss on impairment of building,(17)machinery and equipment-(17)Finance income22Finance cost(30)(15)Share of profit from investment in associate3-Profit (loss) before income tax31(508)Income tax(5)87Profit (loss) for the year26(421)Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie(2)17	Other income											24	10
Administrative expenses(182)(278)Loss on onerous contracts93(93)Allowance for loss on impairment of building,machinery and equipment-(17)Finance income22Finance cost(30)(15)Share of profit from investment in associate3-Profit (loss) before income tax31(508)Income tax(5)87Profit (loss) for the year26(421)Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie(2)17	Dividend income											8	7
Loss on onerous contracts         93         (93)           Allowance for loss on impairment of building,          (17)           machinery and equipment         -         (17)           Finance income         2         2           Finance cost         (30)         (15)           Share of profit from investment in associate         3         -           Profit (loss) before income tax         31         (508)           Income tax         (5)         87           Profit (loss) for the year         26         (421)           Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie         (2)         17	Selling and contribution expenses											(72)	(72)
Allowance for loss on impairment of building, machinery and equipment <t< td=""><td>Administrative expenses</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(182)</td><td>(278)</td></t<>	Administrative expenses											(182)	(278)
machinery and equipment         -         (17)           Finance income         2         2           Finance cost         (30)         (15)           Share of profit from investment in associate         3         -           Profit (loss) before income tax         31         (508)           Income tax         (5)         87           Profit (loss) for the year         26         (421)           Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie         (2)         17	Loss on onerous contracts											93	(93)
Finance income       2       2         Finance cost       (30)       (15)         Share of profit from investment in associate       3       -         Profit (loss) before income tax       31       (508)         Income tax       (5)       87         Profit (loss) for the year       26       (421)         Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie       (2)       17	Allowance for loss on impairment	of buildir	ng,										
Finance cost       (30)       (15)         Share of profit from investment in associate       3       -         Profit (loss) before income tax       31       (508)         Income tax       (5)       87         Profit (loss) for the year       26       (421)         Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie       (2)       17	machinery and equipment											-	(17)
Share of profit from investment in associate         3         -           Profit (loss) before income tax         31         (508)           Income tax         (5)         87           Profit (loss) for the year         26         (421)           Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie         (2)         17	Finance income											2	2
Profit (loss) before income tax         31         (508)           Income tax         (5)         87           Profit (loss) for the year         26         (421)           Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie         (2)         17	Finance cost											(30)	(15)
Income tax(5)87Profit (loss) for the year26(421)Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie(2)17	Share of profit from investment in	associate	Э									3	-
Profit (loss) for the year26(421)Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie(2)17	Profit (loss) before income tax											31	(508)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie (2) 17	Income tax											(5)	87
	Profit (loss) for the year											26	(421)
Profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company 24 (404)	Non-controlling interests of the sub	osidiarie										(2)	17
	Profit (loss) attributable to equity I	holders of	f the Co	mpany								24	(404)

1) Power cable segment consists of aluminum conductor power cable, copper conductor power cable and high-voltage power cable.

2) Enameled and non-enameled wire segment consists of enameled copper wire, enameled aluminum wire and non-enameled copper wire.

#### **Geographic information**

Revenue from external customers is based on locations of the customers.

	(Uni	t: Million Baht)
	2022	2021
Revenue from external customers		
Thailand	5,346	5,463
Vietnam	188	165
Hong Kong	143	323
Myanmar	140	68
Taiwan	-	170
China	-	17
Others	182	182
Total	5,999	6,388
Non-current assets		
(other than financial instruments, deferred tax assets)		
Thailand	1,306	1,352
China	17	18
Total	1,323	1,370

#### Major customers

For the year 2022, the Group has revenue from two major customer amounting to Baht 833 million arising from sales by enameled and non-enameled wire segment and amounting to Baht 718 million arising from sales by power cable segment (2021: Baht 735 million derived from one major customer, arising from sales by the power cable segment).

#### 24. Provident fund

The Group and their employees have jointly established a provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. The employees and the Group contribute to the fund monthly at the rate of 5 percent of basic salary. The fund of the Company, which is managed by Krungsri Asset Management Company Limited and the fund of a subsidiary, which is managed by Bualuang Asset Management Company Limited, will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. The contributions for the year 2022 amounting to approximately Baht 9 million (2021: Baht 9 million) were recognised as expenses (the Company only: Baht 7 million, 2021: Baht 7 million).

# 25. Dividends

	Approved by	Total dividends	Dividend per share
		(Thousand Baht)	(Baht)
Final dividends for 2020	Annual General Meeting of the		
	shareholders on 22 April 2021	179,057	0.45
Final dividends for 2021	Annual General Meeting of the		
	shareholders on 26 April 2022	39,788	0.10

# 26. Commitments and contingent liabilities

	Conso	lidated	Separate		
	financial s	statements	financial statements		
	31 De	cember	31 De	cember	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Capital commitments					
- Construction of factory building (Million Baht)	-	12	-	9	
- Acquisition of machinery and equipment (Million Bah	nt) 2	-	-	-	
- Acquisition of vehicle (Million Baht)	2	-	-	-	
Commitments to purchase raw material (Million US dollar)	) -	3	-	3	
Service commitments					
Payable within 1 year					
- Million Baht	7	8	5	5	
- Million Taiwan dollar	3	2	1	1	
Guarantee					
Letter of guarantee for bidding (Million Baht)	100	74	100	74	
Letter of guarantee for performance in accordance					
with the contracts (Million Baht)	363	370	361	368	
Letter of guarantee for utilities usage (Million Baht)	22	22	6	6	
Commitments to purchase raw material as					
per contracts					
Reference to the market price (Metric ton)	10,200 - 12,400	9,400 - 12,400	3,600	1,600 - 2,400	
Fixed price (Metric ton)	440	540	-	-	

# 27. Fair value hierarchy

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had the assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value using different levels of inputs as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements				
		as at 31 Dec	cember 2022		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets measured at fair value					
Financial assets measured at FVOCI					
Equity investments	-	100	-	100	
Derivatives					
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	1	-	1	
Assets for which fair value are disclosed					
Investment properties	-	365	-	365	

(Unit: Million Baht)

	C	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2021				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Assets measured at fair value						
Financial assets measured at FVOCI						
Equity investments	-	146	-	146		
Derivatives						
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	8	-	8		
Assets for which fair value are disclosed						
Investment properties	-	369	-	369		
			(Unit	t: Million Baht)		
		Separate finan	cial statements	5		
		as at 31 De	cember 2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Assets measured at fair value						
Financial assets measured at FVOCI						
Equity investments	-	53	-	53		
Derivatives						
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	1	-	1		
Assets for which fair value are disclosed						
Investment properties	-	352	-	352		
			(Unit	t: Million Baht)		
		Separate finan	cial statements	3		
		as at 31 De	cember 2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Assets measured at fair value						
Financial assets measured at FVOCI						
Equity investments	-	97	-	97		
Derivatives						
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	7	-	7		
Assets for which fair value are disclosed						
Investment properties	-	346	-	346		

#### 28. Financial instruments

#### 28.1 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments principally comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other accounts receivable, loans, investments, long-term loan from financial institution, trade and other accounts payable and trust receipts. The financial risks associated with these financial instruments and how they are managed are described below.

#### Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk primarily with respect to trade and other accounts receivable, loans, deposits with banks and financial institution. The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amounts as stated in the statement of financial position.

#### Trade and other receivables

The Group manages the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses. Outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date to measure expected credit losses. The allowance rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar credit risks.

#### Cash

The credit risk on debt instruments is limited because the Group has a policy to consider and approve credit limits assigned to each counterparty by the Group's Board of directors.

The counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

#### Market risk

There are two types of market risk comprising currency risk and interest rate risk.

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the foreign currency risk relates primarily to its trading transactions that are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group seeks to reduce this risk by has entered into forward exchange contracts when it considers appropriate. Generally, the forward contracts mature within one year.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the balances of financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were summarised below.

Consolidated financial statements

	Foreign currency	Financial assets		Financial liabilities		Average exchange rate	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
		(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Baht per 1 forei	gn currency unit)
US dolla	ar	3	4	15	54	34.5624	33.4199

		5	Separate finan					
	Foreign currency	Financia	al assets	Financial	liabilities	Average exchange rate		
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Baht per 1 forei	gn currency unit)	
US dolla	ar	-	3	10	36	34.5624	33.4199	

In addition, the Group's exposures to foreign currency risk arise from investments in an overseas subsidiary. The management of the Group intends to hold such investments for the long term, and has no plans to dispose it in the future.

The Group has evaluated that the changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies as at 31 December 2022 do not have any significant impact on the Group's profit before tax.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its cash at banks, trust receipts and long-term loan from financial institution. Most of the Group's financial assets and liabilities bear floating interest rates or fixed interest rates which are close to the market rate.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, significant financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rate were summarised in the below tables, with those financial assets and liabilities that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

(Unit: Million Baht)

C	Consolidated fir	nancial stater	nents as at 31 D	ecember 2	022
Fixed inte	erest rates	Floating			
Within 1 year	Over	interest	Non-interest	Total	Effective
	5 years	rate	bearing		interest rate
					(% p.a.)
-	-	953	7	960	0.1 - 0.4
-	-	-	1,358	1,358	-
-	-	-	1	1	-
-	47	-	100	147	0.2 - 0.6
-	47	953	1,466	2,466	_
					_
1,134	-	-	-	1,134	1.6 - 2.2
-	-	-	391	391	-
-	-	313	-	313	Note 17
1,134	-	313	391	1,838	
	Fixed into Within 1 year - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fixed interest rates           Within         Over           1 year         5 years           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         47           1,134         -           -         -           -         -	Fixed interest ratesFloating interestWithinOverinterest1 year5 yearsrate95347479531,134313	Fixed interest rates         Floating           Within         Over         interest         Non-Interest           1 year         5 years         rate         bearing           -         -         953         7           -         -         953         7           -         -         1,358           -         -         1           -         47         -         100           -         47         953         1,466           1,134         -         -         391           -         -         313         -	Within         Over         Interest         Non-Interest         Total           1 year         5 years         rate         bearing         -           -         -         953         7         960           -         -         953         1,358         1,358           -         -         -         1,358         1,358           -         -         -         1         1           -         47         -         100         147           -         47         953         1,466         2,466           1,134         -         -         391         391           -         -         313         -         313

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2021									
		erest rates	Floating							
	Fixed intere Within 1 year - - - - - -	Over	interest	Non-interest	Total	Effective				
	1 year	5 years	rate	bearing		interest rate				
						(% p.a.)				
Financial assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	992	4	996	0.1 - 0.4				
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	1,698	1,698	-				
Other current financial assets	-	-	-	8	8	-				
Other non-current financial assets	-	57	-	146	203	0.2 - 1.0				
	-	57	992	1,856	2,905					
Financial liabilities										
Trust receipts	1,649	-	-	-	1,649	0.7 - 3.3				
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	386	386	-				
	1,649	-	-	386	2,035					

#### (Unit: Million Baht)

	Se	parate financial s	tatements as at 3	December 2	2022
	Fixed				
	interest rates	Floating	Non-interest	Total	Effective
	Within 1 year	interest rate	bearing		interest rate
					(% p.a.)
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	587	2	589	0.1 - 0.4
Trade and other receivables	-	-	600	600	-
Other current financial assets	-	-	1	1	-
Other non-current financial assets	-	-	53	53	-
	-	587	656	1,243	
Financial liabilities					
Trust receipts	756	-	-	756	1.6 - 2.2
Trade and other payables	-	-	147	147	-
Long-term loan from financial institution	-	313	-	313	Note 17
	756	313	147	1,216	_

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2021									
	Fixed									
	interest rates	Floating	Non-interest	Total	Effective					
	Within 1 year	interest rate	bearing		interest rate					
					(% p.a.)					
Financial assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	-	637	(1)	636	0.1 - 0.3					
Trade and other receivables	-	-	900	900	-					
Other current financial assets	-	-	7	7	-					
Other non-current financial assets	-	-	97	97	-					
	-	637	1,003	1,640	_					
Financial liabilities					_					
Trust receipts	1,141	-	-	1,141	0.7 - 3.3					
Trade and other payables	-	-	186	186	-					
	1,141	-	186	1,327	_					

The Group has evaluated that the changes in interest rates on that portion of floating rate loans from affected as at 31 December 2022 do not have any significant impact on the Group's profit before tax.

#### Liquidity risk

The Group has assessed its liquidity risk as low. Since the Group can access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding.

#### 28.2 Fair values of financial instruments

Since the majority of the Company's financial instruments are short-term in nature or carrying interest at rates close to the market interest rates, their fair value is not expected to be materially different from the amounts presented in the statement of financial position.

The methods and assumptions used by the Group estimating the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

a) For financial assets and liabilities which have short-term maturities, including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other accounts receivable, trade and other account payable and trust receipts, the carrying amounts in the statement of financial position approximate their fair value.

b) The fair value of equity securities is generally derived from quoted market prices, or based on generally accepted pricing models when no market price is available.

c) The carrying amounts of long-term loan carrying interest at rates approximating the market rate, in the statement of financial position approximates their fair value.

d) The fair value of derivatives has been determined using a discounted future cash flow model and a valuation model technique. Most of the inputs used for the valuation are observable in the relevant market, such as spot rates of foreign currencies, yield curves of the respective currencies, interest rate yield curves and commodity price yield curves. The Group considers to counterparty credit risk when determining the fair value of derivatives.

During the current year, there were no transfers within the fair value hierarchy.

#### 29. Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it has an appropriate capital structure in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value. As at 31 December 2022, the Group's debt-to-equity ratio was 0.56:1 (2021: 0.64:1) and the Company's was 0.43:1 (2021: 0.49:1).

#### 30. Events after the reporting period

On 21 February 2023, the Company's Board of Directors meeting passed resolutions to approve a dividend payment of Baht 0.05 per share, totaling of Baht 19.9 million from retained earnings of the Company. The Company will propose the Company's Shareholder Annual General Meeting to approve the dividend payment within the second quarter of 2023.

#### **31.** Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the authorised director of the Company on 21 February 2023.

# Attachments

# Profiles of Directors, Executives, Head of Finance and Accounting, Accounting Supervisor and Company Secretary

Name-Surname/	Age	Educations/	% Holding	Family Relation		5 Years' Work	Experiences
Position	(Years)	Certifications		Between Manament	Period	Position	Company
MR. CHAI SOPHONPANICH	79	- B.A. (Business Administration) Colorado	1.16	-	2018 - Present	Chairman	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.
		University, USA			2018 - Present	Chairman	Bangkok Insurance Plc.
Chairman		- Training courses from Th	ai		1976 - 2009	President	Bangkok Insurance Plc.
		Institute of Directors			2018 - Present	Chairman	Bumrungrat Hospital Plc.
		(DCP 16/2002			2018 - Present	Chairman	Fine Metal Technologies Plc.
		and Chairman 10/2004)			1989 - Present	Vice-Chairman	Thai Metal Processing Co., Ltc
		- Diploma, The National					
		Defence Course for the					
		Joint State-Private Secto	rs				
		- Advanced Managemen	t				
		Program, The Wharton					
		School, 1984					
MR. PREMCHAI	69	- MBA, University of	0.00	Younger brother	2009 - Present	Vice - Chairman	Charoong Thai Wire and
KARNASUTA		Southern California, USA		of Mrs. Nijaporn			Cable Plc.
				Charanachitta,	1985 - Present	President	Italian Thai Development Plc.
/ice - Chairman				who is CTW's	1979 - Present	President	Bangkok Steel Wire Co.,Ltd.
				Director.	1997 - 2021	Director	Siam Fiber Optics Co., Ltd.
					Present	Director	Siam Steel Syndicate Plc.
					Present	Director	Siam Machinery & Equipment
							Co., Ltd.
					Present	Director	Thai Pride Cement Co., Ltd.
					Present	Director	Myanmar ITD Co., Ltd.
MR. SUN TAO-HENG	∋ 69	- MBA, University of	1.91	-	1994 - Present	Managing Director	Charoong Thai Wire and
		Southern California, USA			100/ Dresent		Cable Plc.
Managing Director		- Training courses from			1996 - Present	Managing Director	CTW-Beta Co., Ltd.
Authorized direct	IOF)	Thai Institute of Directors	i		1997 - Present	Chairman	Siam Fiber Optics Co., Ltd.
		(DAP 73/2008)			2003 - Present	Director	Pacific Electric Wire &
					0007 Due 1	Oh ailma an	Cable Co., Ltd.
					2007 - Present	Chairman	Siam Pacific Electric Wire &
					1005 5	Discotory	Cable Co., Ltd.
					1995 - Present	Director	Thai Metal Processing Co., Ltd
					1996 - Present	Director	Asia Pacific Wire & Cable
							Corp. Ltd.
					2012 - Present	Director	Double D Cable Co., Ltd.
					2020 - Present	Director	Siam Pacific Holding Co., Ltd.

Name-Surname/	Age	Educations/ 9	% Holding	Family Relation	5 Years' Work Experiences				
Position	(Years)	Certifications		Between Manament	Period	Position	Company		
MR. PORNWUT SARASIN	63	- MBA, Pepperdine University USA	0.01	-	1986 - Present	Independent Director	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.		
		- Training courses from			2001 - Present	Chairman of	Charoong Thai Wire and		
Indepeandent Direc	tor	Thai Institute of Directors				Audit Committee	Cable Plc.		
and Chairman of		(DAP 45/2005)			2013 - Present	Chairman	Thai Pure Drinks Co.,Ltd.		
Audit Committee					2017 - Present	Chairman	BG Container Glass Plc.		
					Present	Director	Crown Seal Plc.		
					Present	Director	Home Product Center Plc.		
					Present	Director	AP (Thailand) Plc.		
MR. KASEM	91	- B.A. (Engineering),	0.006	-	1995 - Present	Director	Charoong Thai Wire and		
KULARBKEO		Chulalongkorn University					Cable Plc.		
		- Training courses from Tha			1992 - Present	Advisor	Charoong Thai Wire and		
Director and		Institute of Directors					Cable Plc.		
Member of the		(DAP 35/2005, RCC 2/200	7		2006 - Present	Member of the	Charoong Thai Wire		
Nomination and		and DCP 126/2009)				Nomination and	and Cable Plc.		
Compensation		- Diploma, National				Compensation			
Committee		Defence College				Committee			
(Authorized director	)	(Class 29)			1992 - Present	Senior Advisor	TASA Industrial Co., Ltd.		
MR. STEVEN	66	- B.A.(Textile Engineering),	-	-	2009 - Present	Independent	Charoong Thai Wire and		
SUEY KU		St. John's University				Director and	Cable Plc.		
		, Taiwan R.O.C.				Member of			
Independent Direct	or					Audit Committee			
and Member of					2002 - Present	President	Lay Grand International		
Audit Committee							Co., Ltd.		
					2002 - Present	President	Suzhou King Packing Materials		
							Co., Ltd.		
					2011 - Present	President	Smartco International Co., Ltd		
MR. CHENG	64	- B.S. (Finance),	0.05	-	Present	Director	Charoong Thai Wire		
CHEN-YOU		University of Southern					and Cable Plc.		
		California, USA			2015 - 2021	Vice-President	Pacific Electric Wire		
Director							& Cable Co., Ltd.		
					2007 - Present	Director	Siam Pacific Electric Wire		
							& Cable Co., Ltd.		
MR.SAI WAH	63	- MBA, Finance Major,	-	-	2009 - Present	Independent	Charoong Thai Wire and		
SIMON SUEN		University of Hawaii,				Director, Audit	Cable Plc.		
		USA				Committee Member			
Independent Directe	or,					and Chairman of			
Member of						Nomination and			
Audit Committee						the Compensation			
and Chairman of th	ne					Committee			
Nomination and					2018 - Present	Independent	Italian Thai Development Plc.		
Compensation						Director and			
Committee						Audit Committee			
						Member			

Name-Surname/	Age	Educations/	% Holding	Family Relation		5 Years' Work E	xperiences
Position	(Years)	Certifications		Between Manament	Period	Position	Company
MR. LEE MICHAEL Chao - Chun	73	- B.A. (Business, Administration)	0.07	-	Present	Director	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.
		Boston University,			2007 - Present	Director	Siam Pacific Electric Wire
Director		USA			Present	Chairman and President	DING-HAO Acme Co., Ltd.
MRS. NIJAPORN	71	- MBA, University of	0.00	Elder sister of	2002 - Present	Director	Charoong Thai Wire and
CHARANACHITTA		Wisconsin (Medison),		Mr. Premchai			Cable Plc.
		USA		Karnasuta,	2006 - Present	Member of the	Charoong Thai Wire and
Director and		- Training courses from		who is CTW's		Nomination and	Cable Plc.
Nember of the		Thai Institute of Directors		Vice - Chairman		Compensation	
Nomination		(IOD) (DCP 56/2005)				Committee	
and Compensation Committee				1994 - Present		Senior Executive Vice President	Italian Thai Development Plc
					Present	Chairman	OHTL PIC.
					Present	Chairman	Siam Steel Syndicate Plc.
					Present	Director	Italthai Industrial Co., Ltd.
					Present	Director	TTCL Plc.
					Present	Director	Bangkok Steel Wire Co.,Ltd.
					Present	Director	Siam Concrete and Brick
							Product Co., Ltd.
MR. SURACHAI	81	- Bachelor of Laws,	-	-	2010 - Present	Independent	Charoong Thai Wire and
SIRIVALLOP		Thammasat University				Director	Cable Plc.
		- International Law,			2007 - Present	Director and	OHTL PIC.
Independent Directo	or	Albert Ludwig				Audit Committee	
		University of Freiburg, Germany			2011 - 2021	Chairman	Thai Re Actuarial Consulting Co., Ltd.
		- Training courses from			2006 - 2021	Chairman	ThaiRe Services Co., Ltd.
		Thai Institute of Directors			2001 - 2021	Chairman	EMCS Thai Co., Ltd.
		(IOD) (DCP 18/2002)			2018 - 2020	Vice - Chairman	Thai Reinsurance Plc.
					2017 - 2020	Member of the	Thai Reinsurance Plc.
						Nomination and	
						Compensation	
						Committee	
					2016 - 2020	Member of	Thai Reinsurance Plc.
						Investment	
						Committee	
					2016 - 2017	Vice - Chairman,	Thai Reinsurance Plc.
						CEO and	
						Investment	
						Committee Member	
					2012 - 2016	Director,	Thaire Life Assurance Plc.
						Executive Chairman	
						and Chairman of	
						Risk Management	
						Committee	

Name-Surname/	Age	Educations/	% Holding	Family Relation	5 Years' Work Experiences					
Position	(Years)	Certifications		Between Manament	Period	Position	Company			
MRS. SUNUNTHA PHAENGSOOK	81	- Mini MBA, Thammasat University	0.01	-	2000 - Present	Director	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.			
		- Training courses from			2018 - Present	Deputy Managing	Charoong Thai Wire and			
Director and		Directors (IOD) (DCP 4/	(2000)			Director, Finance	Cable Plc.			
Deputy Managing		- TLCA CFO Professional			1994 - 2017	Asst. Managing	Charoong Thai Wire and			
Director, Finance		Development Program				Director, Finance	Cable Plc.			
(Authorized directo	r)	Course:			1996 - Present	Director	CTW-Beta Co., Ltd.			
(The person assigne	əd	- Improving Financial			2011 - Present	Director	Siam Pacific Holding Co.,Ltd			
to the highest resp	onsibility				2012- Present	Director	Double D Cable Co., Ltd.			
in Finance and		Quality of Thai Listed								
Accounting)		Companies								
		- Economic Update for								
		CFO								
		- PDPA for Accounting								
		and Finance								
		- Restructuring Business								
		for Growth								
		- The Role of CFO towar	rd the							
		Corporate Sustainability								
MR. TANASIT	67	- M.S. (Plant), California	0.007	-	2018 - Present	Deputy	Charoong Thai Wire and			
AUNGKASIT		State University, USA				Managing Director,	Cable Plc.			
						Sales and				
Deputy Managing						Marketing				
Director, Sales					1994 - 2017	Asst. Managing	Charoong Thai Wire and			
and Marketing						Director,	Cable Plc.			
						Sales and				
						Marketing				
					1996 - Present	Director	CTW-Beta Co.,Ltd.			
					2000 - Present	Director	Siam Fiber Optics Co., Ltd.			
					2012- Present	Director	Double D Cable Co., Ltd.			

Name-Surname/	Age	Educations/	% Holding	Family Relation		5 Years' Work E	xperiences
Position	(Years)	Certifications		Between Manament	Period	Position	Company
MR. SUVIT VEERAPONG	71	- M.S. ( Engineering), King Mongkut's Institute of	0.01	-	2018 - Present	Deputy Managing Director, Production and	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.
Deputy Managing Director, Productior and Engineering	1	Technology (North Bangkok)			1994 - 2017	Engineering Asst. Managing Director, Production and Engineering	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.
					1996 - Present 2012 - Present	Director Director	CTW-Beta Co.,Ltd. Double D Cable Co., Ltd.
MR. SATHIT TABPECH Deputy Managing	67	<ul> <li>MBA, The University of the Thai Chamber of Commerce</li> <li>Training courses from</li> </ul>	0.002	-	2018 - Present 1994 - 2017	Deputy Managing Director, Quality Assurance Asst. Managing	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc. Charoong Thai Wire and
Director, Quality Assurance		Thai Institute of Directors (IOD) (DCP 149/2011)			1774 2017	Director, Quality Assurance	Cable Plc.
Quality Assurance					1996 - Present 1997 - Present	Director Director and General Manager	CTW-Beta Co.,Ltd. Siam Fiber Optics Co., Ltd.
					2013 - Present	Director	Double D Cable Co., Ltd.
MR. CHANG HSIAO-CHUN	62	- B.A. (Accounting), Fujin University, Taiwan R.O.C.	0.02	-	2020 - Present	Deputy Managing Director, MD Office (1)	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.
Deputy Managing Director, MD Office (1)					2006 - 2020	Asst. Managing Director, MD Office	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.
					1996 - Present 2011 - Present	Director Director	CTW-Beta Co.,Ltd. Siam Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd.
					2012 - Present 2020 - Present	Director Director	Double D Cable Co., Ltd. Siam Pacific Holding Co., Ltd
MR. CHIU SHIH-HAO	57	- B.A. (Business Administrat Fu Jen Catholic Universit Taiwan R.O.C.		-	Present	Deputy Managing Director, MD Office (2)	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.
Deputy Managing Director, MD Office (2)					2015 - 2022	Managing Director	Sigma Cable Company Pte. Ltd.

Name-Surname/	Age	Educations/	% Holding	Family Relation	5 Years' Work Experiences						
Position	(Years)	Certifications		Between Manament	Pe	əriod	Position	Company			
mrs. Apanut Wongjarit	66	<ul> <li>B.A. (Accounting),</li> <li>Krirk University</li> <li>Training course from</li> </ul>	-	-	2021 -	- Present	Asst. Managing Director, Accounting	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.			
Asst. Managing Director, Accountir (The person assign to the direct responsibility of supervising accour preparation and be a professional accountant charge with accounting d with qualification of conditions prescrib by the Notification of the Department of Business Develop	ed Iting ed uties and ed	Federation of Account Professions Course "Hedge Accounting and Examples for Understanding, 7 h and "Examination of Accounting-Financial T to Prevent and Mana in the Organization, 6	ours" ransactions ge Fraud		2005 ·	- Present	Accounting Manager	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.			
MISS KANJANA ANEKWASINCHAI	54	- MBA, Srinakharinwirot University	-	-		- Present		Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.			
Company Secretai	У	<ul> <li>Training courses from Thai Listed Companies Association (Fundamer</li> </ul>			2018 ·	- Present	Manager, Corporate Services and General Affairs	e Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.			
		Practice for Corporate Secretary - FPCS19)	ł		2005 ·	- Present	Head of Internal Audit Section	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc.			

#### Duties and responsibilities of Company Secretary

- To arrange the Board of Directors' meetings and shareholders' meetings according to laws and the Company's Articles of Association.
- 2. To prepare and keep important documents of the Company such as a register of directors, invitation letter to meeting, minutes of Board of Directors' meetings, minutes of shareholders' meetings, annual report, report on interest of director and executive etc.
- 3. To provide advice in respect of laws, the Company's Articles of Association, regulations, rules to directors.
- 4. To perform duties with accountability, due care and honesty according to laws and rules.
- 5. To perform other duties as assigned by the Company.

# Details of the Management who acts as management in its Subsidiary, Associated and Related Companies

Name of the Management	Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Plc	CTW Beta	SFO	SPEWC	DDC	SAP	PEWC	APWC	ITD	TMP	Loxpac HK
Mr. Chai Sophonpanich	Chairman									/	
Mr. Premchai Karnasuta	Vice - Chairman								//		
Mr. Sun Tao-Heng	Managing Director	//	Х	Х	//	/	/	/		/	
Mr. Pornwut Sarasin	Chairman of Audit Committee and										
	Independent Director										
Mr. Kasem Kularbkeo	Director and Member of the Nomination	٦									
	and Compensation Committee										
Mr. Steven Suey Ku	Audit Committee Member and										
	Independent director										
Mr. Cheng Chen-You	Director			/							
MR. Lee Michael Chao-Chun	Director			/							
Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	Chairman of the Nomination and								/		
	Compensation Committee,										
	Audit Committee Member										
	and Independent Director										
Mrs. Nijaporn Charanachitta	Director and Member of the Nomination	٦							//		
	and Compensation Committee										
Mr. Surachai Sirivallop	Independent Director										
Mrs. Sununtha Phaengsook	Director and Deputy	//			//						
	Managing Director, Finance										
Mr. Tanasit Aungkasit	Deputy Managing Director,	/	//		/						
	Sales and Marketing										
Mr. Sathit Tabpech	Deputy Managing Director,	/	//		/						
	Quality Assurance										
Mr. Suvit Veerapong	Deputy Managing Director,	/			//						
	Production and Engineering										
Mr. Chang Hsiao-Chun	Deputy Managing Director,	//		/	/						
	MD Office (1)										
Mrs. Apanut Wongjarit	Asst. Managing Director, Accounting										

Remarks : X = Chairman / = Director // = Executive Director

# List of Directors of its Subsidiary Companies.

Name of Directors	Name of Subsidiary Companies						
	CTW-Beta	SFO	SPEWC	SAP	DDC		
Mr Sun Tao-Heng	//	Х	Х	/	//		
Mr. Lee Michael Chao-Chun			//				
Mr. Yuan Chun-Tang			/	/			
Mr. Cheng Chow-Chuan			/				
Mrs. Sununtha Phaengsook	//				//		
Mr. Tanasit Aungkasit	/	//			/		
Mr. Sathit Tabpech	/	//			/		
Mr. Suvit Veerapong	/				//		
Mr. Chang Hsiao-Chun	//		//		/		
Mr. Chen Cheng Nan			//				
Mr. Bandhit Tanchavalit			//				
Mr. Chartchai Chutima			/				
Mr. Chu, Ying - Shyang			/				
Mr. Gong Wei			//				
Mr. Wu, Kuo Chi				/			
Mr. Hsia Fan Te				/			
Mr. Su, Hong Ming				/			
Mr. Han, Gui Cheng				/			

Remarks : X = Chairman / = Director // = Executive Director

# Details of Head of Internal Audit and Head of Compliance

#### Head of Internal Audit

The Company's Audit Committee resolved to appoint Miss Kanjana Anekwasinchai as the Head of Internal Audit Section since December 8, 2005, with the following profile:

Education	:	MBA, Srinakharinwirot University
		B.A. (Accounting), The University of the Thai Chamber of Commerce
		B.A. (Financial and Banking), Ramkhamhaeng University
Related training courses	:	- Training courses of Internal Audit Practice from P & D Training Center
		- Training courses of Finance for Management from Faculty of
		Commerce and Accountancy, Chulalongkorn University
Age	:	54 years
Work experiences in the company	:	

Period	Position		
2018 - Present	Manager, Corporate Services		
2008 - Present	Company Secretary		
2005 - Present	Head of Internal Audit Section		

#### Duties and Responsibilities of the Head of Internal Audit

- 1. To review and report the creditability and completeness of the financial report.
- 2. To review the company internal control system to ensure that it must comply with the policy, work plans, regulations, as well as relevant laws.
- 3. To review the suitability of recording and controlling, keeping property and testing that the property exists.
- 4. To assess the use of resources to be efficient and cost-effective.
- 5. To evaluate the performance in various fields that it effectively complies with the duties and responsibilities as assigned.

#### Head of the Company's Operations Supervision

- None -

# Assets Used in Business Operation and Property Appraisal

Details appear in Section 1.2 Nature of Business, Clause (4) Assets Used in Business Operations. Page 11-12

## Details of the appraisal of the Company's assets

In 2022, the Company re-appraised the value of non-operating land. The details are as follows.

Proterty	:	Vacant land
		1. Suksawat Road, Bang Chak Sub-District, Phra Pradaeng District, Samutprakarn Province
		Total Areas : 13-3-46 Rai or 5,546 Sq.wah
		Appraised property value : 338,306,000 Baht
Assessors	:	Mr. Surapong Treesukol, VAT&TVA Qualified Senior Valuer No.034
		Agency for Real Estate Affairs Company Limited
		2. Soi Unnamed, Wat Nam Daeng-Klong Prawet Buri Rom Road (No. 3014),
		Khlong Udom Chonlachon, Mueang Chachoengsao, Chachoengsao Province
		Total Areas : 4-0-67 Rai or 1,667 Sq.wah
		Appraised property value : 13,336,000 Baht
Assessors	:	Mr. Ekkachai Plianpoe, VAT&TVA Qualified Senior Valuer No.132
		Agency for Real Estate Affairs Company Limited
Purpose of Valuation	n :	For public purposes and property records.
Valuation Approch	:	Market Approach
Date of Valuation		26 December 2022

# Corporate Governance Policy and Guidelines, and the Code of Conduct

Details appear under Section 6. "Corporate Governance Policy". (page 31)

# Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited Report from the Audit Committee

#### Dear Shareholders:

The Audit Committee of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited consists of three independent directors as follows:

- 1. Mr. Pornwut Sarasin Chairman of the Audit Committee
- 2. Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen Member of the Audit Committee
- 3. Mr. Steven Suey Ku Member of the Audit Committee

In the year 2022, the Company's Audit Committee totally held four regular meetings and report to the Board of Directors every quarter. The attendance of the Audit Committee members is summarized as follows:

Name of the Audit Committee	Meeting Attendance/Total Meeting(Times)		
1. Mr. Pornwut Sarasin	4/4		
2. Mr. Sai Wah Simon Suen	4/4		
3. Mr. Steven Suey Ku	4/4		

The followings are summary of the Audit Committee's duties during the year 2022:

- Meetings with both external auditor and internal auditor to consider matters and to assess any occur issues if relate to the Company internal control system to ensure its adequate and appropriate.
- To review the Company quarterly financial statements and year-end financial statements for 2022 as well as all related documents and validate it is correct, sufficient, creditable and in accordance with general accounting standards. In addition, the Audit Committee considered the suggestion to improve the accounting guidelines to be in line with the new and revised accounting standards.
- To review all related party transactions between the Company and its related companies to assure that there are no transactions may lead to conflicts of interest.
- To review and to ensure that the Company complies with the Securities and Exchange Act, regulations, notification and all relevant laws with the Company's business operation.
- To pay attention on concerned issues or information (if any) that may relate or effect to the Company's financial statements.
- To monitor the operation results of internal audit section.

During the year 2022, the certified public accountant from EY Office Limited performed properly and efficiently. Therefore, the Audit Committee considers and proposes EY Office Limited and its audit fee proposal for the year 2023 for the Company and subsidiaries totaling Baht 4.98 million, then send their recommendation to the Board for consideration and such proposal will be proposed to the 2023 Annual General Meeting for further approval.

For and on behalf of the Audit Committee of Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited

Paral Samasi

(Mr. Pornwut Sarasin) Chairman of the Audit Committee February 21, 2023

#### Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company limited

Head Office : 589/71 floor 12A, Central City Tower, Debaratana Road, North Bangna Sub-district, Bangna District, Bangkok 10260, Thailand Telephone : 02 745 6118-30 Fax : 02 745 6131-32 Factory : 35/1 Moo 22 Suwinthawong Road, Saladang Sub-district, Bang Nam Priao District, Chachoengsao 24000 Telephone : 038 593 401-10 Fax : 038 593 400 website : www.ctw.co.th e-mail : sales@ctw.co.th



# Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Public Company Limited

"The investors can study more information about Charoong Thai Wire and Cable Pic. from Annual Information Disclosure Form (Form 56-1 One Report) on www.sec.or.th or the Company's website www.ctw.co.th"